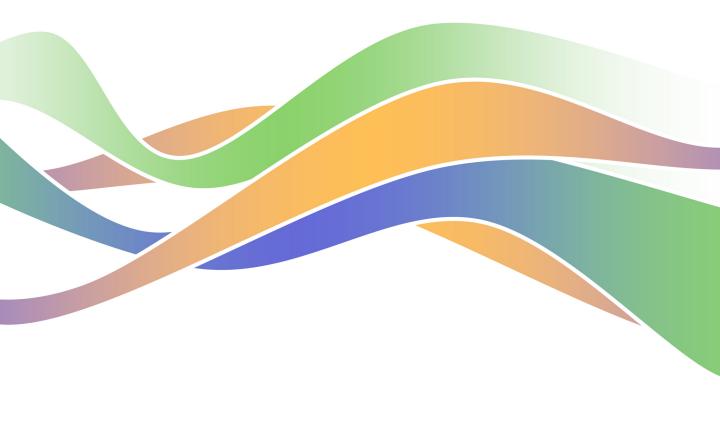
2011 Community Assessment

Health & Quality of Life in San Mateo County



Summer 2011

We are pleased to deliver the sixth Community Assessment of the San Mateo County

Community (full report and all previous reports available at www.smhealth.org/hpp or

http://www.plsinfo.org/healthysmc). The main objective of this report is to gain insight into current conditions and trends of various health indicators and to identify areas for improvement. The data provides a lens through which the overall health and well being of county residents can be assessed. It is our hope that the findings of this report will serve as a planning tool for key stakeholders to make data-driven policy recommendations that can efficiently and effectively meet the needs of county residents as well as inspire new programs that focus on the most critical health care needs of our diverse population.

The assessment affirms that San Mateo County compares favorably to our state and the nation on many health and quality of life measures. For a majority of San Mateo County residents, our community is viewed as a wonderful place to live, work, raise a family and lead a healthy life.

However, the report shows that certain segments of the population in San Mateo County still do not experience good health and high quality of life. It also shows that some less than optimal health and quality of life issues are more prevalent here than in other parts of the state and country. We hope that this report can be used by the community to build on its strengths and focus on ongoing efforts on the key health problems experienced by people living here.

While many of the health issues presented here are complex and interrelated and require changes in public policy, the environment and the health care system, there are many things that an individual can do to be healthier. We strongly encourage every resident to take at least these steps towards a healthier future:

- Eat at least five servings of fruits and vegetables per day
- Exercise at least 20-30 minutes on most days of the week
- Don't smoke
- Maintain a proper weight
- If you drink alcohol, drink in moderation, no more than 1-2 drinks per day

Sincerely,

The Healthy Community Collaborative of San Mateo County

Healthy Community Collaborative Members 2011

Beauregard, Sharon Keating

Director, Community Partnerships Stanford Hospital & Clinics

Fama, Cheryl

Executive Director
Peninsula Health Care District

Harven, William

Management Analyst III Human Service Agency

Kamman, Jan

Manager, Community Outreach Seton Medical Center

Kemist, JoAnn, MS

Senior Executive, Community/Mission/Support *Sequoia Hospital*

Michelson, Lee

Executive Director Sequoia Healthcare District

Lui, Daisy

Health Educator

Health Plan of San Mateo

Mayer, Sara T (ST)

Director of Health Policy & Planning San Mateo County Health Department

Michelin, Pat

Program Manager
Peninsula Library System
Community Information Program

Morrow, M.D., Scott, Co-Chair

Health Officer and Agency Medical Director San Mateo County Health Services

O'Clair, Margie

Vice President, Planning & Marketing *Mills-Peninsula Health Services*

Pugh, Karen

Public Information Officer San Mateo Medical Center

Roney, Candace

Executive Director, Community Services *Lucile Packard Children's Hospital*

Serafin-Dickson, Francine

Executive Director

Hospital Consortium of San Mateo County

Styles, Douglas

DeSimone, Kim

Youth & Family Enrichment Services/StarVista

Violet, Marie, Co-Chair

Director, Health & Wellness Services *Sequoia Hospital*

Wahl, Stephan

Public Affairs/Community & Government Relations Specialist

Kaiser Foundation Hospital/Health Plan

SCOPE OF THIS ASSESSMENT

The Healthy Community Collaborative of San Mateo County is a group of San Mateo County organizations interested in the community's health. The Healthy Community Collaborative (HCC) was formulated in 1995 of hospitals and health related organizations in San Mateo County to focus and address community health needs of the county residents. The HCC oversees the triennial Community Needs Assessment: Health & Quality of Life in San Mateo County. The HCC and individual hospitals utilize the Community Needs Assessment to identify opportunities to be addressed through programs or policy. These initiatives and programs are developed to address community health and service efforts which will benefit and improve the health of local residents. In addition, the Hospital Consortium of San Mateo County, which includes the leadership of the hospitals and local Health Department, provides direction to HCC regarding countywide priority health initiatives.

As in 1995, 1998, 2001, 2004 and 2008, the Collaborative continues to actively determine the indicators to be studied and conducts a community needs assessment of San Mateo County. This study is part of a larger and longitudinal study, encompassing many years worth of data and trends, and should be viewed in that context. Note that, for the purposes of this assessment, "community health" is not limited to traditional health measures. This definition includes indicators relating to the quality of life (e.g., affordable housing, child care, education and employment), environmental and social factors that influence health, as well as the physical health of the county's residents. This reflects the Collaborative's view that community health is affected by many factors and cannot be adequately understood without consideration of trends outside the realm of health care.

The 2011 Community Assessment: Health & Quality of Life in San Mateo County is designed to serve as a tool for guiding policy and planning efforts, and the information provided here should be used to formulate strategies to improve our quality of life. For participating not-for-profit hospitals, this assessment will also serve to assist in developing Community Benefit Plans pursuant to Legislative Bill 697. This report is also designed to assist facilities in meeting the new federal requirements under Health Care Reform, also known as the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA). In conducting this assessment, the goals of the Healthy Community Collaborative are twofold:

- To produce a functional, comprehensive community needs assessment that can be used for strategic planning of community programs and as a guideline for policy and advocacy efforts; and
- To promote collaborative efforts in the community and develop collaborative projects based on the data, community input, and group consensus.

Key Findings

- San Mateo County is among the most culturally and ethnically diverse counties. Asian and Hispanic residents, along with seniors, are expected to continue to become increasingly greater proportions of the population. We are not adequately prepared for this enormous demographic shift.
- There are two San Mateo Counties: one for the economic "haves" and one for the economic "have nots." The gap between these two is growing.
- The actual causes of premature death are rooted in behavior, and it is estimated that as many as 50% of premature deaths are due to health risk behaviors such as tobacco use, poor diet, a lack of exercise, alcohol use, etc. Despite this, the vast majority of our community does not exhibit the most basic healthy behaviors.
- Individual health behaviors are deeply influenced by public policy and place (i.e., neighborhood conditions) to a far greater degree than we recognize. The health of San Mateo County can be improved through a greater focus by all organizations on public policy changes and place-based strategies.
- Quality health care services in the county are, for the most part, not a problem. Access and affordability are a significant problem. The lack of a comprehensive healthcare "system" is a failing, unsustainable model.
- More than one out of four San Mateo County adults believe access to mental health, substance abuse, and dental services in the county are "fair" or "poor."
- The Internet is likely to replace physicians in the near future as the place where most people get most of their healthcare information.
- The proportion of births with adequate prenatal care has risen steadily among Black and Hispanic women, lessening the racial health disparities that have persisted in prenatal care.
- The rise in C-section rates is a disturbing trend.
- Our children are not doing much better than adults in exhibiting healthy behaviors. This will severely impact their future health.
- Adolescents engage in a variety of risky behaviors such as alcohol and drug use, tobacco use, violence, and sexual behavior. It is important to encourage in our children and adolescents those assets which will deter harmful behaviors and promote healthy development.

- Key adolescent assets where additional effort should be placed are: 1) increasing the amount of sustained caring and supportive adult/youth relationships; and 2) increasing meaningful participation of youth in community activities.
- The proportion of adults aged 60 and older is expected to roughly double over the next four decades, and Hispanics and Asians are projected to increase their representation considerably in the older population. As the fastest-growing population segment, the health and social needs of older adults require increasing attention.
- Falls are a key issue leading to hospitalization, loss of independence, and death among seniors. More resources should be directed toward this preventable condition.
- Looking at mortality rates, we are healthier now than any time in the past. However, there are storm clouds on the horizon and, unless things change, our children will lead shorter lives than ours.
- Cancers are a leading cause of death in San Mateo County. Area incidence and mortality rates vary dramatically by race/ethnicity.
- Few residents consume adequate amounts of fruits/vegetables, however, this appears to be slowly improving. Access to fresh fruits and vegetables is still an issue in some areas.
- Heart disease and stroke death rates continue to decline, while reported prevalence of high blood pressure and high blood cholesterol continues to rise.
- Since 1998, there have been significant increases in the prevalence of asthma, chronic lung disease and diabetes among San Mateo County adults.
- After decreasing for several years, we are beginning to see a disturbing rise in both gonorrhea and chlamydia.
- Poisonings (including drug overdoses), firearms and motor vehicle accidents are the leading causes of injury deaths in San Mateo County.
- Substance use (alcohol, tobacco and other drugs) is one of the most serious threats to the health of our community. Substance use carries a significant social impact, contributing to such social conditions as homelessness, violence, poverty and disease. Youth substance use is a particular concern.
- Binge drinking among young adults, especially males aged 18 to 24, has increased significantly over the last several years.

- Depression, isolation and loneliness are prevalent in San Mateo County. Mental health services to deal with depression are inadequate, as are the variety of community structures needed to deal with loneliness and isolation.
- While San Mateo County excels by most conventional measures, there are subgroups within the population who do not share the wealth. The prosperity of recent years has led to an extremely high cost of living that significantly impacts low- and middle-income families.
- A minimum-wage income in San Mateo County would be entirely consumed by child care costs for one infant.
- Nearly a third of youth aged 13 to 17 have no supervision after school.
- Disparities in childhood opportunities lead to lifelong and even multi-generational disparities in health and economic success. There is a need to increase the access of high quality comprehensive early childhood education and care to low-income families and families of color.
- We have criminalized biology.
- More than one out of four Black and Hispanic respondents believe racial and cultural tolerance in San Mateo County is "fair" or "poor," and these proportions are increasing. While public transit use is up, it remains underutilized. We should implement appropriate incentives to encourage use of public transportation.
- Most people feel very safe in their neighborhoods, but this varies significantly by race/ethnicity.

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METHODS

Two research methodologies were applied to produce the final analyses found in this report.

The first five chapters of this report involved analysis of the most current data from various sources to produce and update the graphs and tables.

- Cancer data was obtained from Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER)
 Program (www.seer.cancer.gov).
- Hospitalizations data was obtained from the Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data
- HIV data was obtained HIV/AIDS Reporting System (HARS)
- Infectious disease data was obtained from the San Mateo County Disease Control Unit, California Department of Health Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)
- Mortality and Maternal and Child Health Data were obtained from California
 Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death and Birth Records.
- Vaccine data were obtained from the San Mateo County Immunization Program

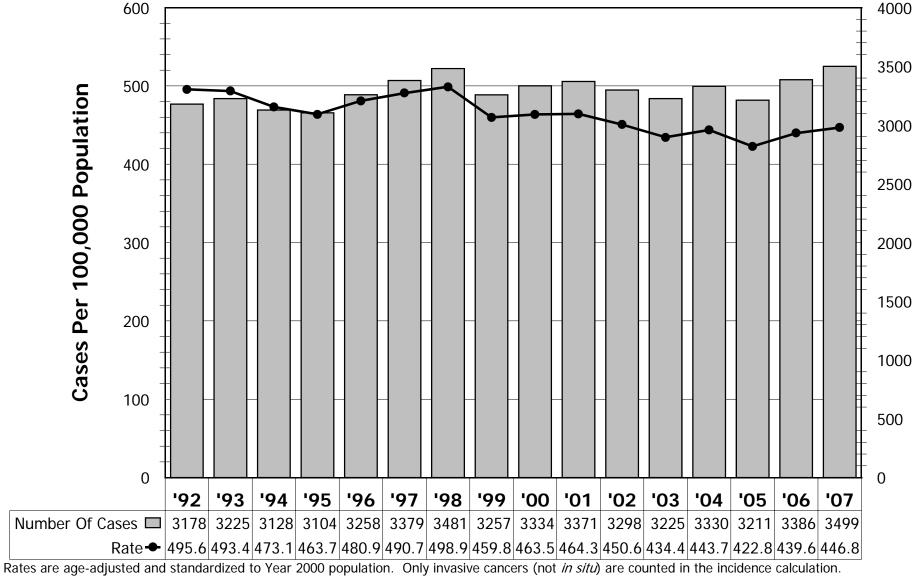
All rates in these analyses are age-adjusted unless otherwise noted. The age-adjusted rates are standardized using the Year 2000 United States Population standards

The last chapter shows 2011 projections for selected indicators from the Health and Quality of Life Survey. Because a survey was not conducted this year, data from the previous four reports were used to produce trend lines and obtain regression equations for selected quality of life indicators. The equations were then used to project the trends for 2011. It should be noted that these are projections only, and should be interpreted and used with caution.

Cancer

Incidence Of Cancer (All Cancer Sites)

San Mateo County, 1992-2007

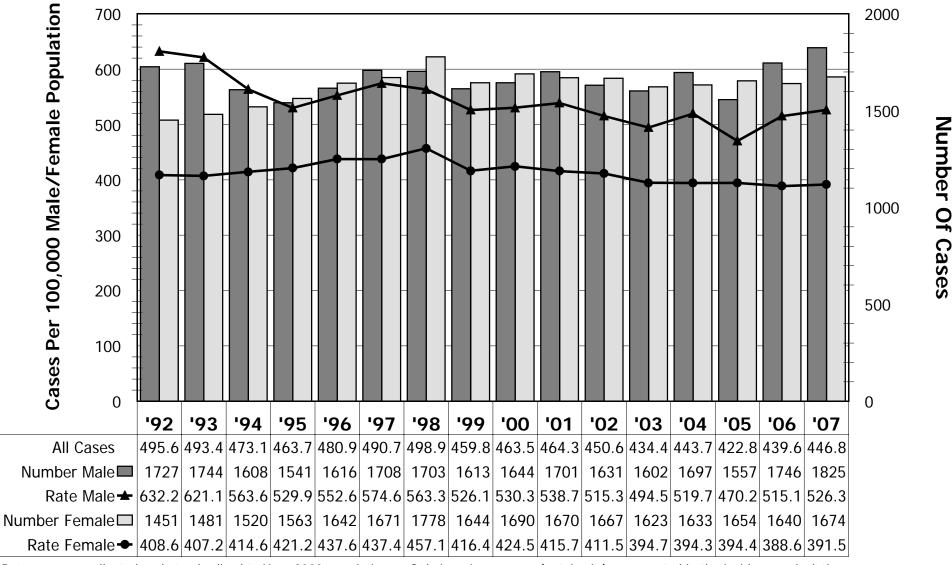


Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population. Only invasive cancers (not *in situ*) are counted in the incidence calculation. Source Data:Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence - SEER 13 Regs Research Data, Nov 2009.

Number Of Cases

Incidence Of Cancer By Sex (All Cancer Sites)

San Mateo County, 1992-2007

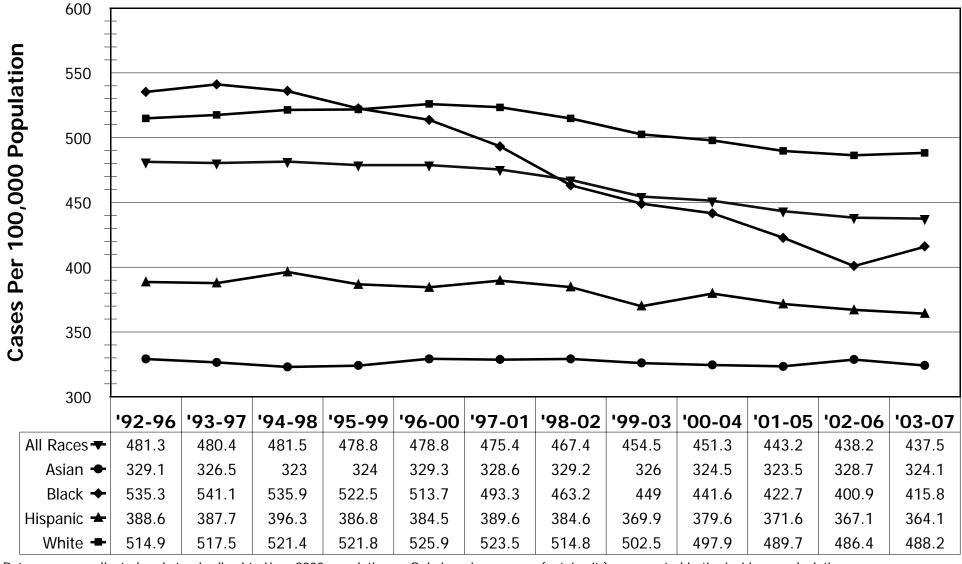


Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population. Only invasive cancers (not *in situ*) are counted in the incidence calculation.

Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence - SEER 13 Regs Research Data, Nov 2009.

CA-2

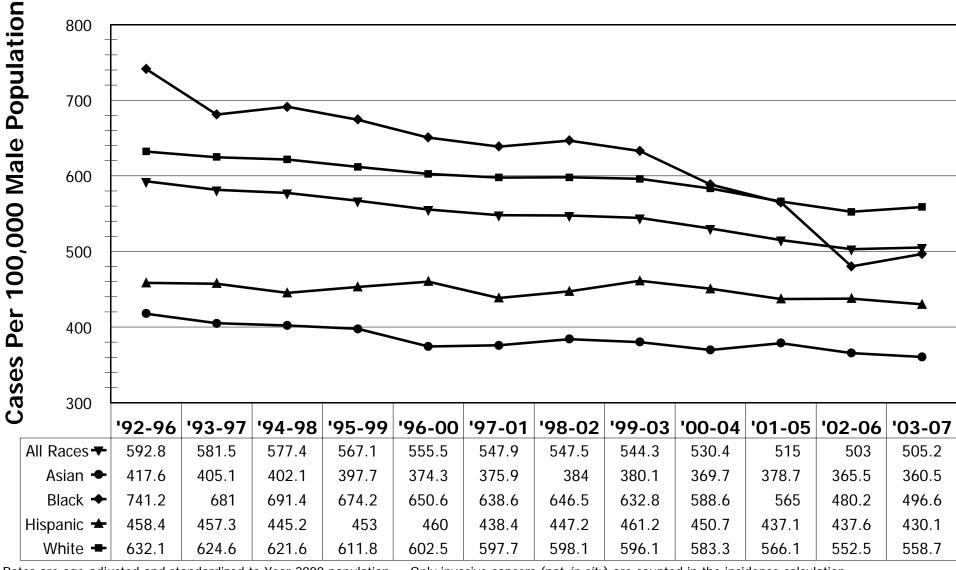
Incidence Of Cancer By Race/Ethnicity (All Cancer Sites) 5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population. Only invasive cancers (not in situ) are counted in the incidence calculation. Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence - SEER 13 Regs Research Data, Nov 2009

Incidence Of Cancer In Males By Race/Ethnicity (All Cancer Sites)

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



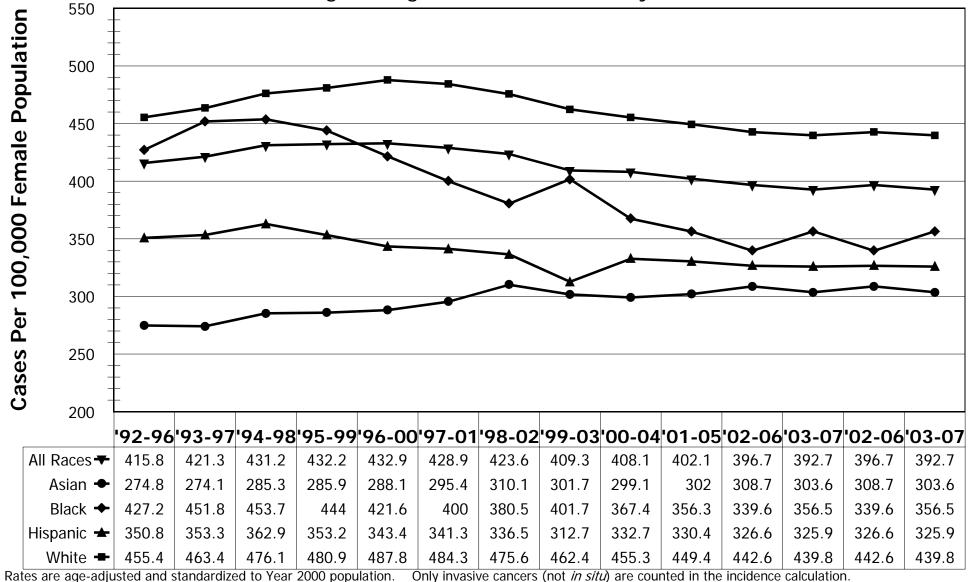
Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population. Only invasive cancers (not *in situ*) are counted in the incidence calculation.

Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence - SEER 17 Regs Public-Use, Nov 2009

CA-4

Incidence Of Cancer In Females By Race/Ethnicity (All Cancer Sites)

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence - SEER 17 Regs Public-Use, Nov 2009

Prevalence Of Cancer By Selected Cancer Type Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 2003-2007

| Type of Cancer | Total Cases 1998-2002 | Total Cases 2003-2007 | Average Annual Number 1998-2002 | Average Annual Number 2003-2007 | Age-Adjusted Rate (95% CI) 2003-2007 |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Breast (with in situ)* | 3756 | 3498 | 751 | 700 | 167.8 (162.2 - 173.5)** |
| Breast (not in situ)* | 2930 | 2694 | 586 | 539 | 128.7 (123.9 - 133.7)** |
| Prostate* | 2455 | 2543 | 491 | 509 | 150.9 (145.0 - 157.0)** |
| Lung | 1993 | 1902 | 399 | 380 | 50.6 (48.3 - 52.9) |
| Colorectal (w/ in situ) | 1933 | 1753 | 387 | 351 | 45.9 (43.7 - 48.1) |
| Colorectal (not in situ) | 1841 | 1639 | 368 | 328 | 42.9 (40.8 - 45.1) |
| Skin (w/ in situ) | 1204 | 1346 | 241 | 269 | 34.9 (33.1 - 36.9) |
| Skin (not in situ) | 690 | 817 | 138 | 163 | 21.3 (19.8 - 22.8) |
| NH Lymphoma | 761 | 792 | 152 | 158 | 21.0 (19.6 - 22.5) |
| Bladder | 688 | 765 | 138 | 153 | 20.3 (18.9 - 21.8) |
| Kidney | 357 | 501 | 71 | 100 | 13.3 (12.1 - 14.5) |
| Uterine* (w/ in situ) | 505 | 483 | 101 | 97 | 22.8 (20.8 - 25.0)** |
| Uterine* (not in situ) | 501 | 481 | 100 | 96 | 22.7 (20.7 - 24.8)** |
| Pancreatic | 394 | 440 | 79 | 88 | 11.5 (10.4 - 12.6) |
| Leukemia | 437 | 420 | 87 | 84 | 11.4 (10.3 - 12.5) |
| Oropharyngeal (w/ in situ) | 323 | 392 | 65 | 78 | 10.2 (9.2 - 11.3) |
| Oropharyngeal (not in situ) | 307 | 381 | 61 | 76 | 10.0 (9.0 - 11.0) |
| Liver | 188 | 325 | 38 | 65 | 8.3 (7.4 - 9.3) |
| Thyroid | 259 | 311 | 52 | 62 | 8.3 (7.4 - 9.3) |
| Stomach | 318 | 289 | 64 | 58 | 7.6 (6.7 - 8.5) |
| Ovarian* | 315 | 265 | 63 | 53 | 12.7 (11.2 - 14.4)** |
| Brain | 197 | 220 | 39 | 44 | 5.9 (5.2 - 6.8) |
| Multiple Myeloma | 175 | 198 | 35 | 40 | 5.2 (4.5 - 6.0) |
| Esophageal | 140 | 138 | 28 | 28 | 3.7 (3.1 - 4.3) |
| Cervical* | 137 | 115 | 27 | 23 | 5.8 (4.8 - 7.0)** |
| Hodgkin's Lymphoma | 81 | 89 | 16 | 18 | 2.5 (2.0 - 3.1) |

Rates are age-adjusted, standardized to Year 2000 population, and are cumulative for the five-year period 2003-2007; per 100,000 population

Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence-SEER 13 Regs Research Data, CA-6 Nov 2009

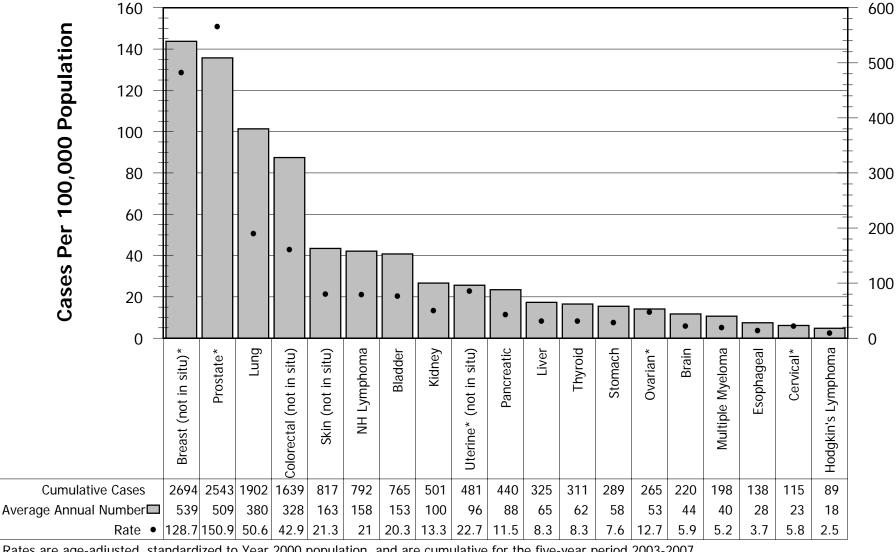
^{*}Sex-specific counts for cancers affecting only males or only females(or female breast cancer)

^{**}Sex-specific rates are also shown for cancers affecting only males or only females(or female breast cancer)

CA-7

Prevalence Of Cancer By Selected Cancer Type

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 2003-2007



Rates are age-adjusted, standardized to Year 2000 population, and are cumulative for the five-year period 2003-2007

Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence - SEER 13 Regs Research Data, Nov 2009 Sub

^{*}Sex-specific counts and rates are shown for cancers affecting only males or only females(or female breast cancer)

Five Most Common Types Of Cancer By Sex

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 2003-2007

| | Both Sexes | Males | Females |
|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Rank | n (% of all cases) | n (% of male cases) | n (% of female cases) |
| | Rate (95% CI) | Rate (95% CI) | Rate (95% CI) |
| 1 | Breast | Prostate | Breast |
| | 2718 (16.3%) | 2543 (30.2%) | 2694 (32.8%) |
| | 69.8 (67.1, 72.5) | 150.9 (145.0, 157.0) | 128.7 (123.9, 133.7) |
| 2 | Prostate | Lung | Lung |
| | 2543 (15.3%) | 940 (11.2%) | 962 (11.7%) |
| | 67 (64.4, 69.7) | 58.1 (54.4, 62.0) | 45.2 (42.4, 48.2) |
| 3 | Lung | Colorectal | Colorectal |
| | 1902 (11.4%) | 816 (9.7%) | 823 (10.0%) |
| | 50.6 (48.3, 52.9) | 49.1 (45.8, 52.7) | 38.4 (35.8, 41.1) |
| 4 | Colorectal | Bladder | Uterine |
| | 1639 (9.8%) | 578 (6.9%) | 481 (5.8%) |
| | 42.9 (40.8, 45.1) | 36.5 (33.6, 39.7) | 22.7 (20.7, 24.8) |
| 5 | Skin 817 (4.9%) 21.3 (19.8, 22.8) | Skin 471 (5.6%) 27.7 (25.2, 30.3) | Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma 359 (4.4%) 17.2 (15.4, 19.1) |
| Total (All Cancers) | 16651 | 8427 | 8224 |

Rates are age-adjusted, standardized to Year 2000 population, and are cumulative for the five-year period 2003-2007; per 100,000 population

Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence - SEER 13 Regs Research

Data, Nov 2009 Sub (1992-2007)

Five Most Common Types Of Cancer By Race/Ethnicity

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 2003-2007

| | Asian | Black | Hispanic | White |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Rank | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) |
| | Rate (95% CI) | Rate (95% CI) | Rate (95% CI) | Rate (95% CI) |
| 1 | Breast | Prostate | Prostate | Breast |
| | 515 (19.0%) | 124 (21.0%) | 258 (14.9%) | 1866 (16.3%) |
| | 56.3 (51.5, 61.5) | 82.4 (68.4, 98.6) | 58.8 (51.7, 66.5) | 79.2 (75.6, 83.0) |
| 2 | Prostate | Lung | Breast | Prostate |
| | 369 (13.6%) | 106 (17.9%) | 253 (14.6%) | 1739 (15.2%) |
| | 47.1 (42.3, 52.2) | 76.3 (62.3, 92.6) | 47.7 (41.8, 54.3) | 72.7 (69.3, 76.3) |
| 3 | Colorectal | Breast | Colorectal | Lung |
| | 331 (12.2%) | 75 (12.7%) | 187 (10.8%) | 1365 (11.9%) |
| | 39.5 (35.3, 44.1) | 52.7 (41.3, 66.3) | 40.5 (34.6, 47.0) | 56.0 (53.1, 59.2) |
| 4 | Lung | Colorectal | Lung | Colorectal |
| | 294 (10.8%) | 57 (9.6%) | 136 (7.8%) | 1057 (9.2%) |
| | 38.5 (34.1, 43.3) | 41.5 (31.3, 54.0) | 32.5 (27.1, 38.5) | 43.0 (40.4, 45.8) |
| 5 | Liver | Pancreas | Kidney | Skin |
| | 133 (4.9%) | 26 (4.4%) | 83 (4.8%) | 721 (6.3%) |
| | 16.0 (13.3, 19.0) | 19.6 (12.7, 28.8) | 17.0 (13.4, 21.2) | 32.1 (29.7, 34.7) |
| Total (All Cancers) | 2710 | 591 | 1736 | 11457 |

Rates are age-adjusted, standardized to Year 2000 population, and are cumulative for the five-year period 2003-2007; per 100,000 population Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program SEER*Stat Database: Incidence - SEER 13 Regs Research Data, Nov 2009

Five Most Common Types Of Cancer In Males By Race/Ethnicity

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 2003-2007

| | Asian | Black | Hispanic | White |
|------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Rank | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) |
| | Rate (95% CI) | Rate (95% CI) | Rate (95% CI) | Rate (95% CI) |
| 1 | Prostate | Prostate | Prostate | Prostate |
| | 369 (29.7%) | 124 (38.5%) | 258 (31.0%) | 1739 (29.3%) |
| | 111.1 (99.6, 123.5) | 182.3 (150.9, 218.3) | 144.2 (126.3, 163.8) | 158.9 (151.5, 166.7) |
| 2 | Lung | Lung | Colorectal | Lung |
| | 159 (12.8%) | 60 (18.6%) | 83 (10.0%) | 657 (11.1%) |
| | 49.3 (41.6, 58.0) | 97.3 (73.5, 126.3) | 42.2 (33.0, 53.0) | 61.5 (56.8, 66.4) |
| 3 | Colorectal | Colorectal | Lung | Colorectal |
| | 153 (12.3%) | 22 (6.8%) | 61 (7.3%) | 554 (9.3%) |
| | 41.4 (34.8, 48.9) | 36.3 (22.2, 55.8) | 36.9 (27.8, 47.9) | 51.9 (47.7, 56.5) |
| 4 | Liver | Pancreas | Bladder | Bladder |
| | 96 (7.7%) | 14 (4.3%) | 45 (5.4%) | 481 (8.1%) |
| | 25.7 (20.6, 31.7) | 22.4 (12.0, 38.0) | 30.7 (22.0, 41.1 | 45.5 (41.4, 49.8) |
| 5 | Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma | Kidney | Kidney | Skin |
| | 67 (5.4%) | 14 (4.3%0 | 44 (5.3%) | 426 (7.2%) |
| | 19.9 (15.2, 25.6) | 19.5 (10.6, 33.3) | 21.9 (15.5, 30.0) | 40.3 (36.5, 44.5) |
| Total (All Cancers) | 1241 | 322 | 833 | 5926 |

Rates are age-adjusted, standardized to Year 2000 population, and are cumulative for the five-year period 2003-2007; per 100,000 population

Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence - SEER 13 Regs

Research Data, Nov 2009

CA-10

Five Most Common Types Of Cancer In Females By Race/Ethnicity

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 2003-2007

| | Asian | Black | Hispanic | White |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Rank | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) |
| | Rate (95% CI) | Rate (95% CI) | Rate (95% CI) | Rate (95% CI) |
| 1 | Breast | Breast | Breast | Breast |
| | 510 (34.7%) | 73 (27.1%) | 253 (28.0%) | 1849 (33.4%) |
| | 100.9 (92.2, 110.2) | 97.3 (76.0, 123.0) | 86.5 (75.9, 98.0) | 149.4 (142.5, 156.6) |
| 2 | Colorectal | Lung | Colorectal | Lung |
| | 178 (12.1%) | 46 (17.1%) | 104 (11.5%) | 708 (12.8%) |
| | 37.9 (32.4, 44.0) | 60.9 (44.5, 81.8) | 38.9 (31.6, 47.2) | 52.3 (48.4, 56.5) |
| 3 | Lung | Colorectal | Lung | Colorectal |
| | 135 (9.2%) | 35 (13.0%) | 75 (8.3%) | 503 (9.1%) |
| | 30.7 (25.7, 36.5) | 46.3 (32.1, 64.8) | 30.1 (23.6, 37.7) | 36.2 (33.0, 39.7) |
| 4 | Uterine | Uterine | Uterine | Uterine |
| | 101 (6.9%) | 20 (7.4%) | 45 (5.0%) | 311 (5.6%) |
| | 19.2 (15.6, 23.5) | 24.8 (15.1, 38.8) | 16.6 (12.0, 22.2) | 24.7 (22.0, 27.7) |
| 5 | Thyroid | Pancreas | Kidney | Skin |
| | 72 (4.9%) 13.9 (10.8, 17.5) | 12 (4.5%) 16.5 (8.5, 29.3) | 39 (4.3%) 13.9 (9.8, 19.1) | 295 (5.3%) 26.5 (23.3, 30.0) |
| Total (All Cancers) | 1469 | 269 | 903 | 5531 |

Rates are age-adjusted, standardized to Year 2000 population, and are cumulative for the five-year period 2003-2007; per 100,000 population

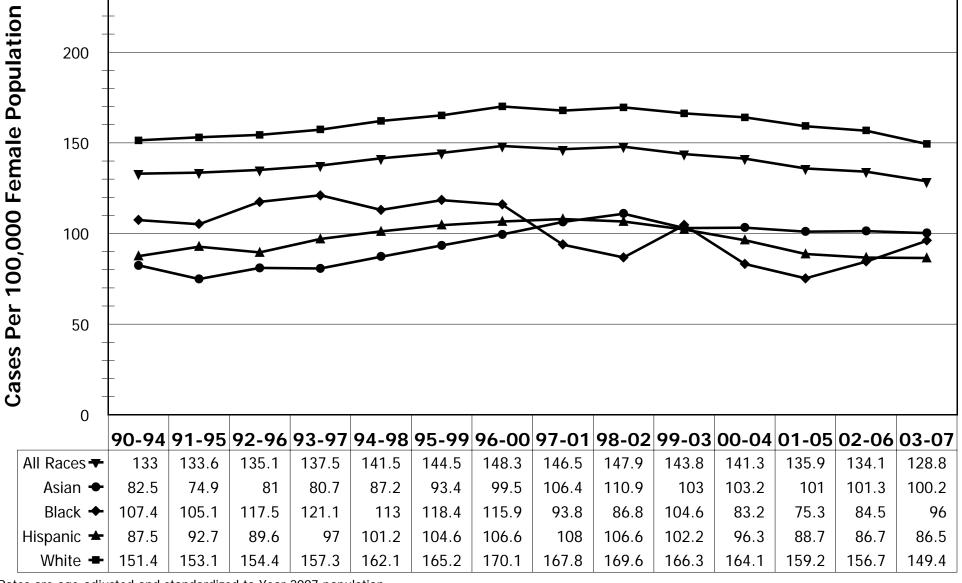
Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence - SEER 13 Regs

Research Data, Nov 2009

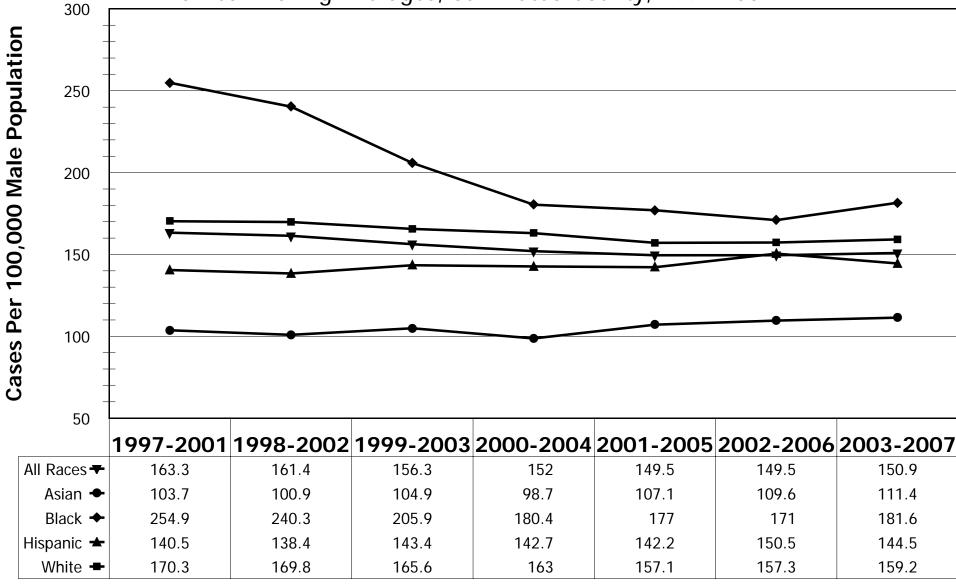
CA-11

Incidence Of Female Breast Cancer By Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2007



Incidence Of Male Prostate Cancer By Race/Ethnicity 5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1997-2007



Incidence Of Male Colorectal Cancer By Race/Ethnicity
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1997-2007 80 Cases Per 100,000 Male Population 70 60 50 40 30 20 1997-2001 1998-2002 1999-2003 2000-2004 2001-2005 2002-2006 2003-2007 All Races ▼ 63.1 61.3 58 55.3 52.8 51.8 49.2 Asian -48.1 47.2 51.3 46.8 45.1 46 41 Black + 54.8 47.9 53 40.4 34.5 36.6 46 Hispanic + 68.5 57 50.9 45.9 42.4 70.7 54

Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2007 population Source Data: Northern California Cancer Center Registry, 1997-2007

62.6

65

White -

52

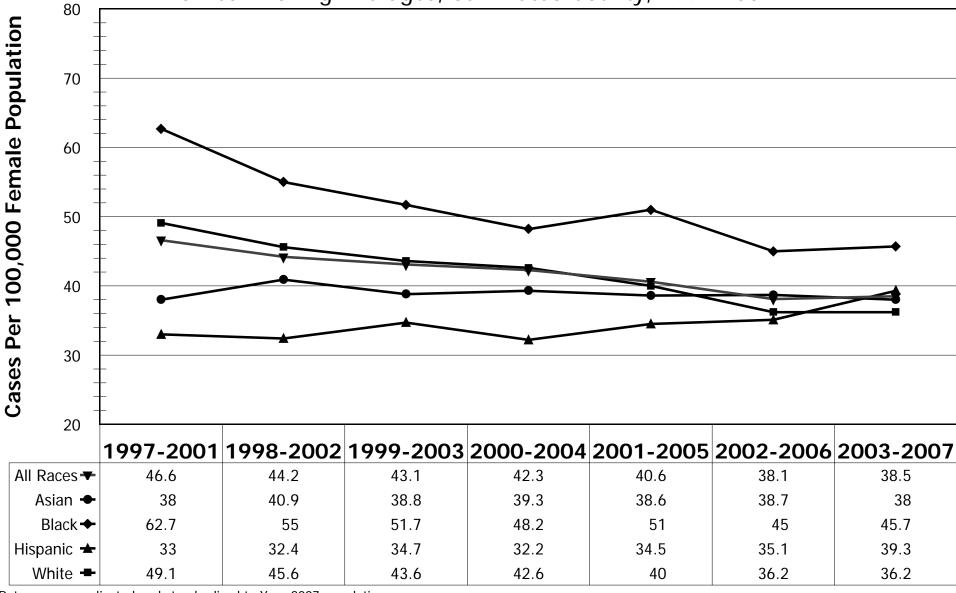
55.5

53.6

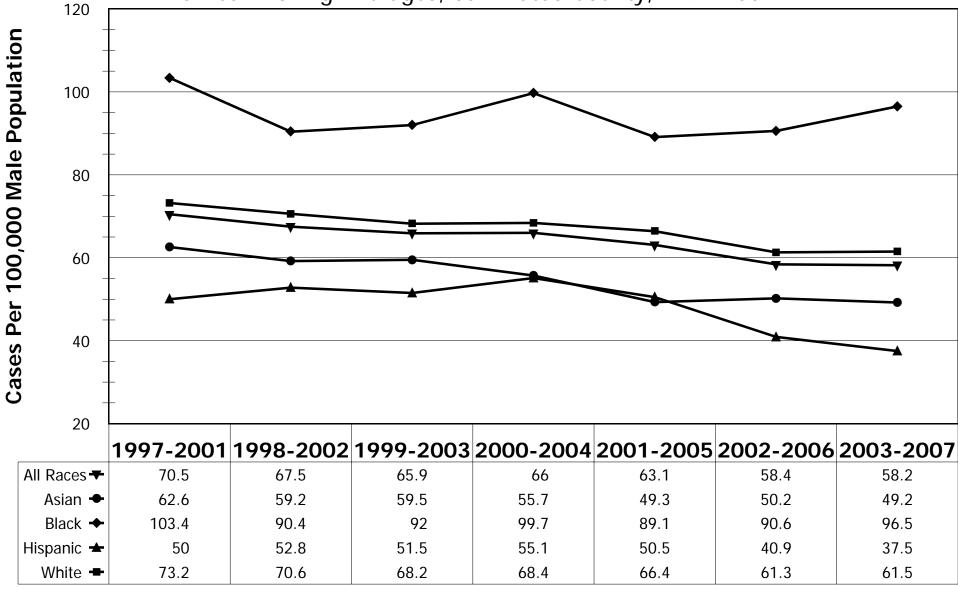
53.4

58.2

Incidence Of Female Colorectal Cancer By Race/Ethnicity 5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1997-2007



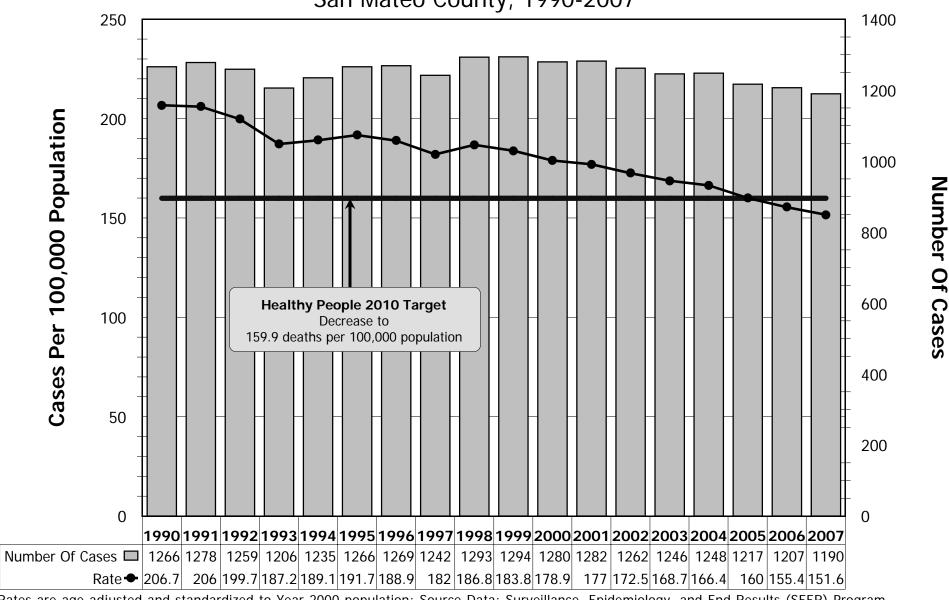
Incidence Of Male Lung Cancer By Race/Ethnicity 5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1997-2007



Incidence Of Female Lung Cancer By Race/Ethnicity
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1997-2007 80 Cases Per 100,000 Female Population 70 60 50 40 30 20 1997-2001 1998-2002 1999-2003 2000-2004 2001-2005 2002-2006 2003-2007 All Races ▼ 50.6 48.6 45.6 44.2 45.1 44.1 45.3 Asian -25.9 27.3 25.6 25.9 30.2 30.8 30.6 Black ◆ 69.8 69.4 62.4 63.5 61.8 54.8 61.1 Hispanic + 37.4 31.2 32.7 36.8 34.2 30.3 34.5 White -58.4 55.2 52.5 50.6 50.5 50 52.5

Cancer Mortality (All Cancer Sites)

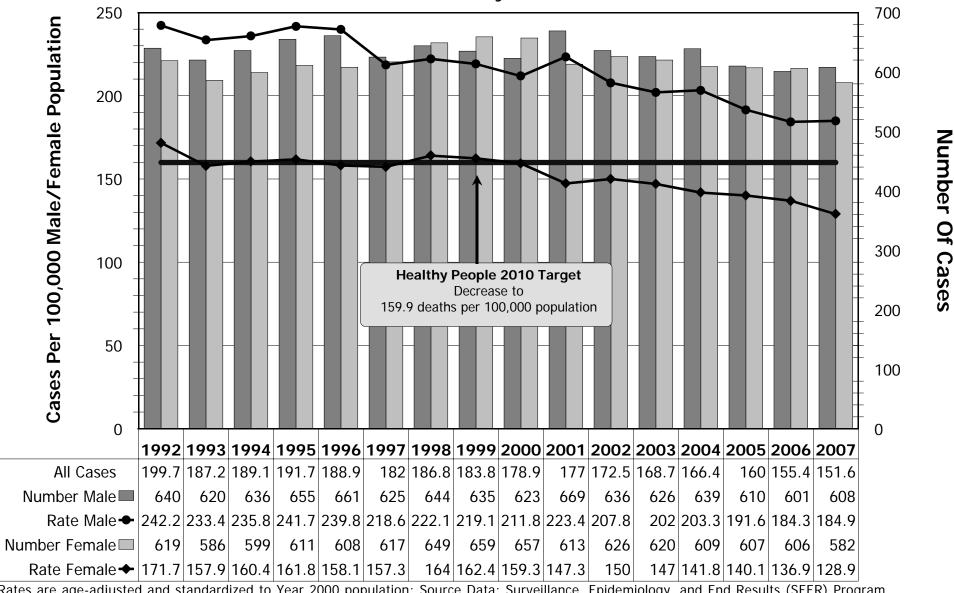
San Mateo County, 1990-2007



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence-Based Mortality - SEER 9 Regs Research Data, Nov 2009 Sub (1973-2007)

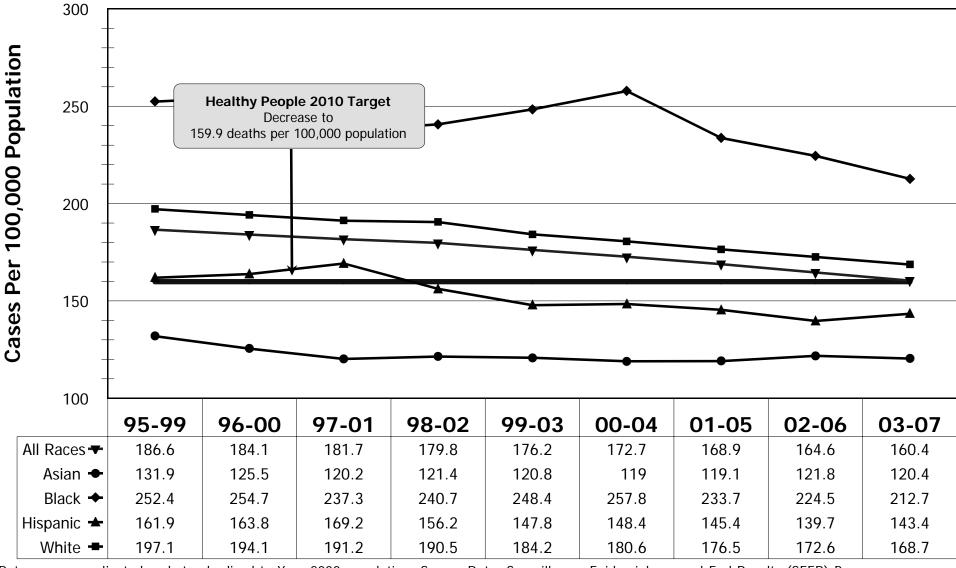
Cancer Mortality By Sex (All Cancer Sites)

San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence-Based Mortality - SEER 9 Regs Research Data, Nov 2009 Sub (1973-2007)

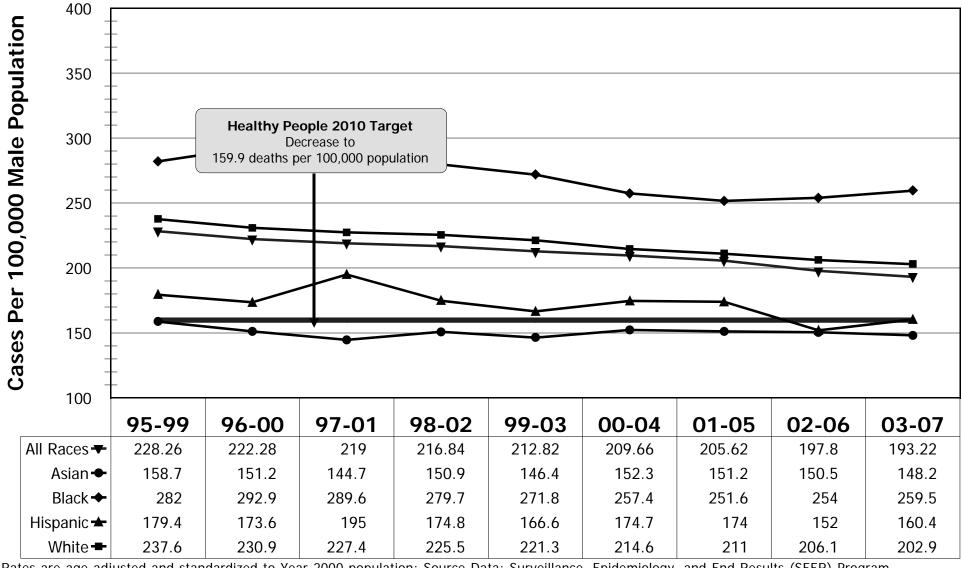
Cancer Mortality By Race/Ethnicity (All Cancer Sites) 5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1995-2007



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence-Based Mortality - SEER 9 Regs Research Data, Nov 2009; and California Cancer Registry. (2009). Cancer Incidence/Mortality Rates in California. Retrieved (6/18/10) from http://www.cancer-rates.info/ca

Cancer Mortality In Males By Race/Ethnicity (All Cancer Sites)

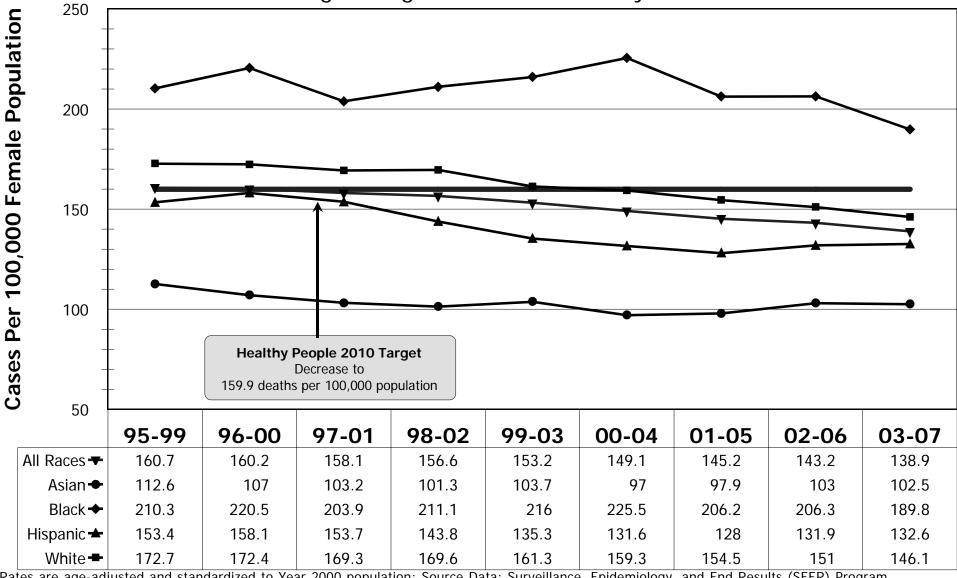
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1995-2007



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence-Based Mortality - SEER 9 Regs Research Data, Nov 2009; and California Cancer Registry. (2009). Cancer Incidence/Mortality Rates in California. Retrieved (6/18/10) from http://www.cancer-rates.info/ca

Cancer Mortality In Females By Race/Ethnicity (All Cancer Sites)

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1995-2007



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence-Based Mortality - SEER 9 Regs Research Data, Nov 2009; and California Cancer Registry. (2009). Cancer Incidence/Mortality Rates in California. Retrieved (6/18/10) from http://www.cancer-rates.info/ca

Cancer Mortality By Selected Cancer Type Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1990-2007

| Type of Cancer | Total Deaths 1990-2007 | Average Annual Number | Age-Adjusted Rate 2003-2007 |
|------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Lung | 5286 | 311 | 38.6 |
| Colorectal | 2225 | 131 | 15.8 |
| Breast | 1786; 1774* | 104* | 13.1; 23.2** |
| Prostate | 1240* | 73* | 8.5; 22.1** |
| Pancreatic | 1216 | 72 | 9.7 |
| Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma | 944 | 56 | 7.9 |
| Leukemia | 816 | 48 | 6.2 |
| Stomach | 689 | 41 | 4.9 |
| Ovarian | 604* | 36* | 4.7; 8.4** |
| Brain | 551 | 32 | 4.2 |
| Liver | 463 | 27 | 4.2 |
| Esophageal | 457 | 27 | 3.4 |
| Bladder | 472 | 28 | 4.1 |
| Oropharyngeal | 393 | 23 | 2.5 |
| Multiple Myeloma | 393 | 23 | 3.2 |
| Kidney | 378 | 22 | 3.2 |
| Skin | 401 | 24 | 3.5 |
| Uterine | 264* | 16* | 2.5; 4.4** |
| Thyroid | 62 | 4 | 0.6 |
| Cervical | 114* | 7* | 0.7; 1.3** |
| Hodgkin's Disease | 56 | 3 | 0.3 |

Rates are age-adjusted, standardized to Year 2000 population, and are cumulative for the five-year period 2003-2007; per 100,000 population

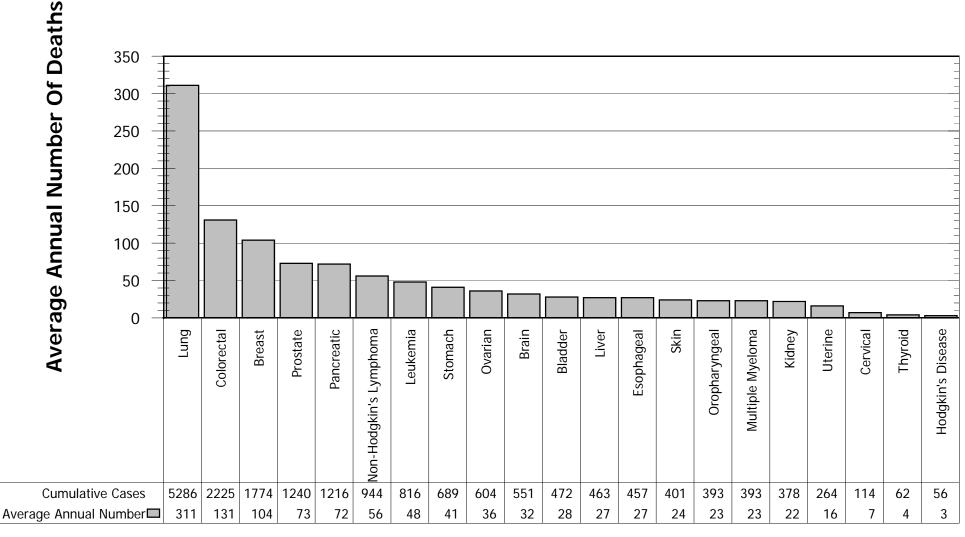
**Sex-specific rates are also snown for cancers affecting only males of only fernales of source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Mortality - All COD, Aggregated With CA-23 County, Total U.S. (1969-2006)

^{*}Sex-specific counts for cancers affecting only males or only females(or female breast cancer)

^{**}Sex-specific rates are also shown for cancers affecting only males or only females(or female breast cancer)

Cancer Mortality By Selected Cancer Type

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1990-2007



Rates are age-adjusted, standardized to Year 2000 population, and are cumulative for the five-year period 2003-2007 per 100,000 population
*Sex-specific counts and rates are shown for cancers affecting only males or only females(or female breast cancer)
Source Data: Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Mortality - All COD, Aggregated With County, Total U.S. (1969-2007)

CA-24

Five Most Common Causes Of Cancer Death By Sex

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 2002-2007

| | Both Sexes | Males | Females |
|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Rank | n (% of all cases) | n (% of male cases) | n (% of female cases) |
| | Rate (95% CI) | Rate (95% CI) | Rate (95% CI) |
| 1 | Lung | Lung | Lung |
| | 1430 (23.5%) | 728 (23.9%) | 702 (23.1%) |
| | 38.6 (36.6, 40.7) | 46.2 (42.9, 49.7) | 33.3 (30.9, 35.9) |
| 2 | Colorectal | Prostate | Breast |
| | 605 (10.0%) | 323 (10.6%) | 497 (16.4%) |
| | 15.8 (14.6, 17.2) | 22.1 (19.8, 24.7) | 23.2 (21.2, 25.4) |
| 3 | Breast | Colorectal | Colorectal |
| | 502 (8.3%) | 305 (10.0%) | 300 (9.9%) |
| | 13.1 (11.9, 14.3) | 19.4 (17.3, 21.8) | 13.2 (11.7, 14.8) |
| 4 | Pancreatic | Pancreatic | Pancreatic |
| | 367 (6.0%) | 182 (6.0%) | 185 (6.1%) |
| | 9.7 (8.7, 10.8) | 11.4 (9.8, 13.2) | 8.4 (7.2, 9.7) |
| 5 | Prostate | Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma | Ovarian |
| | 323 (5.3%) | 173 (5.7%) | 175 (5.8%) |
| | 8.5 (7.6, 9.5) | 10.8 (9.2, 12.6) | 8.4 (7.2, 9.7) |
| Total (All Deaths) | 6080 | 3041 | 3039 |

Rates are age-adjusted, standardized to Year 2000 population, per 100,000 population, and are cumulative for the five-year period 2002-2007.

Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Mortality - All COD, Aggregated With County, Total U.S. (1990-2007).

CA-25

Five Most Common Causes Of Cancer Death By Race/Ethnicity

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 2002-2007

| | Asian | Black | Hispanic | White |
|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Rank | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) |
| | Rate | Rate | Rate | Rate |
| 1 | Lung | Lung | Lung | Lung |
| | 210 (23.4%) | 80 (27.5%) | 87 (17.8%) | 1054 (23.9%) |
| | 28.7 | 59.7 | 23.2 | 43 |
| 2 | Colorectal | Colorectal | Colorectal | Colorectal |
| | 95 (10.6%) | 33 (11.3%) | 46 (9.4%) | 432 (9.8%) |
| | 13.5 | 25.5 | 10 | 16.6 |
| 3 | Breast | Prostate | Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma | Breast |
| | 88 (9.8%) | 24 (8.3%) | 31 (6.3%) | 365 (8.3%) |
| | 10.4 | 20.5 | 7.9 | 14.6 |
| 4 | Liver | Pancreatic | Pancreatic | Pancreatic |
| | 66 (7.4%) | 23 (7.9%) | 30 (6.1%) | 268 (6.1%) |
| | 8.6 | 18.2 | 7.7 | 10.6 |
| 5 | Pancreatic | Breast | Breast | Prostate |
| | 48 (5.4%) | 19 (6.5%) | 30 (6.1%) | 250 (5.7%) |
| | 6.4 | 14.8 | 6.5 | 9.2 |
| Total (All Deaths) | 896 | 291 | 490 | 4413 |

Rates are age-adjusted, standardized to Year 2000 population, per 100,000 population, and are cumulative for the five-year period 2002-2007.

Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Mortality - All COD, Aggregated With County, Total U.S. (1990-2006).

Five Most Common Causes Of Cancer Death In Males By Race/Ethnicity

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 2002-2007

| | Asian | Black | Hispanic | White |
|-----------------------|---|---|--|---|
| Rank | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) |
| | Rate | Rate | Rate | Rate |
| 1 | Lung 126 (27.8%) 40.9 | Lung 45 (31.7%) | Lung 29 (12.3%) | Lung 517 (23.4%) 48.7 |
| | | 76.2 | 41 | |
| 2 | Colorectal 52 (11.5%) 16.9 | Prostate 24 (16.9%) 51.6 | Colorectal 23 (9.8%) 11.5 | Prostate 250 (11.3%) 23.7 |
| 3 | Liver 43 (9.5%) 12 | Colorectal 15 (10.6%) 26.5 | Prostate 19 (8.1%) 14.2 | Colorectal 215 (9.7%) 20.4 |
| 4 | Stomach 30 (6.6%) 10.8 | Stomach 9 (6.3%) 15.7 Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma 17 (7.2%) 9.6 | | Pancreatic 140 (6.3%) 13.1 |
| 5 | Prostate 29 (6.4%) | Pancreatic 9 (6.3%) | Liver 16 (6.8%) | Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma 131 (5.9%) |
| Total (All Deaths) | 12.1 454 | 15.4 142 | 7.6 235 | 12.3 2214 |

Rates are age-adjusted, standardized to Year 2000 population, per 100,000 population, and are cumulative for the five-year period 2002-2007.

Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Mortality - All COD, Aggregated With County, Total U.S. (1990-2006).

CA-27

Five Most Common Causes Of Cancer Death In Females By Race/Ethnicity

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 2002-2007

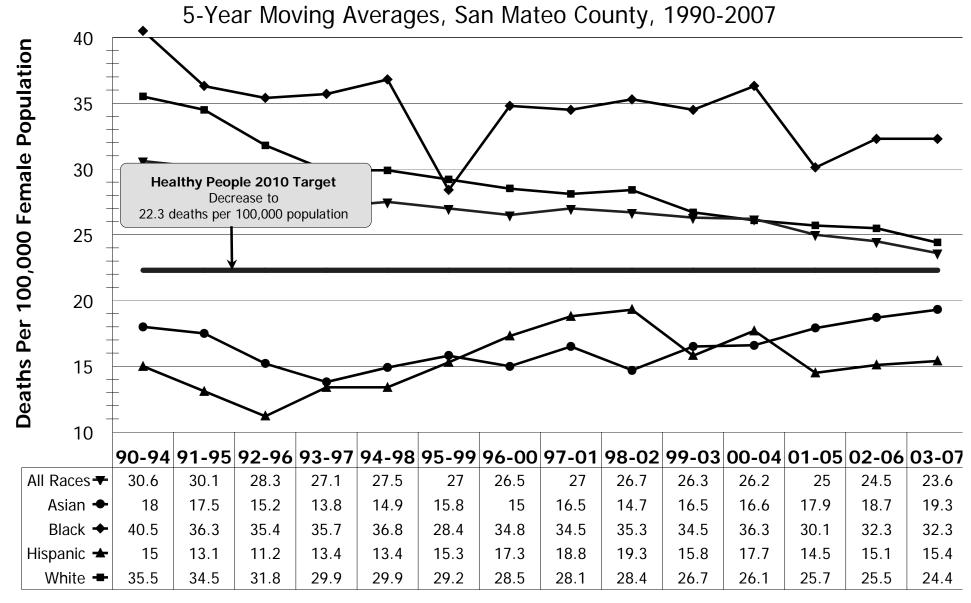
| | Asian | Black | Hispanic | White |
|-----------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Rank | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) | N (% of cases) |
| | Rate | Rate | Rate | Rate (95% CI) |
| 1 | Breast 72 (19.1%) | Lung 45 (28.0%) | Lung 39 (17.8%) | Lung 599 (25.6%) |
| | 16.6 | 64.8 | 18.8 | 42.4 |
| 2 | Lung 65 (17.3%) 17.7 | Breast 19 (11.8%) 28.6 | Breast 35 (16.0%) 14.7 | Breast 366 (15.6%) 26.4 |
| 3 | Colorectal 38 (10.1%) 11.1 | Colorectal 14 (8.7%) 19.8 | Colorectal 21 (9.6%) 9.7 | Colorectal 238 (10.2%) 15.2 |
| 4 | Ovarian | Pancreatic | Pancreatic | Ovarian |
| | 25 (6.6%) 6.6 | 13 (8.1%) 20.3 | 18 (8.2%) 7.5 | 149 (6.4%) 11 |
| 5 | Pancreatic | * | Stomach | Pancreatic |
| | 20 (5.3%) 5.9 | | 14 (6.4%) 8.1 | 138 (5.9%) 9.4 |
| Total (All Deaths) | 376 | 161 | 219 | 2342 |

Rates are age-adjusted, standardized to Year 2000 population, per 100,000 population, and are cumulative for the five-year period 2002-2007.

Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Mortality - All COD, Aggregated With County, Total U.S. (1990-2006).

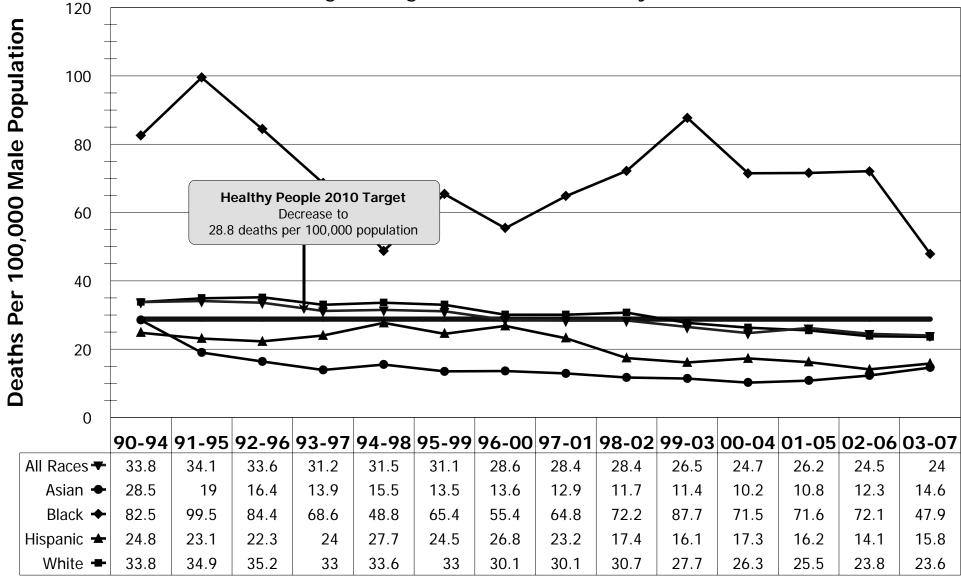
CA-28

Female Breast Cancer Mortality By Race/Ethnicity



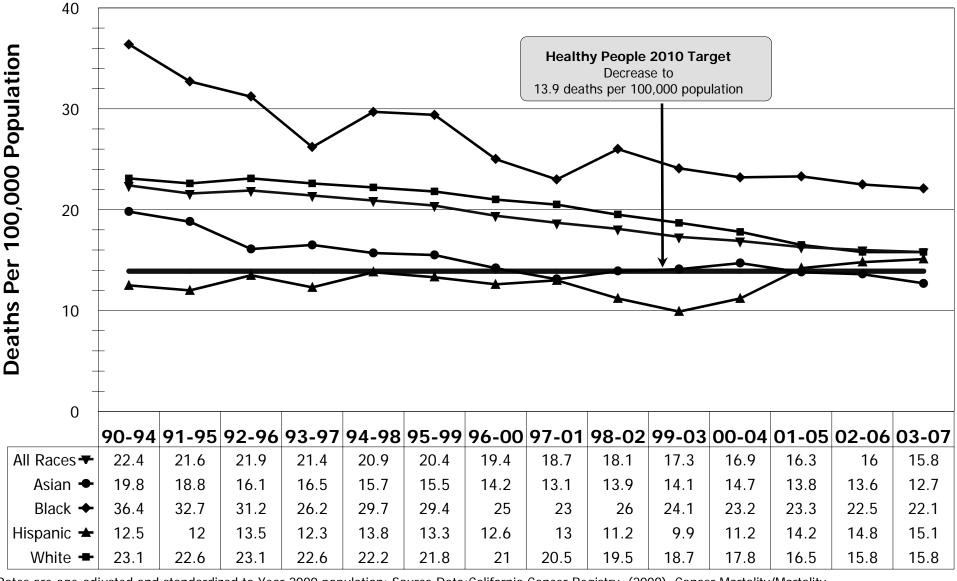
Male Prostate Cancer Mortality By Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2007



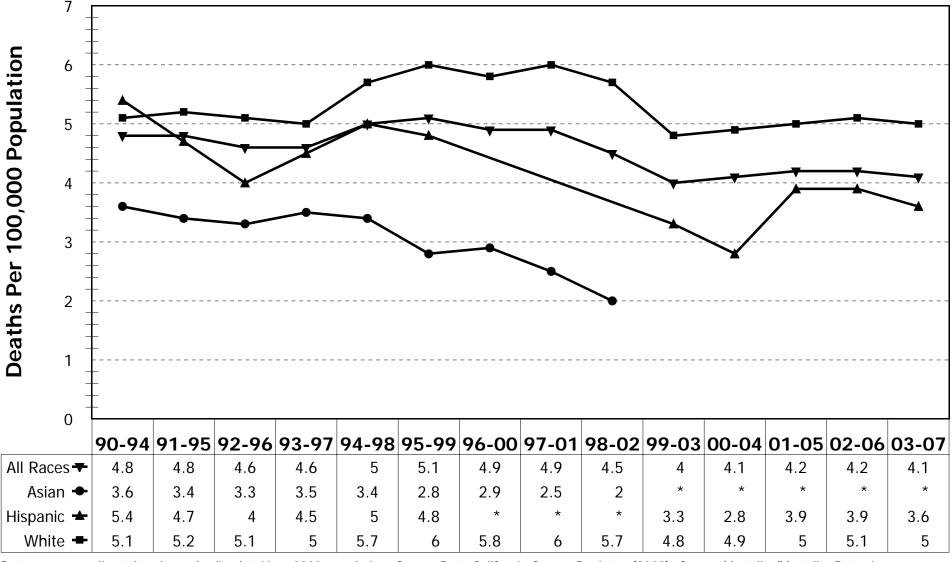
Colorectal Cancer Mortality By Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2007



Brain and Other Nervous System Cancer Mortality By Race/Ethnicity

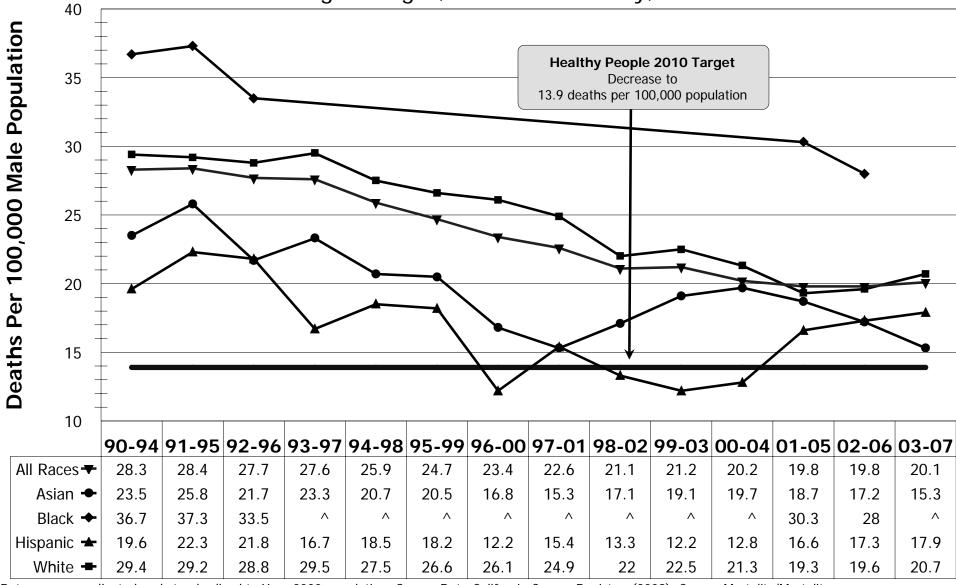
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2007



^{*} Counts <15 are too few to calculate a stable age-adjusted rate. Due to counts <15, the mortality rates for Blacks not shown.

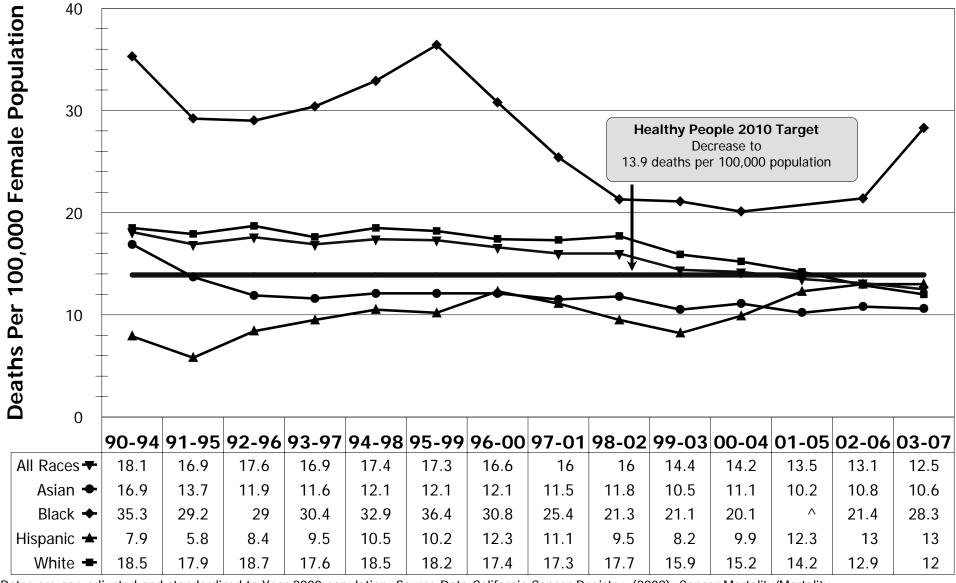
Male Colorectal Cancer Mortality By Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2007



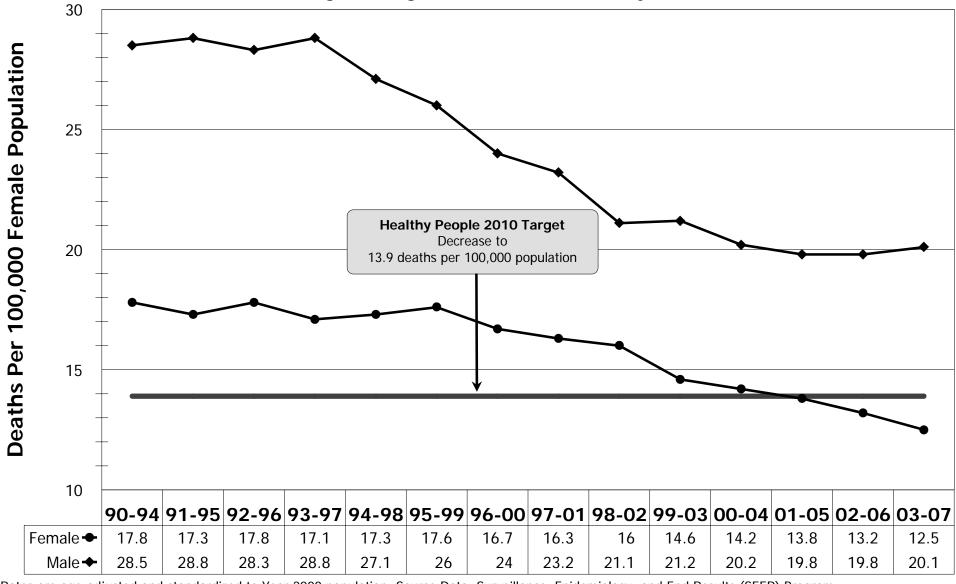
Female Colorectal Cancer Mortality By Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2007



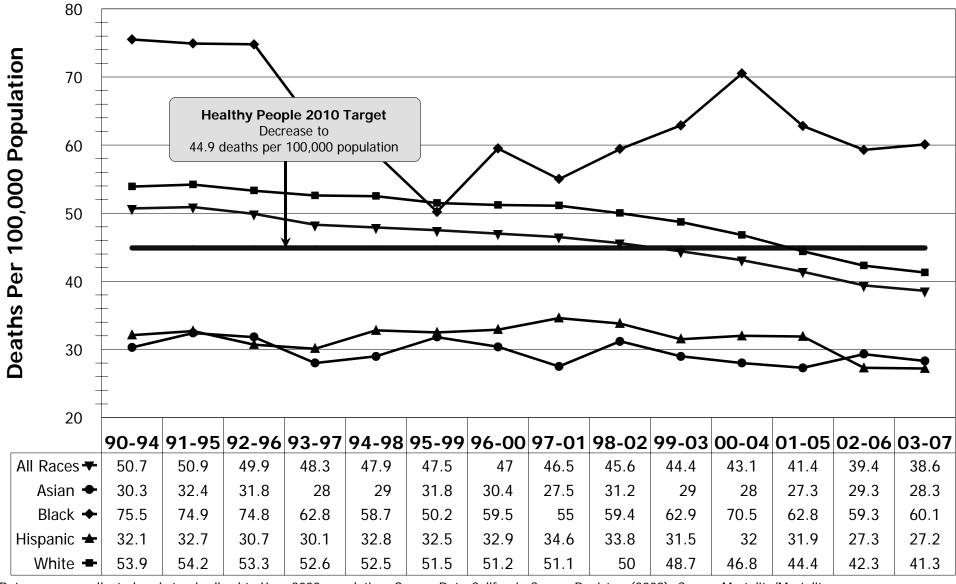
Colorectal Cancer Mortality By Sex

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2007

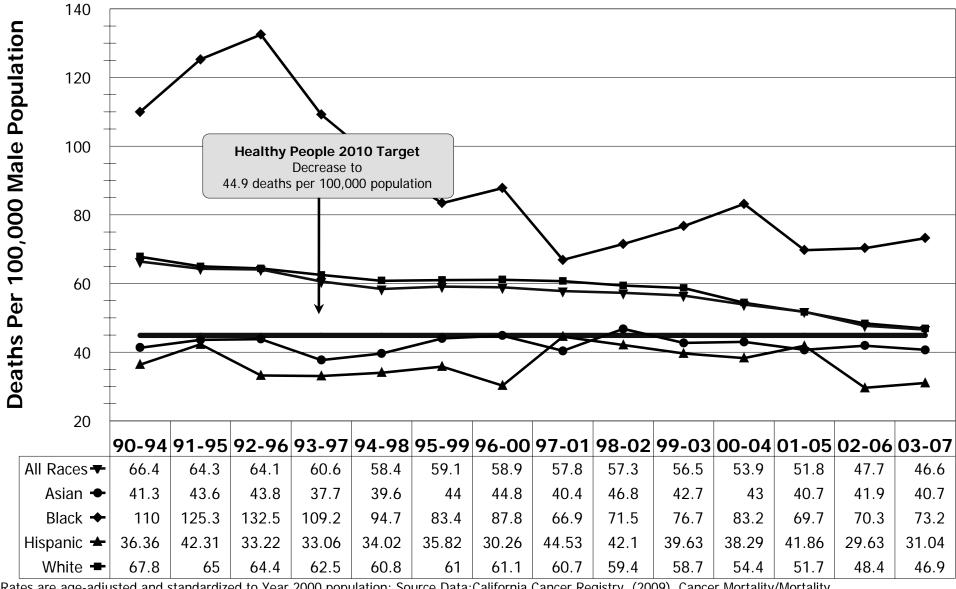


Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Incidence-Based Mortality - SEER 9 Regs Research Data, Nov 2009.

Lung Cancer Mortality By Race/Ethnicity 5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2007

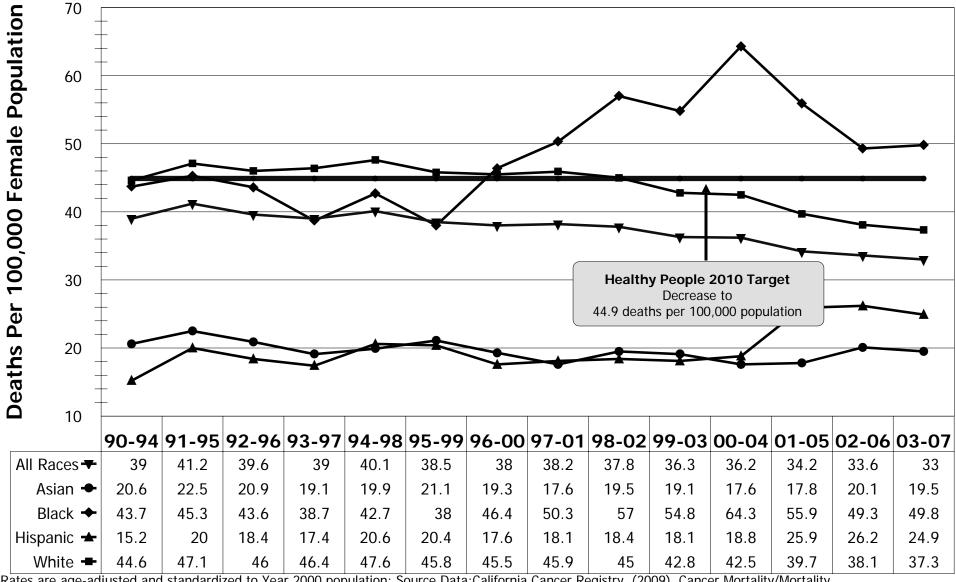


Male Lung Cancer Mortality By Race/Ethnicity 5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2007



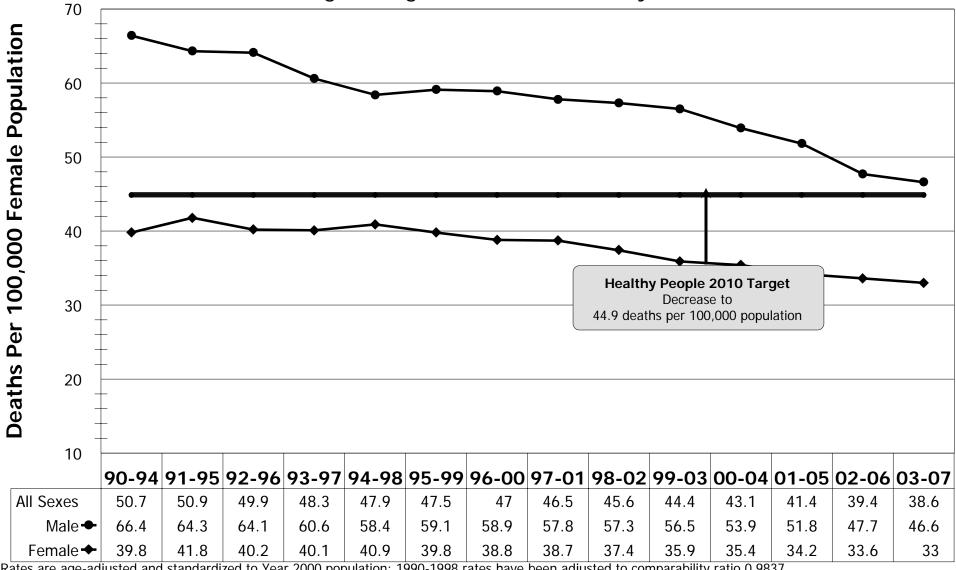
Female Lung Cancer Mortality By Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2007



Lung Cancer Mortality By Sex

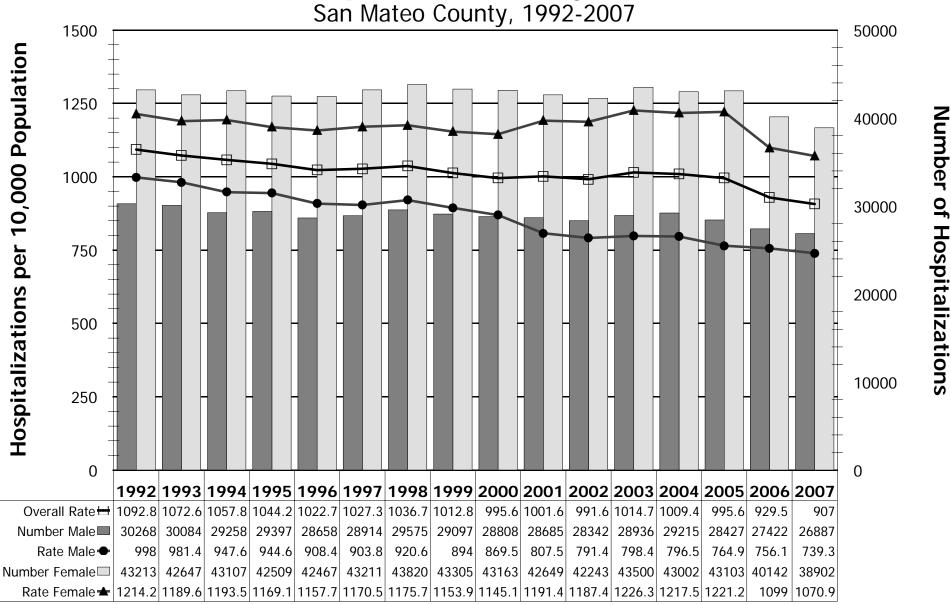
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2007



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 0.9837 Source Data: Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program (www.seer.cancer.gov) SEER*Stat Database: Mortality - All COD, Aggregated With County, Total U.S. (1990-2006)

Hospitalizations

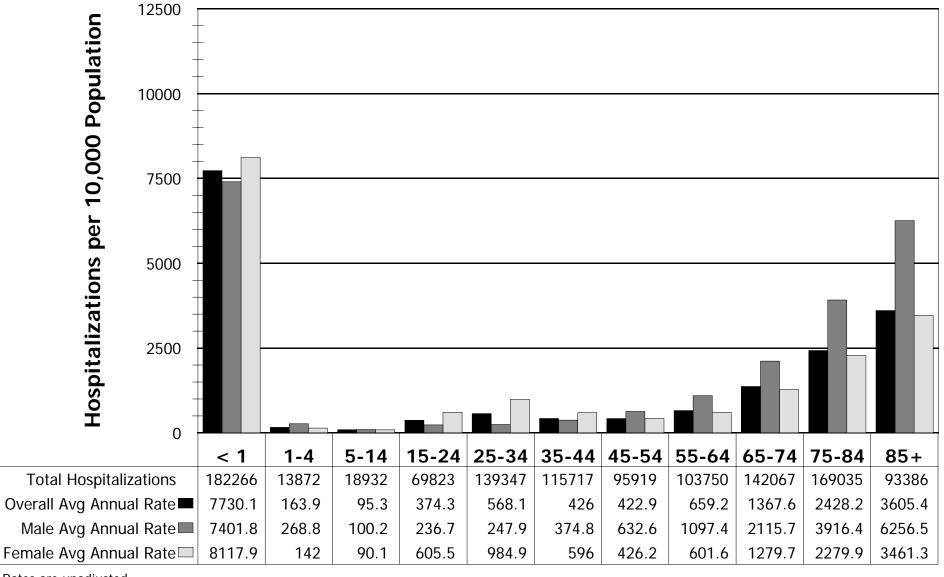
Hospitalizations by Sex



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

Hospitalizations by Age Group and Sex

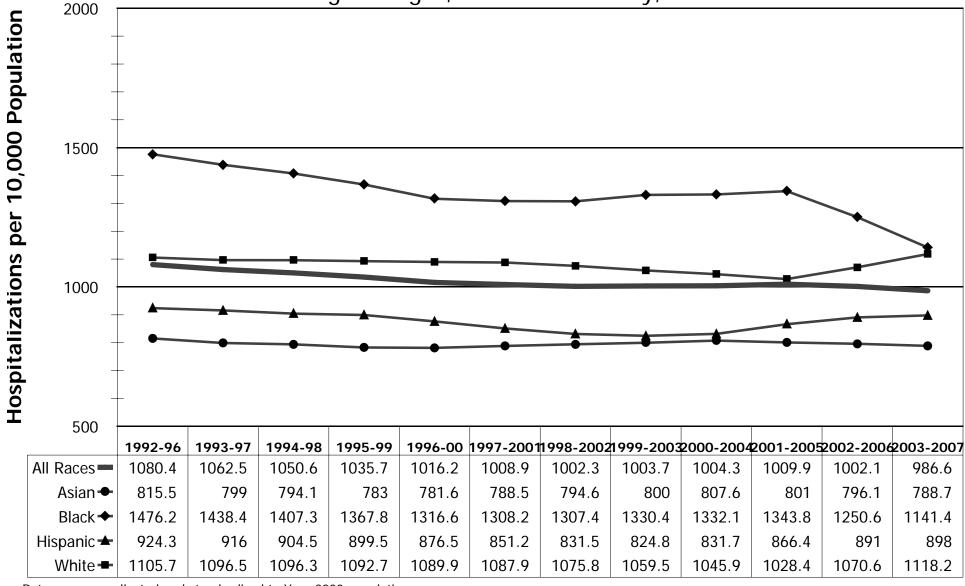
Average Annual Rate, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Rates are unadjusted

Hospitalizations by Race/Ethnicity

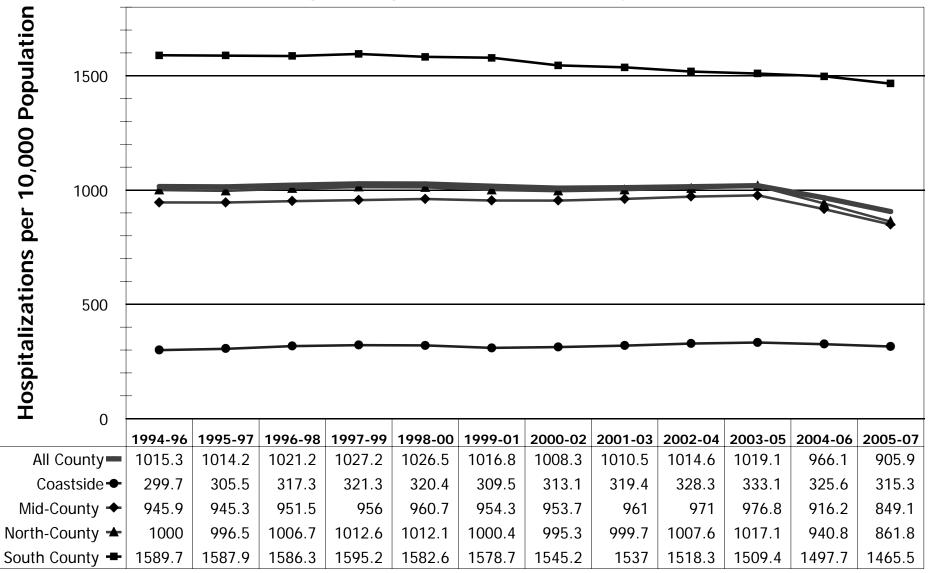
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

Hospitalizations by County Region

3-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1994-2007



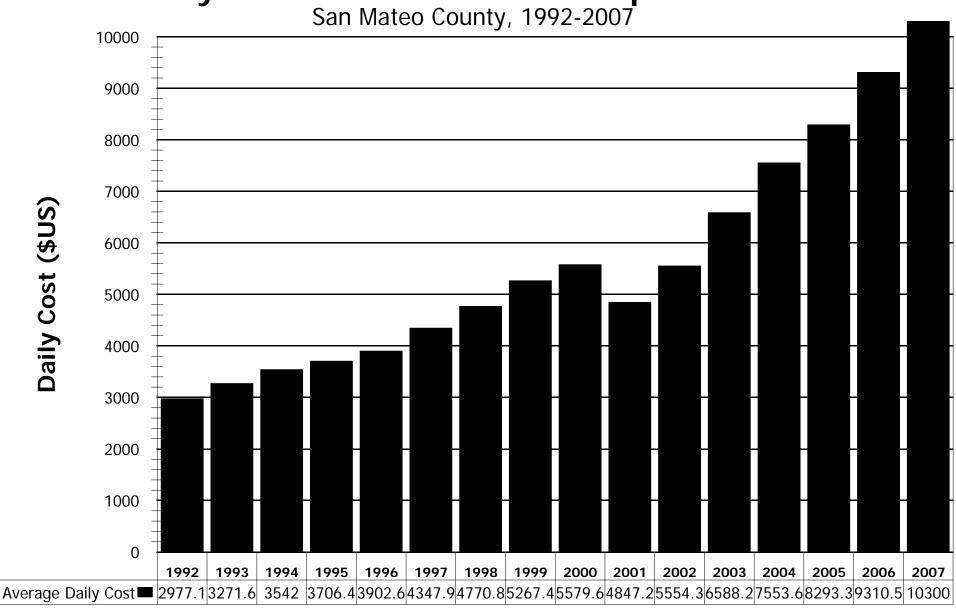
Rates are unadjusted

Major Hospitalization Utilization Indicators San Mateo County, 1992-2007

| J , | | | | |
|------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--|
| Year | Cost of Stay (\$US) | Length of Stay (Days) | Daily Cost(\$US) | |
| IGai | Average (SD) | Average (SD) | Average (SD) | |
| 1992 | 14,232.3 (28,467.0) | 5.3(10.2) | 2,977.1 (2,750.8) | |
| 1993 | 14,702.7 (28,358.8) | 5.1 (9.3) | 3,271.6 (2,986.4) | |
| 1994 | 15,051.4 (27,331.4) | 5.0 (10.3) | 3,542.0 (3,322.7) | |
| 1995 | 15,536.5 (34,970.7) | 4.8 (9.9) | 3,706.4 (3,570.1) | |
| 1996 | 15,352.9 (31,395.5) | 4.6 (9.2) | 3,902.6 (3,801.8) | |
| 1997 | 17,350.6 (38,717.2) | 4.7 (9.6) | 4,347.9 (4,456.7) | |
| 1998 | 19,745.9 (41,925.9) | 4.9 (9.2) | 4,770.8 (6,741.4) | |
| 1999 | 21,361.0 (48,643.1) | 4.8 (9.3) | 5,267.4 (7,843.6) | |
| 2000 | 23,041.6 (52,233.1) | 4.9 (9.8) | 5,579.6 (6,800.9) | |
| 2001 | 21,269.2 (46,600.4) | 5.1 (9.9) | 4,847.2 (6,448.5) | |
| 2002 | 24,385.2 (53,901.4) | 5.1 (9.8) | 5,554.3 (7,077.0) | |
| 2003 | 27,998.6 (60,726.5) | 5.1 (10.1) | 6,588.2 (11,346.2) | |
| 2004 | 31,550.8 (63,048.8) | 5.2 (11.0) | 7,553.6 (10,390.4) | |
| 2005 | 34,304.7 (71,947.1) | 5.2 (10.6) | 8,293.3 (11,715.8) | |
| 2006 | 39,937.21 (94,713.0) | 5.4 (12.0) | 9,310.5 (13,152.5) | |
| 2007 | 43,580.7 (88,882.8) | 5.1 (8.5) | 10,300.0 (14,238.8) | |
| | | | | |

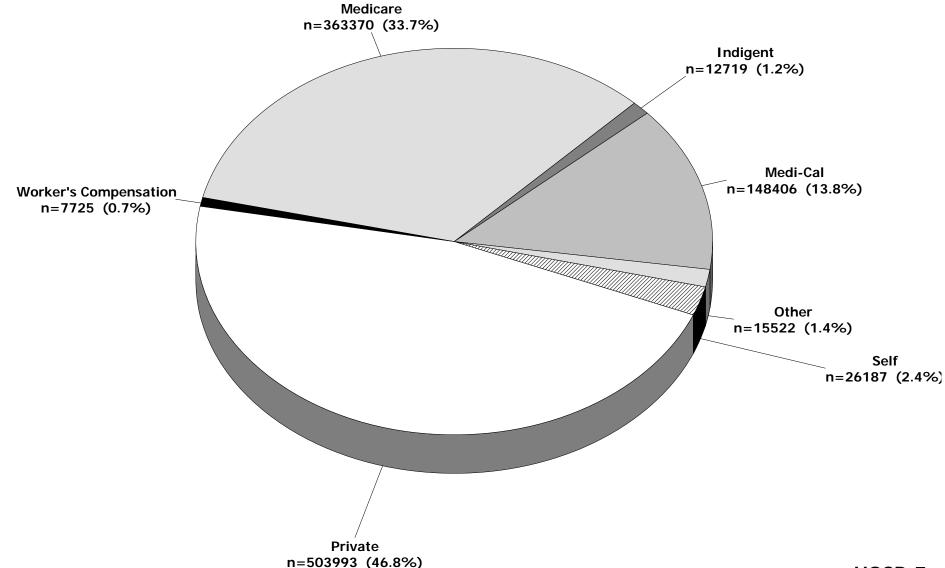
HOSP-5

Daily Cost Associated with Hospitalizations



Hospitalizations by Expected Payer Source

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Hospitalizations by General Diagnosis Category Ranked by Cumulative Frequency, San Mateo County, 1992-2007

| Rank | General Diagnosis Category | Cumulative Number | Percent of Total (%) | Average Annual Number | Average Annual Rate |
|------|--|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | Complications of pregnancy, childbirth & puerperium | 173460 | 17.1 | 12390 | 150 |
| 2 | Circulatory system diseases | 159987 | 15.8 | 11427.6 | 149.7 |
| 3 | Digestive system diseases | 90810 | 9 | 6486.4 | 82.9 |
| 4 | Injury and poisoning | 83115 | 8.2 | 5936.8 | 76.8 |
| 5 | Respiratory system diseases | 75407 | 7.4 | 5386.2 | 70.5 |
| 6 | Neoplasms (benign and malignant) | 62131 | 6.1 | 4437.9 | 57.5 |
| 7 | Mental disorders | 57693 | 5.7 | 4120.9 | 52.6 |
| 8 | Musculoskeletal/connective tissue diseases | 50533 | 5 | 3609.5 | 45.5 |
| 9 | Genitourinary system diseases | 40230 | 4 | 2873.6 | 36.3 |
| 10 | III-defined conditions | 38976 | 3.8 | 2784 | 36.1 |
| 11 | Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic, immunity disorders | 27969 | 2.8 | 1997.8 | 25.3 |
| 12 | Infectious diseases | 25580 | 2.5 | 1827.1 | 22.5 |
| 13 | Skin and subcutaneous tissue diseases | 15639 | 1.5 | 1117.1 | 13.9 |
| 14 | Nervous system and sensory organ diseases | 12462 | 1.2 | 890.1 | 11.2 |
| 15 | Perinatal conditions | 7639 | 0.8 | 545.6 | 6.8 |
| 16 | Blood and blood-forming organ diseases | 8416 | 0.8 | 601.1 | 7.5 |
| 17 | Congenital anomalies | 4672 | 0.5 | 333.7 | 4.3 |

HOSP-8

Hospitalizations by Selected Specific Diagnosis Category

Ranked by Cumulative Frequency, San Mateo County, 1992-2007

| Rank | Specific Diagnosis Category | Cumulative Number | Percent of Total (%) | Average Annual Number | Average Annual Rate |
|------|---|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | Heart Disease | 101844 | 10.1 | 6365.3 | 100 |
| 2 | Cancer | 48402 | 4.8 | 3025.1 | 43.4 |
| 3 | Schizophrenic and Affective Psychoses | 30811 | 3 | 1925.7 | 33.8 |
| 4 | Cerebrovascular Disease | 37266 | 3.7 | 2329.1 | 28.3 |
| 5 | Pneumonia and Influenza | 31529 | 3.1 | 1970.6 | 29.3 |
| 6 | Fractures | 31253 | 3.1 | 1953.3 | 31 |
| 7 | Liver, Gallbladder, and Pancreatic Diseases | 30009 | 3 | 1875.6 | 27.1 |
| 8 | Complications of Surgical and Medical Procedures | 27375 | 2.7 | 1710.9 | 24.6 |
| 9 | Arthropathies and Related Disorders | 23079 | 2.3 | 1442.4 | 20.3 |
| 10 | Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disorder | 19406 | 1.9 | 1212.9 | 18.2 |

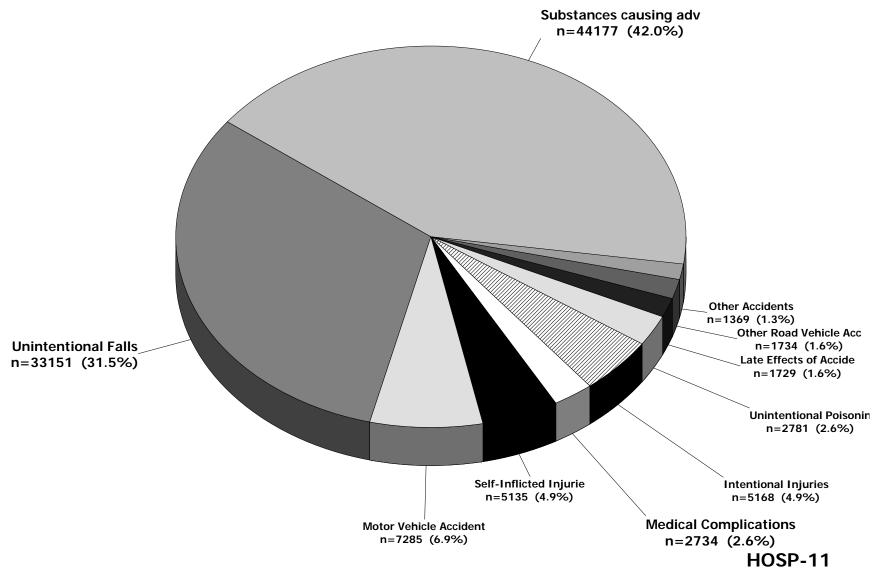
Leading Causes of Injury-Related Hospitalization Ranked by Cumulative Frequency, San Mateo County, 1992-2007

| Rank | Type Of Injury | Cumulative Number | Average Annual Number | Average Annual Rate |
|------|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Substances causing adverse effects in therapeutic use* | 44177 | 2761.1 | 33.9 |
| 2 | Unintentional Falls | 33151 | 2071.9 | 26.6 |
| 3 | Motor Vehicle Accidents | 7285 | 455.3 | 5.7 |
| 4 | Self-Inflicted Injuries | 5135 | 320.9 | 4.2 |
| 5 | Complications of Surgical and Medical Procedures | 2734 | 170.9 | 2.2 |
| 6 | Intentional Other-Inflicted Injuries | 5168 | 323 | 3.3 |
| 7 | Unintentional Poisoning | 2781 | 173.8 | 2.1 |
| 8 | Late Effects of Accidental Injury | 1729 | 108.1 | 1.1 |
| 9 | Other Road Vehicle Accidents | 1734 | 108.4 | 1.2 |
| 10 | Accidents caused by submersion, suffocation or foreign bodies | 1369 | 85.6 | 1 |

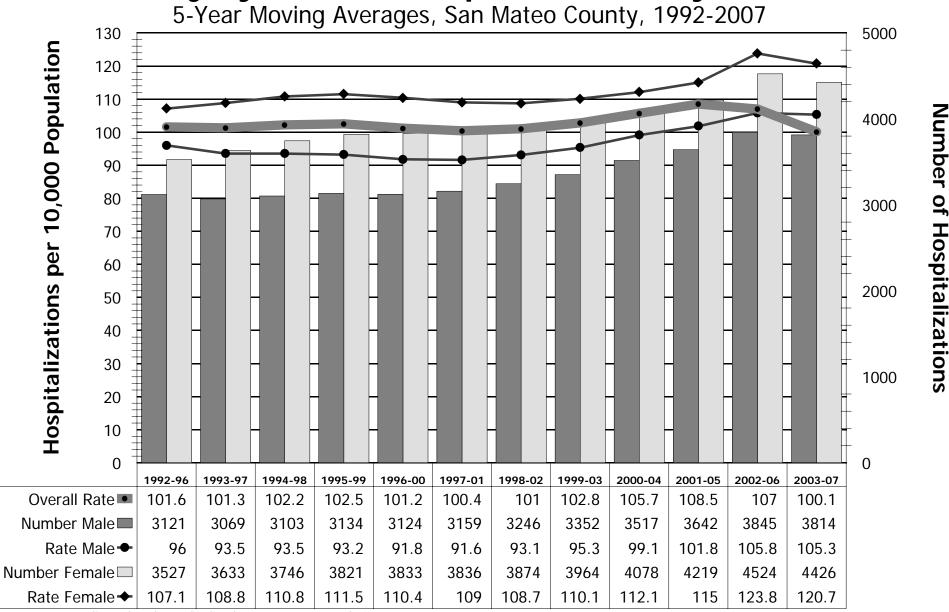
^{*}See text for details

Causes of Injury-Related Hospitalizations

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1992-2007

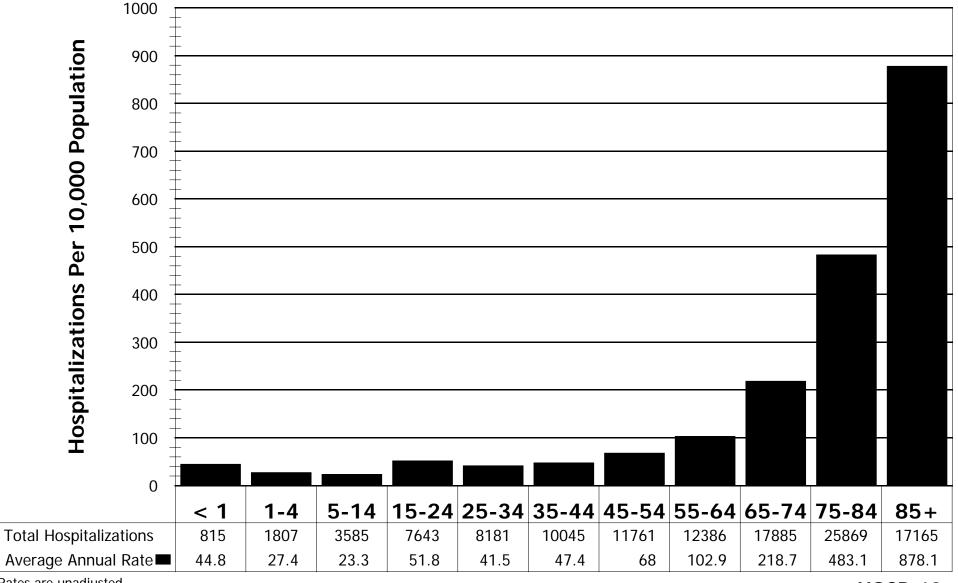


Injury-Related Hospitalizations by Sex



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

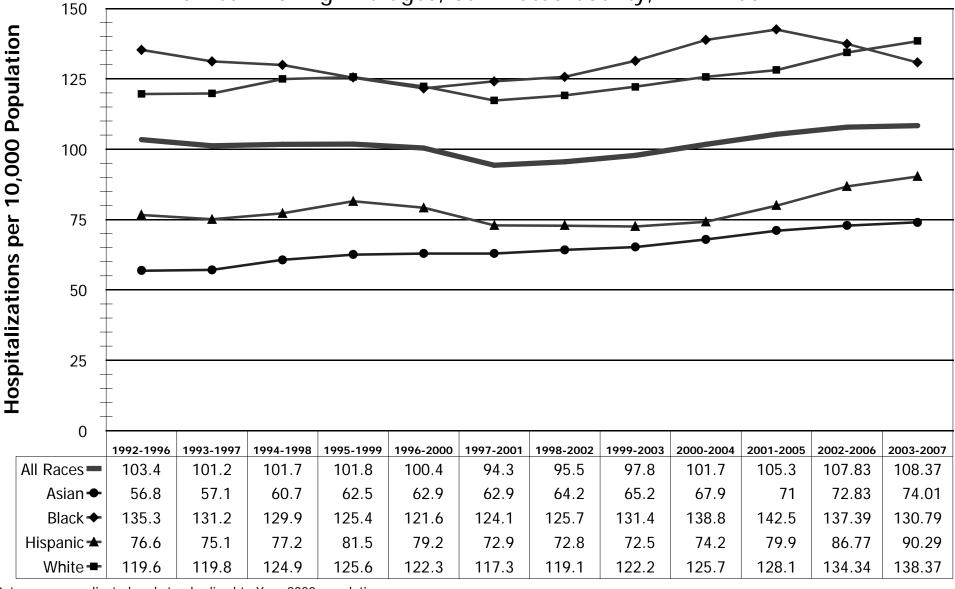
Injury-Related Hospitalizations by Age Group Average Annual Rate, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Rates are unadjusted

Injury-Related Hospitalizations by Race/Ethnicity

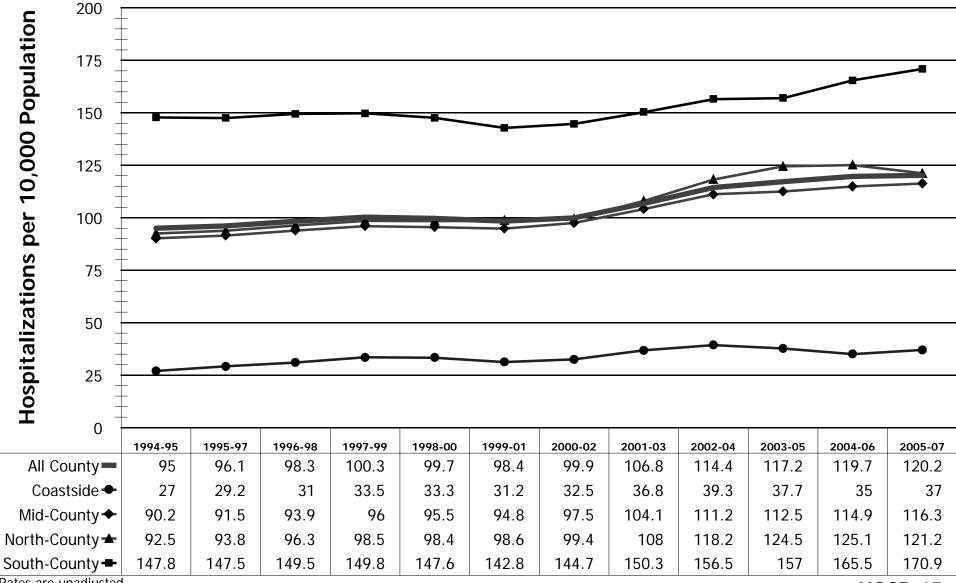




Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

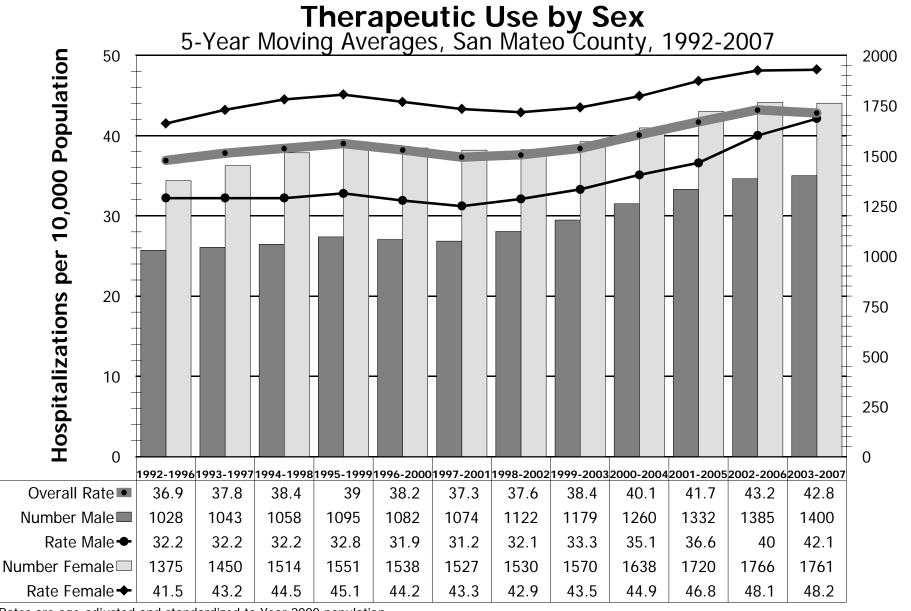
Injury-Related Hospitalizations by County Region

3-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1994-2007



Rates are unadjusted

Hospitalizations due to Substances Causing Adverse Effects in

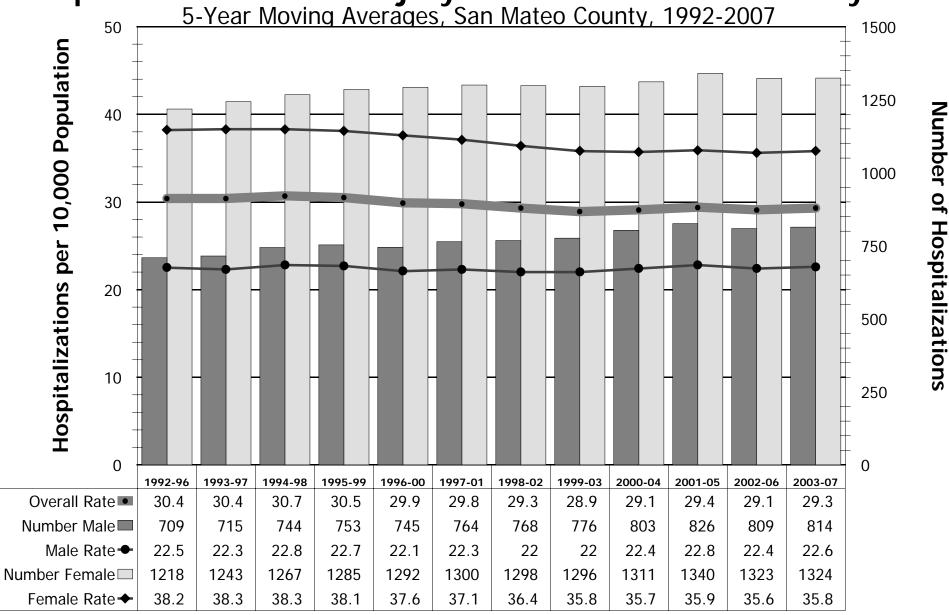


Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

Source: Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, 1992-2007

Number of Hospitalizations

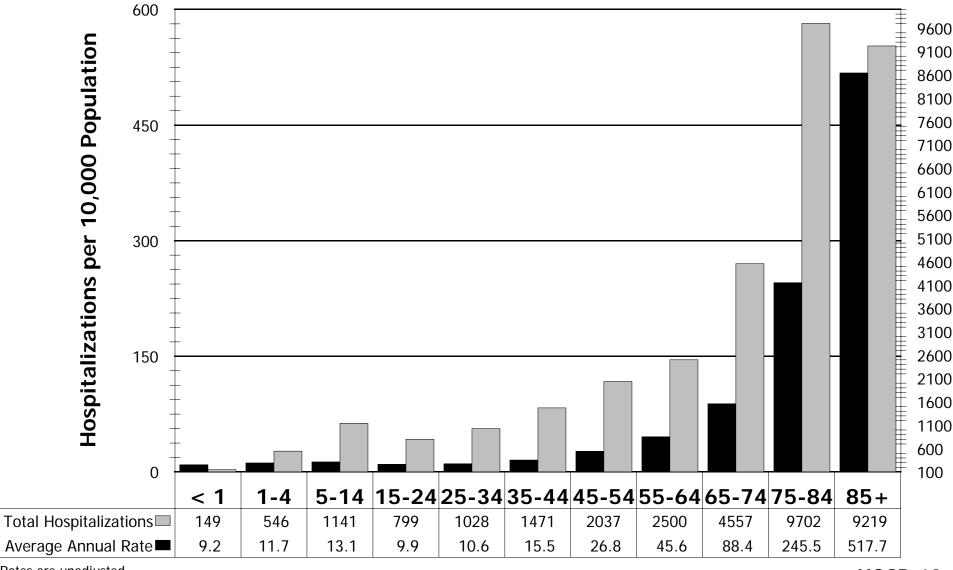
Hospitalizations due to Injury from Unintentional Falls by Sex



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

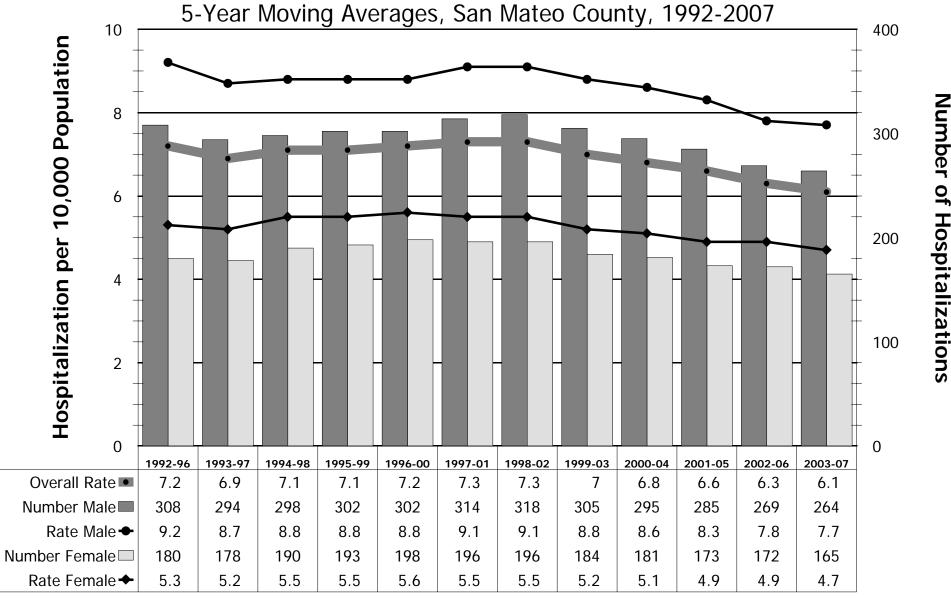
Hospitalizations due to injury from Unintentional Falls by Age Group

Average Annual Rate, San Mateo County, 1992-2007

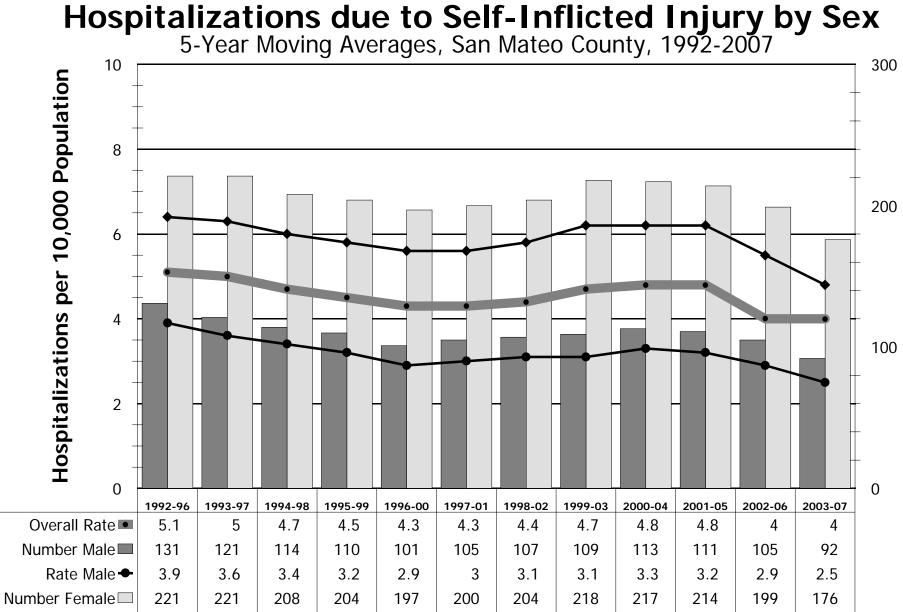


Rates are unadjusted

Hospitalizations due to Injury from Motor Vehicle Accidents by Sex



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

6.4

Rate Female ◆

Source: Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, 1992-2007

6

6.3

5.8

5.6

Number of Hospitalizations

5.6

5.8

6.2

6.2

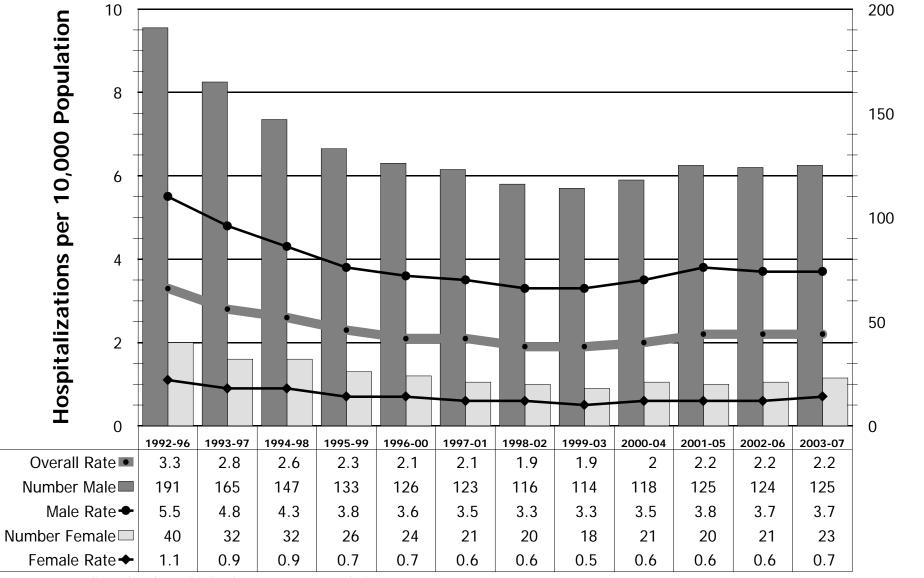
6.2

5.5

4.8

Hospitalizations Due to Injury Purposely Inflicted by Other by Sex

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

Source: Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, 1992-2007

Number of Hospitalizations

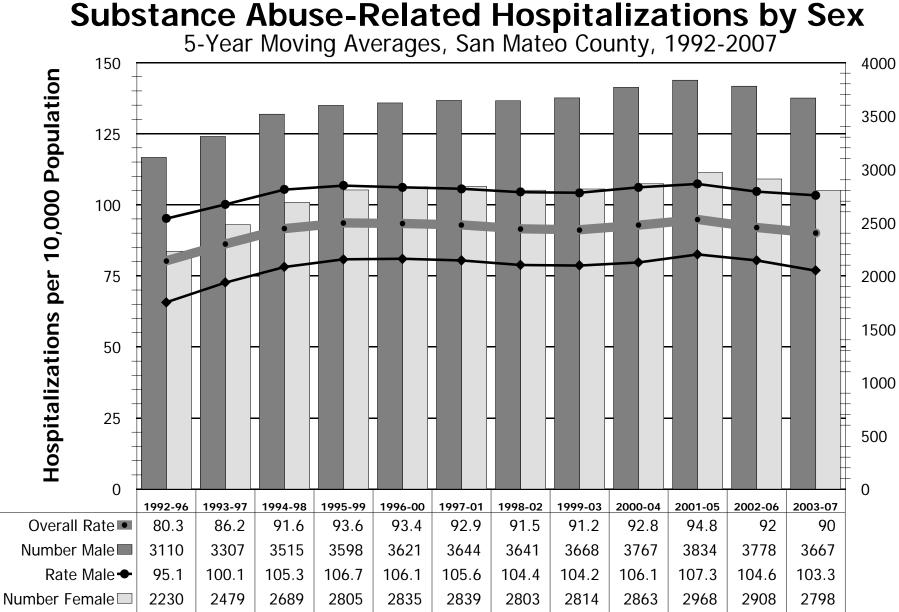
Leading Causes of Substance Abuse-Related Hospitalization

Ranked by Cumulative Frequency, San Mateo County, 1992-2007

| Rank | Type Of Substance Abuse | Cumulative Number | Average Annual Number | Average Annual Rate |
|------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | Alcohol Dependence Syndrome (Chronic Alcoholism) | 10420 | 744.3 | 9.4 |
| 2 | Chronic Alcoholic Liver Disease | 10021 | 715.8 | 9.2 |
| 3 | Nondependent Alcohol Abuse | 8422 | 601.6 | 7.8 |
| 4 | Alcoholic Psychoses | 5724 | 408.9 | 5.4 |
| 5 | Self-Inflicted Poisoning* | 2255(data missing) | 250.6(data missing) | 3.6(data missing) |
| 6 | Alcohol Dependence Syndrome (Acute Alcohol Intoxication) | 2744 | 196 | 2.4 |
| 7 | Nondependent Abuse of Drugs Other Than Cocaine and Opioids | 9635 | 688.2 | 9.4 |
| 8 | Drug Psychoses | 4337 | 309.8 | 4.1 |
| 9 | Opioid-Type Drug Dependence | 1416 | 136.8 | 1.2 |
| 10 | Nondependent Abuse of Cocaine | 1915 | 101.1 | 1.7 |

*See text for details

HOSP-22



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

65.7

Rate Female ◆

Source: Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, 1992-2007

72.6

78.1

80.8

81

76.8

80.4

Number of Hospitalizations

80.4

78.8

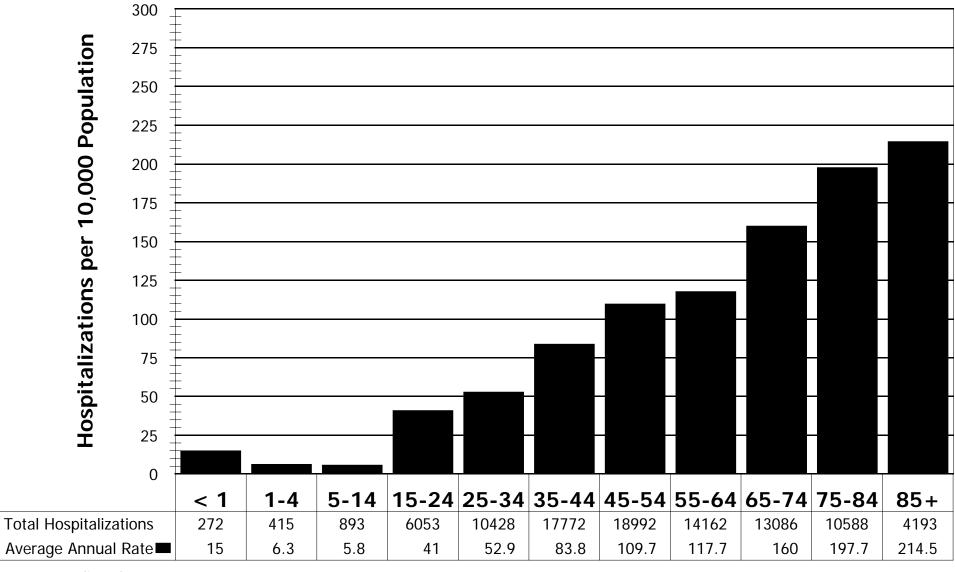
78.6

79.7

82.5

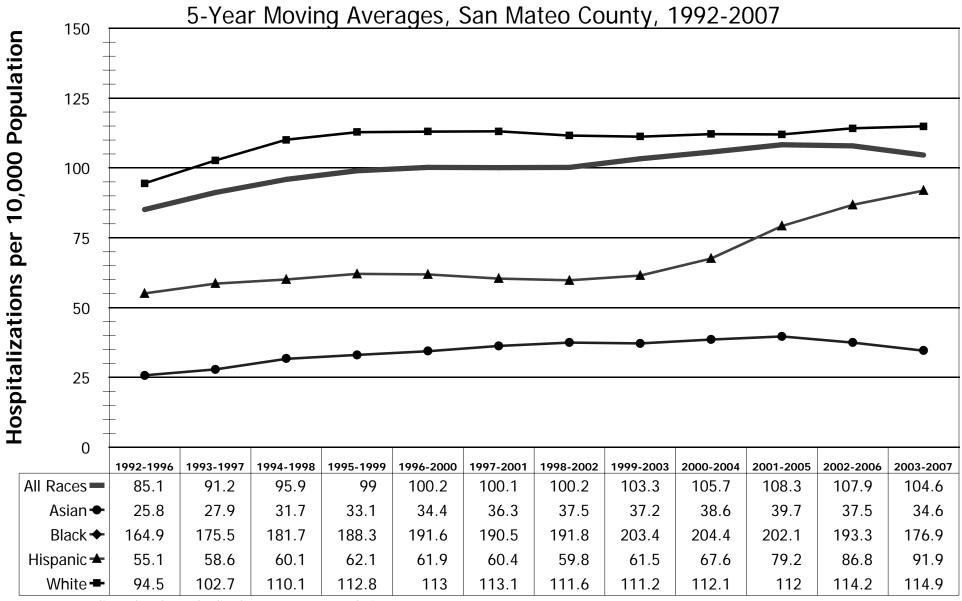
Substance Abuse-Related Hospitalizations by Age

Average Annual Rate, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Rates are unadjusted

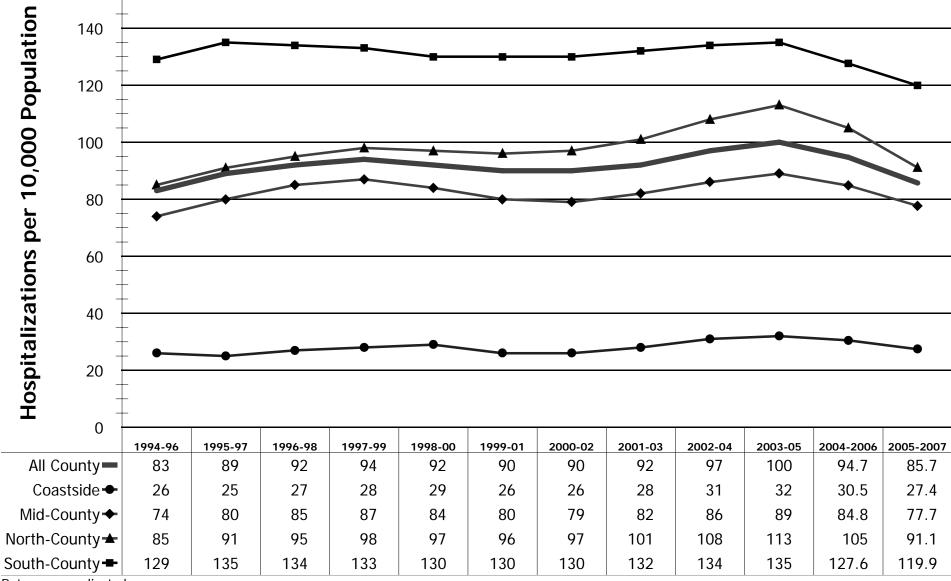
Substance Abuse-Related Hospitalizations by Race/Ethnicity



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

Substance Abuse-Related Hospitalizations by County Region

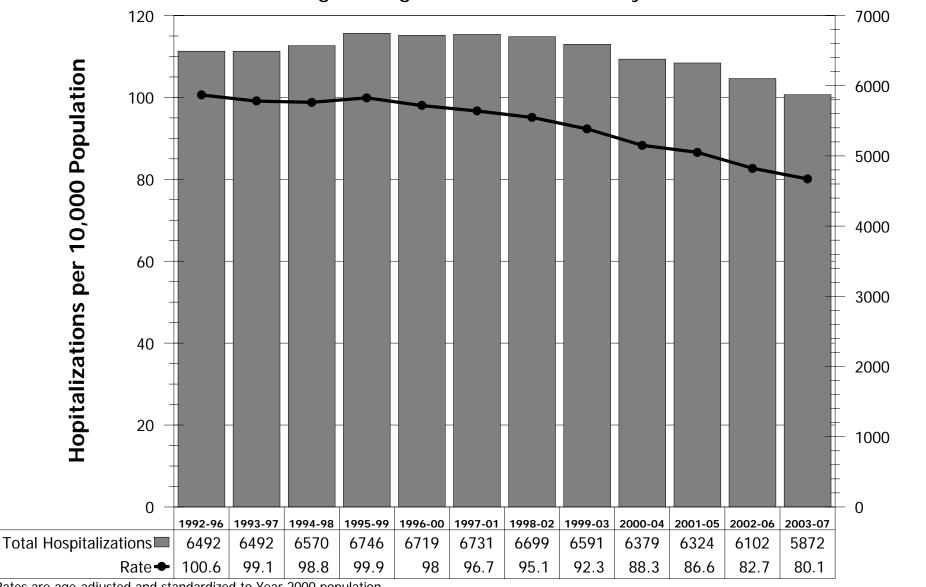




Rates are unadjusted

Avoidable Hospitalizations

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1992-2007

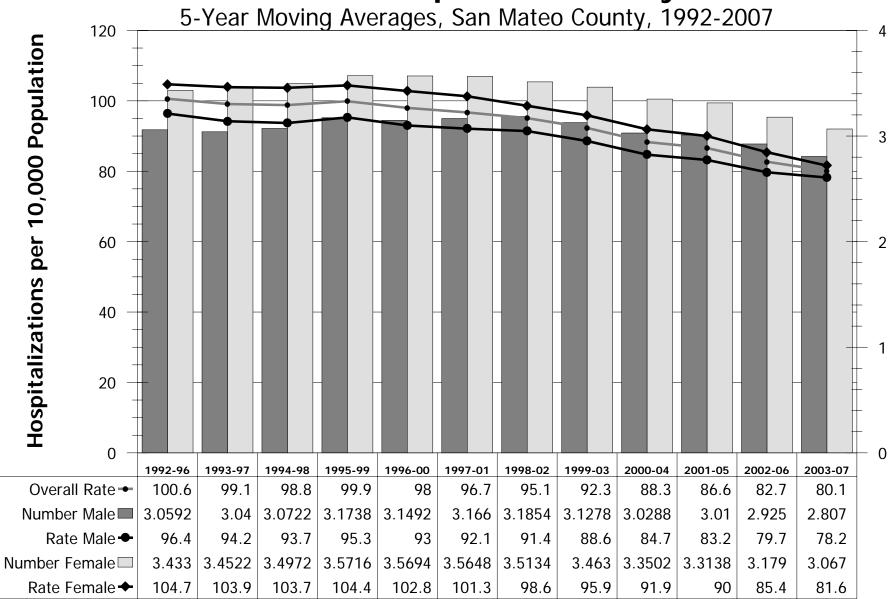


Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

Source: Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, 1992-2007

Number of Hospitalizations

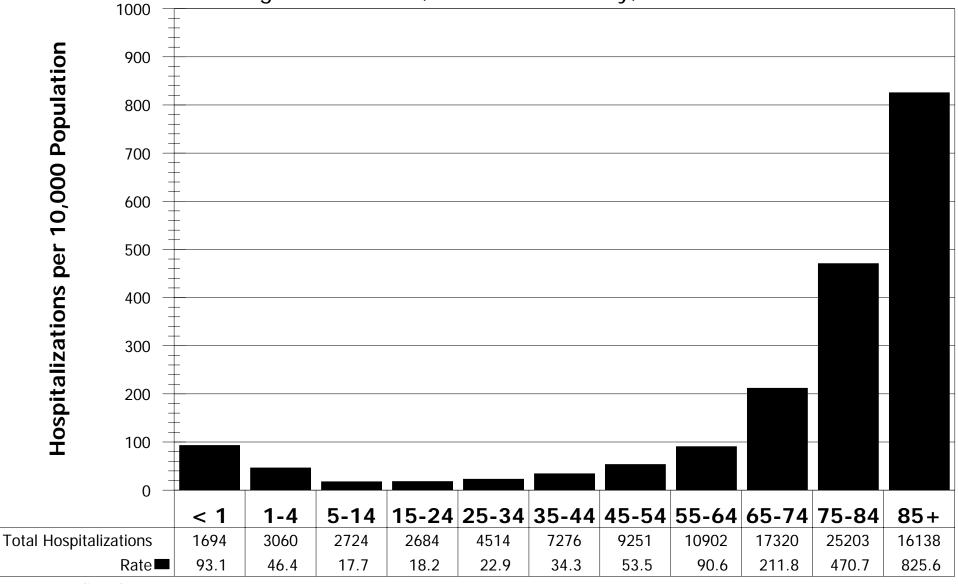
Avoidable Hospitalizations by Sex



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population Source: Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, 1992-2005 Number of Hospitalizations (Thousands)

Avoidable Hospitalizations by Age Group

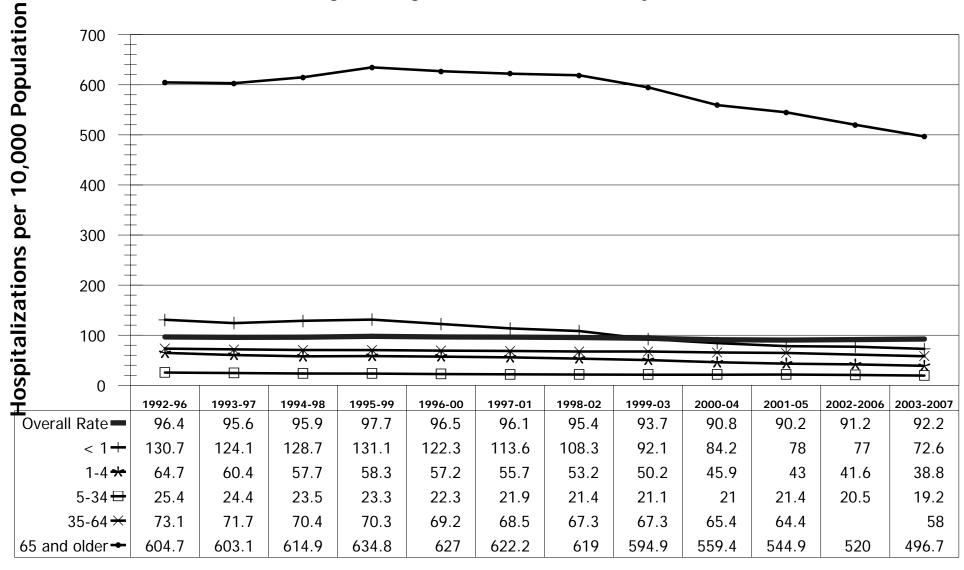




Rates are unadjusted

Avoidable Hospitalizations by Age Group

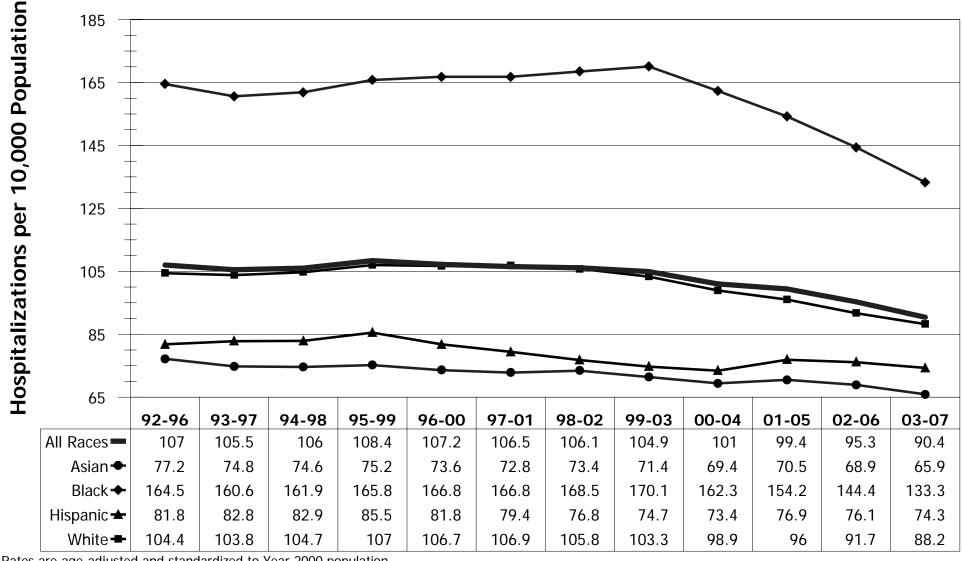
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population Source: Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, 1992-2007

Avoidable Hospitalizations by Race/Ethnicity

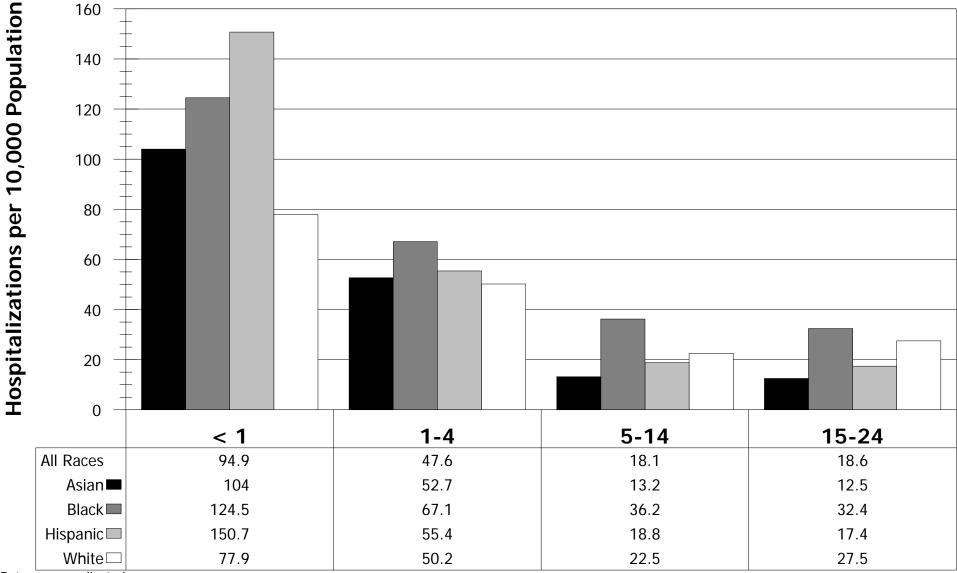
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

Avoidable Hospitalizations by Race/Ethnicity and Age Group

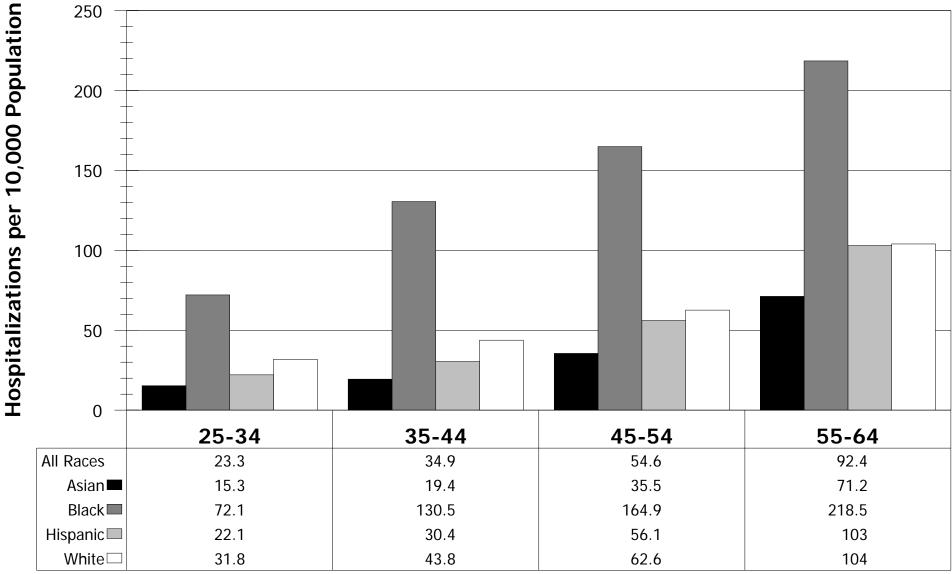
Cumulative Data, Ages under 25 Years, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Rates are unadjusted

Avoidable Hospitalizations by Race/Ethnicity and Age Group

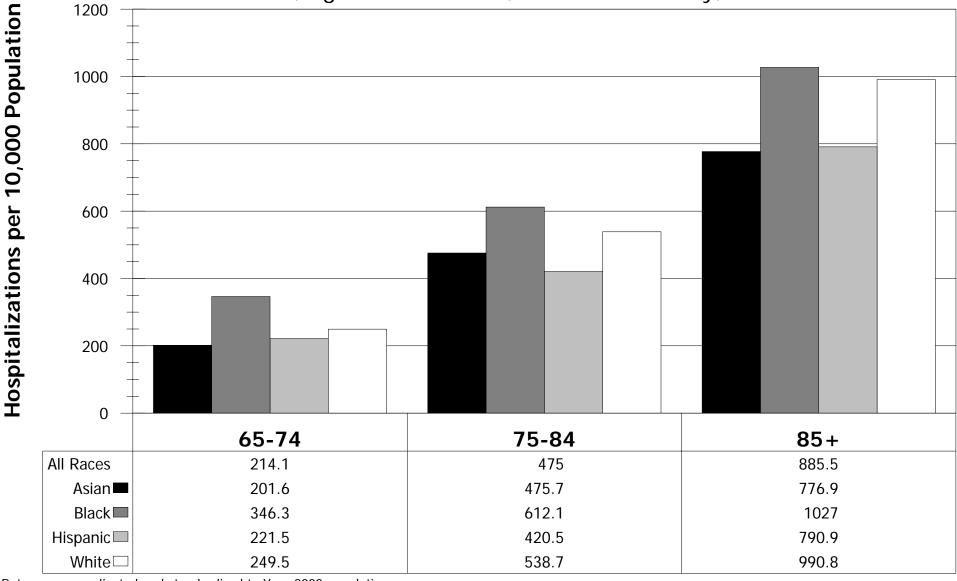
Cumulative Data, Ages 25 to 64, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population Source: Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, 1992-2007

Avoidable Hospitalizations by Race/Ethnicity and Age Group

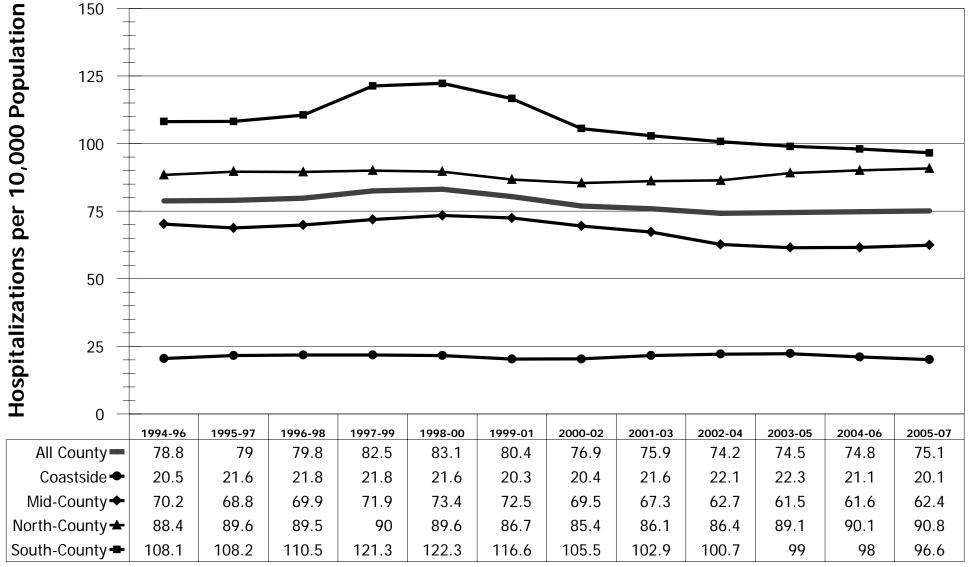




Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

Avoidable Hospitalizations by County Region

3-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1994-2007



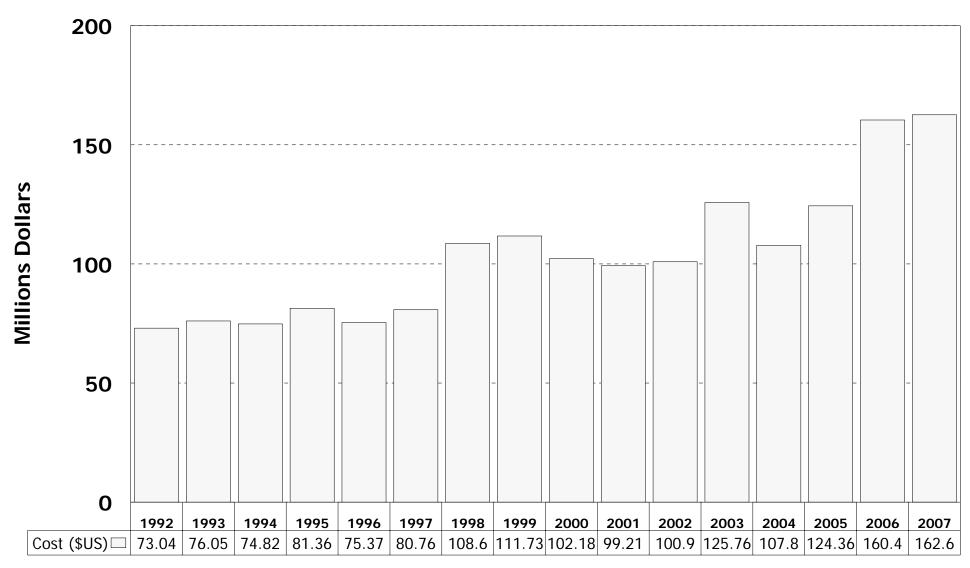
Rates are unadjusted

Major Avoidable Hospitalization Utilization Indicators San Mateo County, 1992-2007

| Year | Cost of Stay (\$US) | Length of Stay (Days) | Daily Cost(\$US) |
|------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | Average (SD) | Average (SD) | Average (SD) |
| 1992 | 15,768.6 (24,448.5) | 6.2 (8.5) | 2,621.1 (1,962.1) |
| 1993 | 15,933.5 (28,418.5) | 5.8 (7.0) | 2821.6 (1,918.7) |
| 1994 | 16,349.9 (21,029.0) | 5.7 (8.1) | 3,069.1 (2,283.8) |
| 1995 | 16,340.1 (26,808.9) | 5.4 (8.3) | 3,139.8 (1,978.0) |
| 1996 | 15,610.9 (25,148.9) | 5.0 (5.8) | 3,194.0 (2,077.5) |
| 1997 | 17,178.5 (27,933.9) | 5.0 (8.8) | 3,570.4 (2,224.6) |
| 1998 | 21,050.4 (37,954.6) | 5.4 (8.2) | 4,106.5 (2,623.7) |
| 1999 | 21,814.6 (32,936.3) | 5.4 (8.9) | 4,367.6 (2,620.7) |
| 2000 | 22,771.7 (32,764.4) | 5.3 (9.8) | 4,742.5 (3,796.4) |
| 2001 | 6,786,7 (29,102.4) | 4.2 (8.0) | 1,263.5 (2,763.4) |
| 2002 | 7,027.1 (25,262.9) | 4.1 (7.9) | 1,397.2 (3,233.2) |
| 2003 | 8,652.2 (42,284.4) | 4.4 (11.5) | 1,622.9 (4,038.6) |
| 2004 | 8,687.9 (30,974.6) | 4.1 (8.3) | 1,794.4 (4,940.0) |
| 2005 | 9,372.2 (33,690.8) | 4.2 (9.4) | 1,926.4 (5,090.3) |
| 2006 | 39,484.9 (70,928.0) | 6.0 (12.7) | 8,020 (10,820.7) |
| 2007 | 43,802.4 (71,712.2) | 5.4 (7.3) | 8,718 (10,218) |

Annual Cumulative Cost for Avoidable Hospitalizations

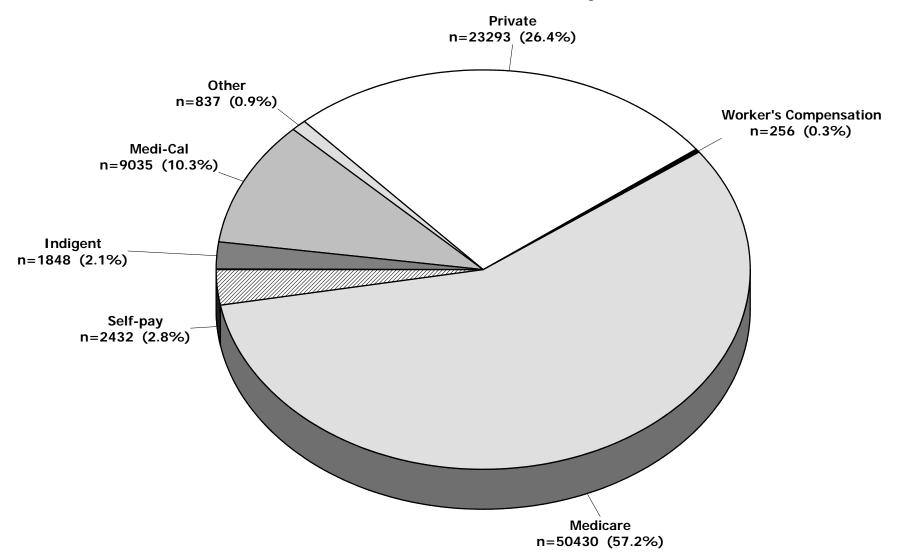
San Mateo County, 1992-2007



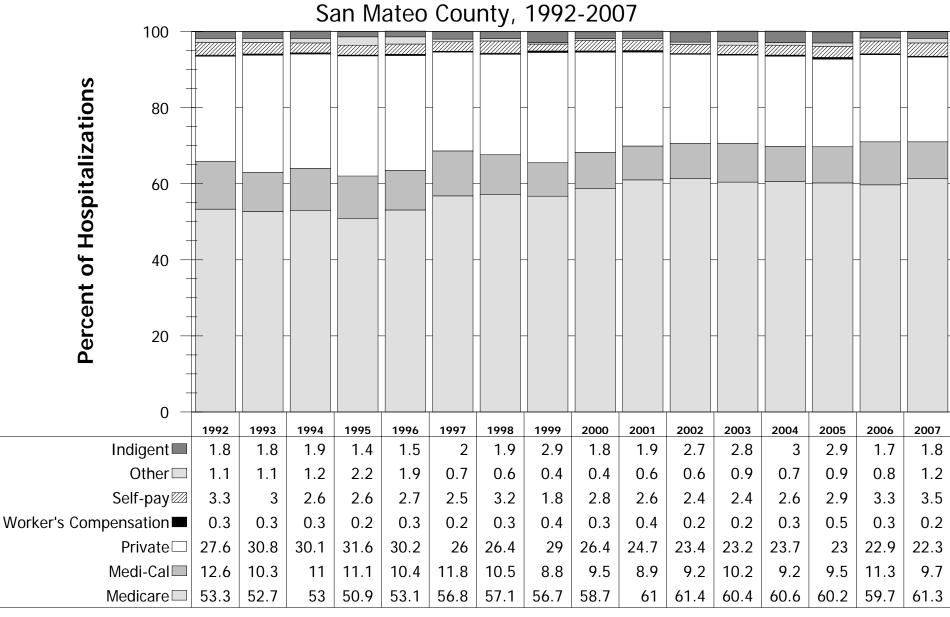
All costs are adjusted to 2000 US dollars

Expected Source of Payment for Avoidable Hospitalizations

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Expected Source of Payment for Avoidable Hospitalizations



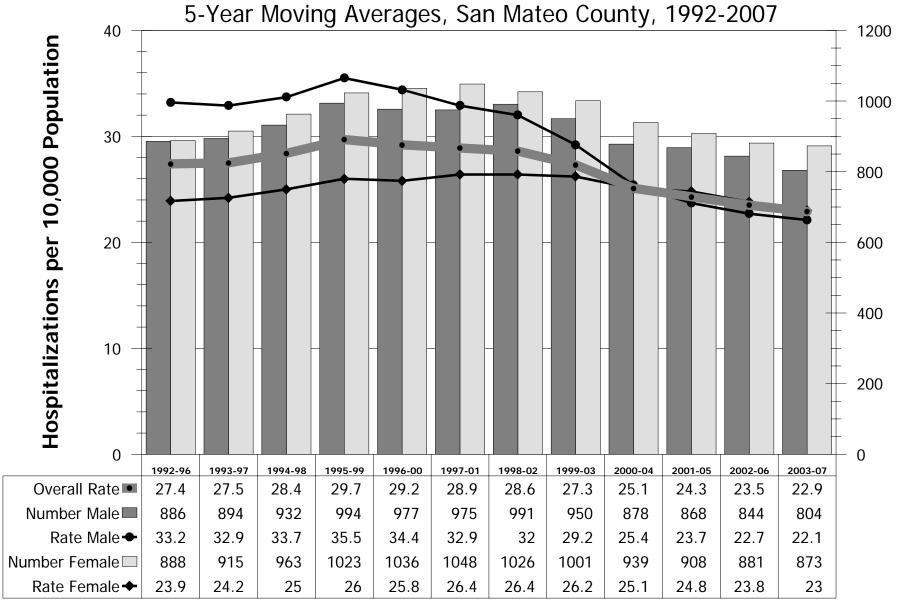
Avoidable Hospitalizations by Specific Diagnoses Ranked by Cumulative Frequency, San Mateo County, 1992-2007

| Rank | Specific Diagnosis Category | Cumulative Number | Average Annual Number | Average Annual Rate |
|------|-------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | Pneumonia | 28154 | 1760 | 24.9 |
| 2 | Congestive Heart Failure | 26587 | 1662 | 23.5 |
| 3 | Cellulitis | 11318 | 707 | 10 |
| 4 | Perforated or Bleeding Ulcer | 6023 | 376 | 5.3 |
| 5 | Asthma | 5627 | 352 | 5 |
| 6 | Pyelonephritis | 3280 | 205 | 2.9 |
| 7 | Ruptured Appendix | 3177 | 199 | 2.8 |
| 8 | Diabetic Ketoacidosis or Coma | 2663 | 166 | 2.4 |
| 9 | Malignant Hypertension | 577 | 36 | 0.5 |
| 10 | Hypokalemia | 485 | 30 | 0.4 |
| 11 | Gangrene | 154 | 10 | 0.1 |
| 12 | Immunizable Conditions | 82 | 5 | 0.1 |

Rates are unadjusted

Number of Hospitalizations

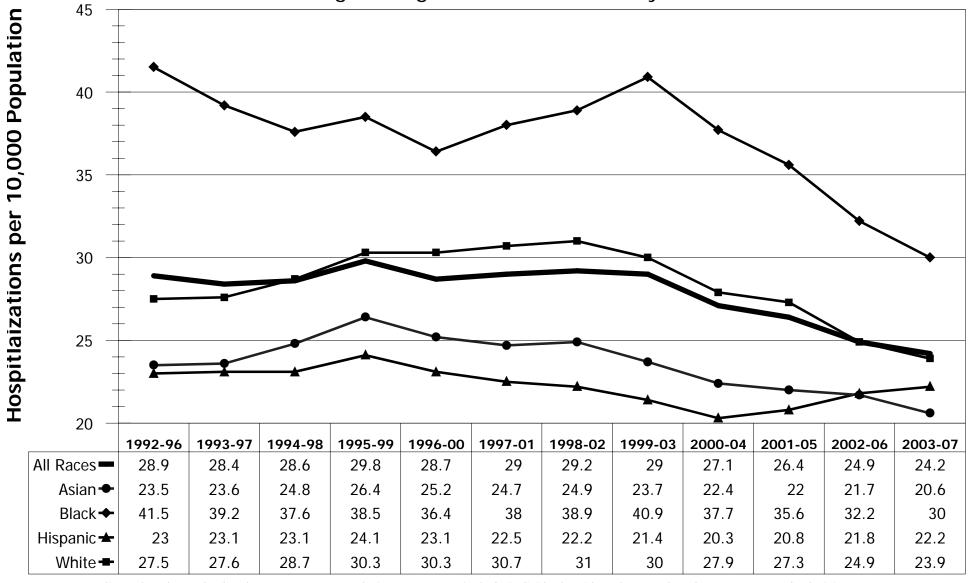
Avoidable Pneumonia Hospitalizations by Sex



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population. Includes individuals with "other" and "unknown" race and ethnicity. Source: Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, 1992-2007

Avoidable Pneumonia Hospitalizations by Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1992-2007

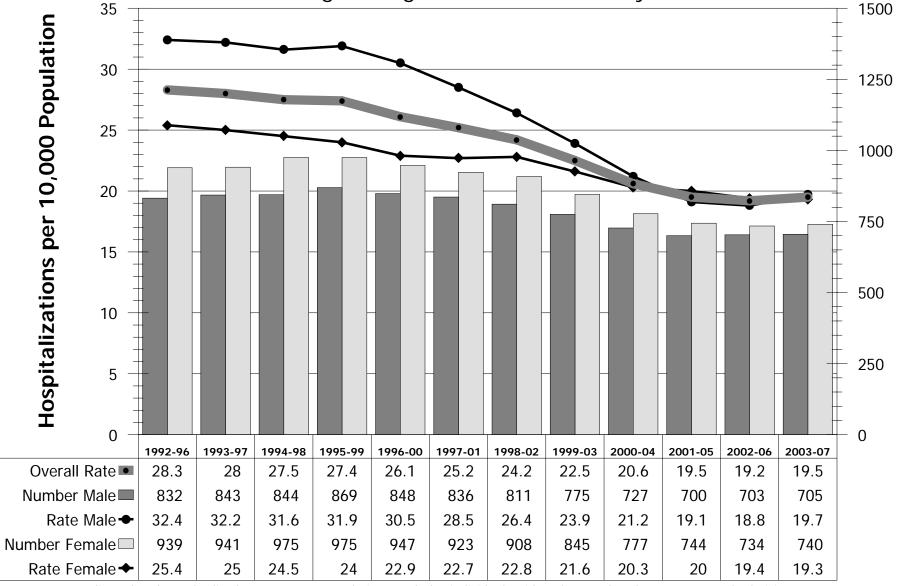


Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population. Does not include individuals with "other" and "unknown" race and ethnicity. Source: Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, 1992-2007

HOSP-42

Avoidable Congestive Heart Failure Hospitalizations by Sex





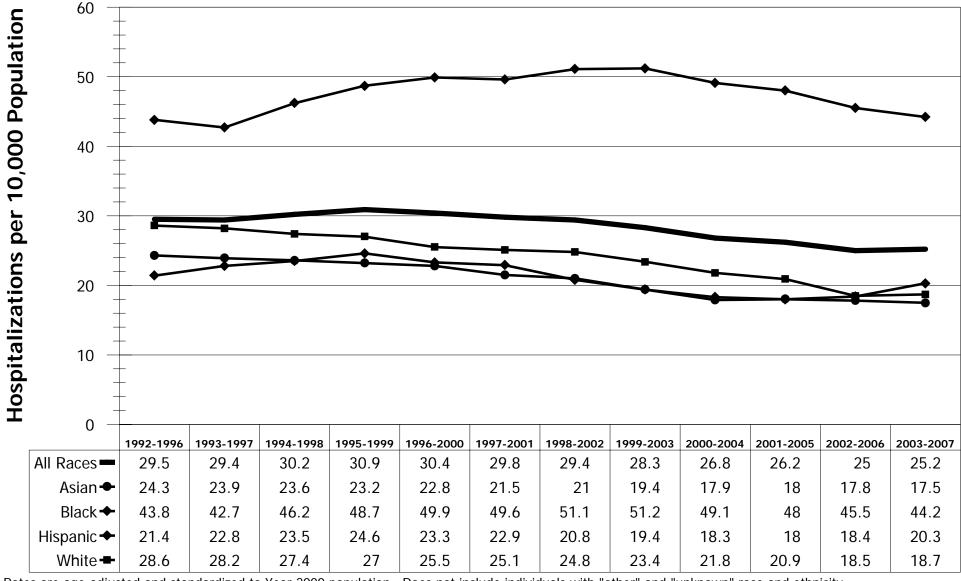
Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population. Includes individuals with "other" and "unknown" race and ethnicity. Source: Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, 1992-2007

HOSP-43

Number of Hospitalizations

Avoidable Congestive Heart Failure Hospitalizations by Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1992-2007

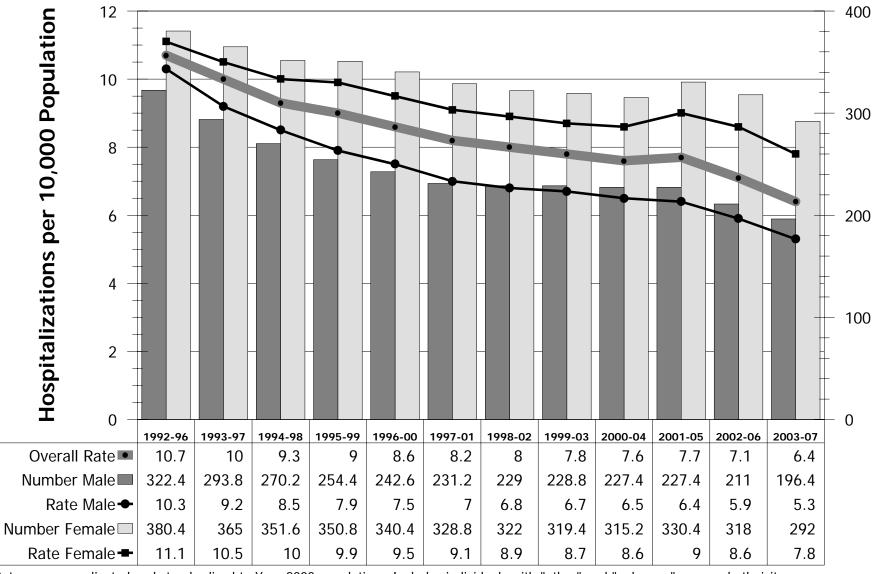


Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population. Does not include individuals with "other" and "unknown" race and ethnicity. Source: Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, 1992-2007

HOSP-44

Avoidable Asthma Hospitalizations by Sex

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



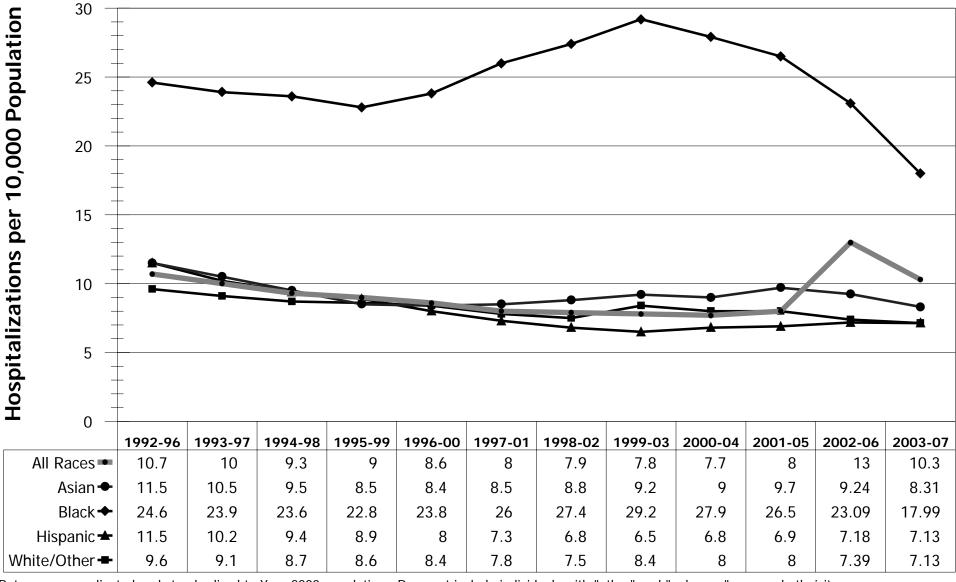
Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population. Includes individuals with "other" and "unknown" race and ethnicity. Source: Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, 1992-2007

HOSP-45

Number of Hospitalizarions

Avoidable Asthma Hospitalizations by Race/Ethnicity

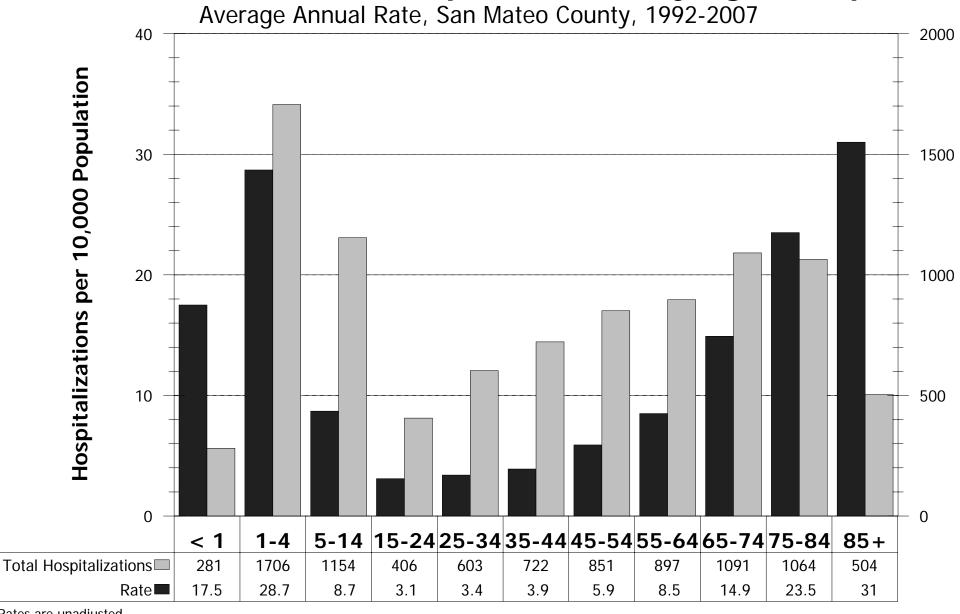
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1992-2007



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population. Does not include individuals with "other" and "unknown" race and ethnicity. Source: Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data, 1992-2007

HOSP-46

Avoidable Asthma Hospitalizations by Age Group

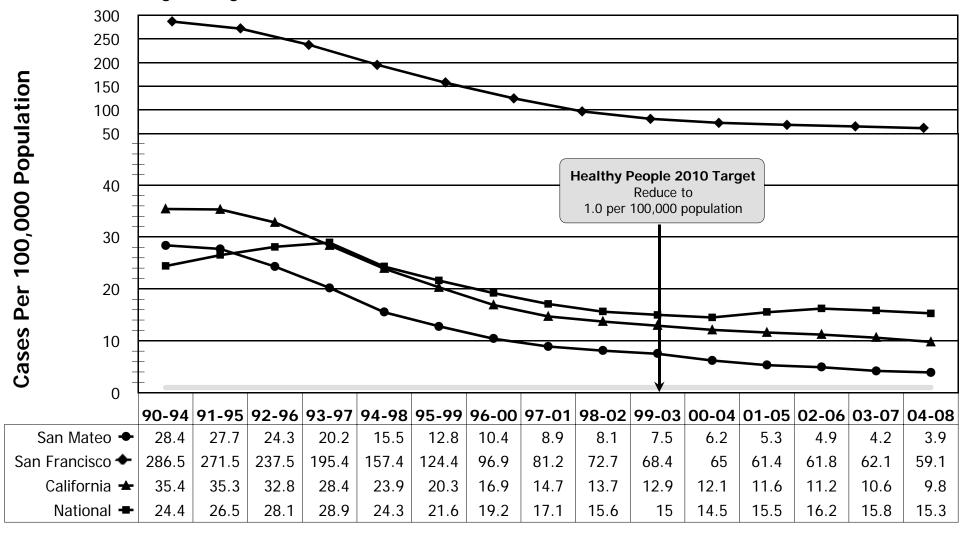


Rates are unadjusted

Infectious Diseases

Comparison of Annual AIDS Incidence Rates

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo and San Francisco Counties, California and National, 1990-2008



^{*} National data for 2005 were not available at press time Rates are unadjusted.

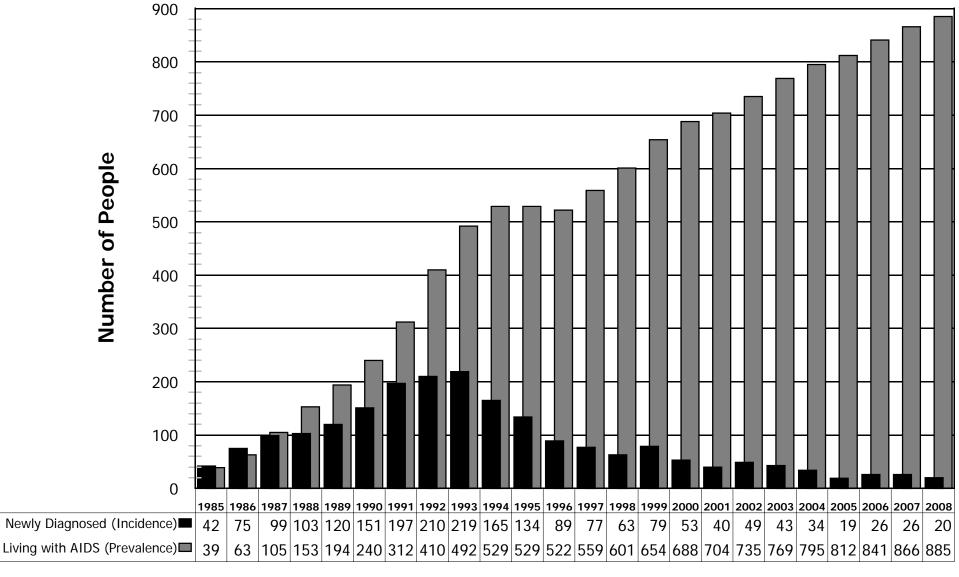
Sources: San Mateo County: HIV/AIDS Reporting System (HARS).

San Francisco: San Francisco Department of Public Health. AIDS Quarterly Surveillance Report, Summary of San Francisco Residents with AIDS. Reported as of 09/30/06. Available online at: www.dph.sf.ca.us/PHP/AIDSSurvUnit.htm. California: California AIDS Surveillance Report, Cumulative Cases as Of December 31,2008. Available online at: www.dph.sca.gov/AIDS/Statistics/.

National: U.S. CDC. HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, 2008. Atlanta: US Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; 2008. Available at: http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/stats/hasrlink.htm. Population: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates Program. GCT-T1-R. 2005 Population Estimates, California -- County. Available online at: factfinder.census.gov.

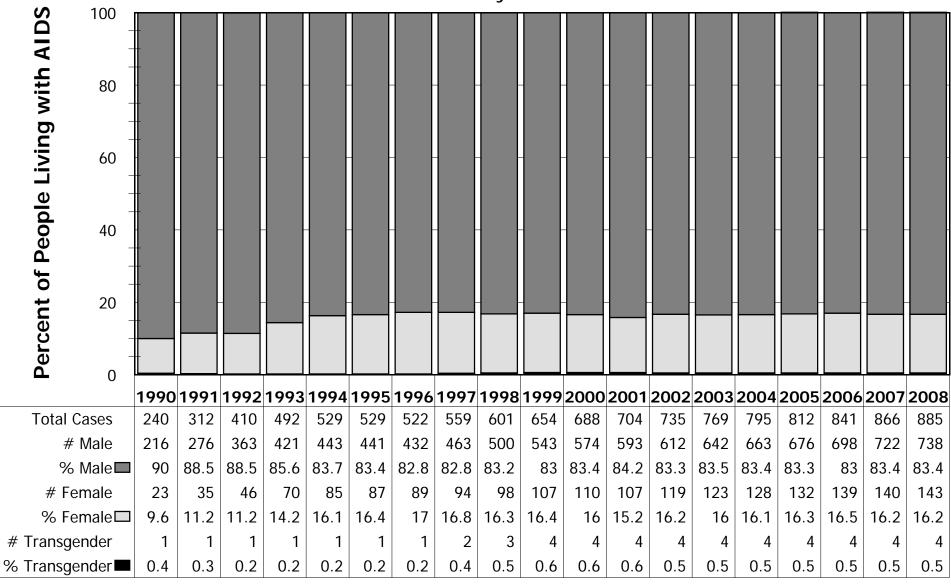
Incidence and Prevalence of AIDS by Year

San Mateo County, 1985-2008



People Living with AIDS, by Gender

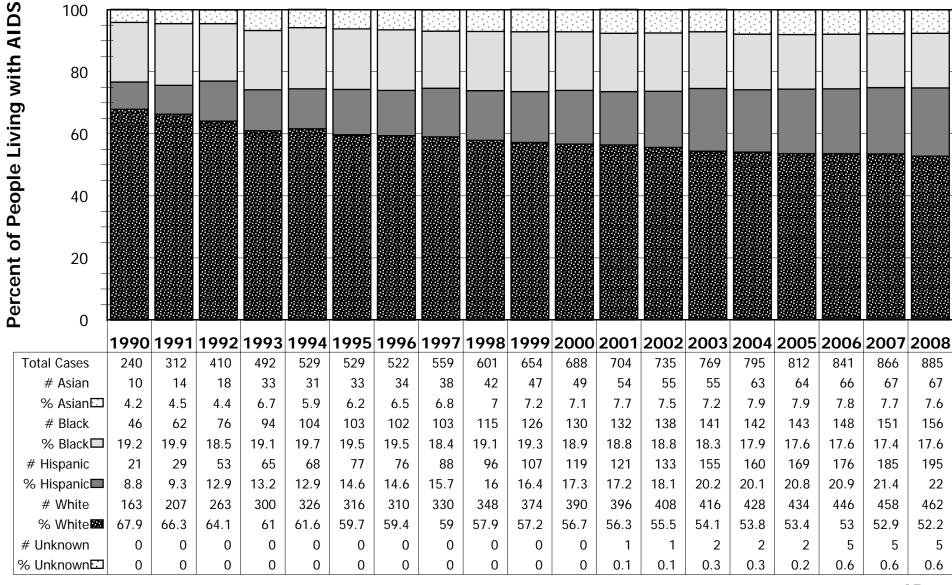
San Mateo County, 1990-2008



ID-4

People Living with AIDS, by Race/Ethnicity

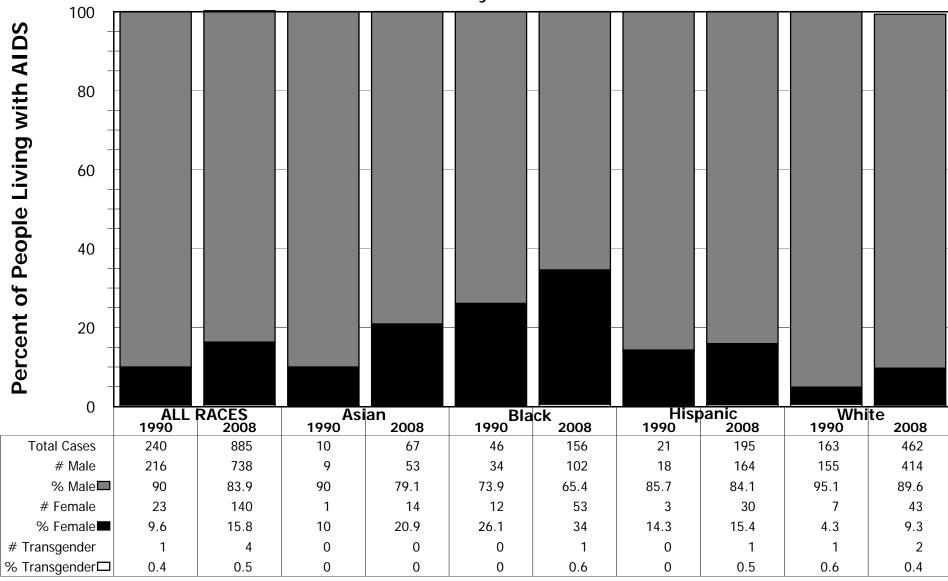
San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Source Data: San Mateo County Health Department, HIV/AIDS Reporting System (HARS)

People Living with AIDS, by Gender within Race/Ethnicity

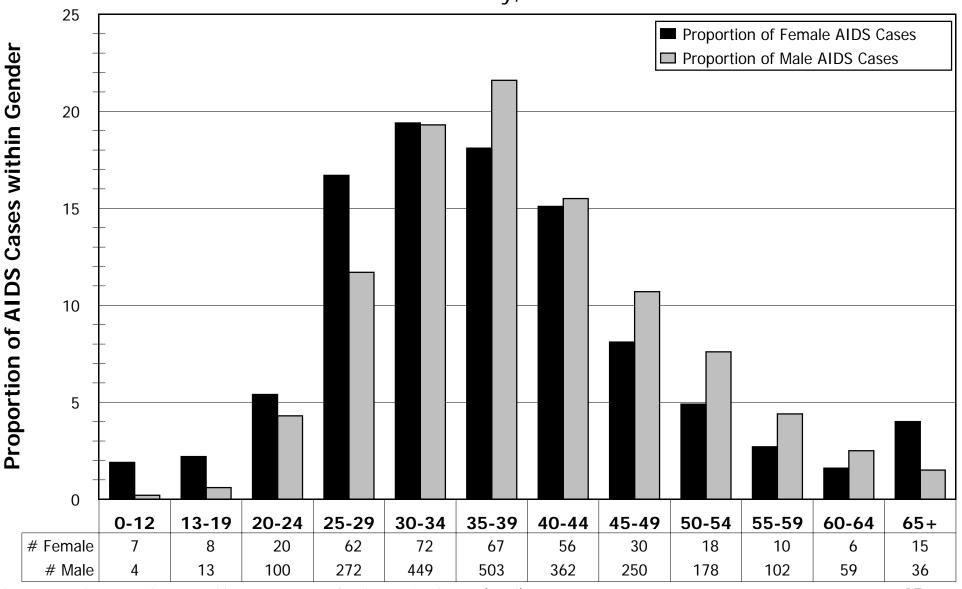
San Mateo County, 1990 & 2008



Source Data: San Mateo County Health Department, HIV/AIDS Reporting System (HARS)

Cumulative AIDS Cases, by Gender and Age

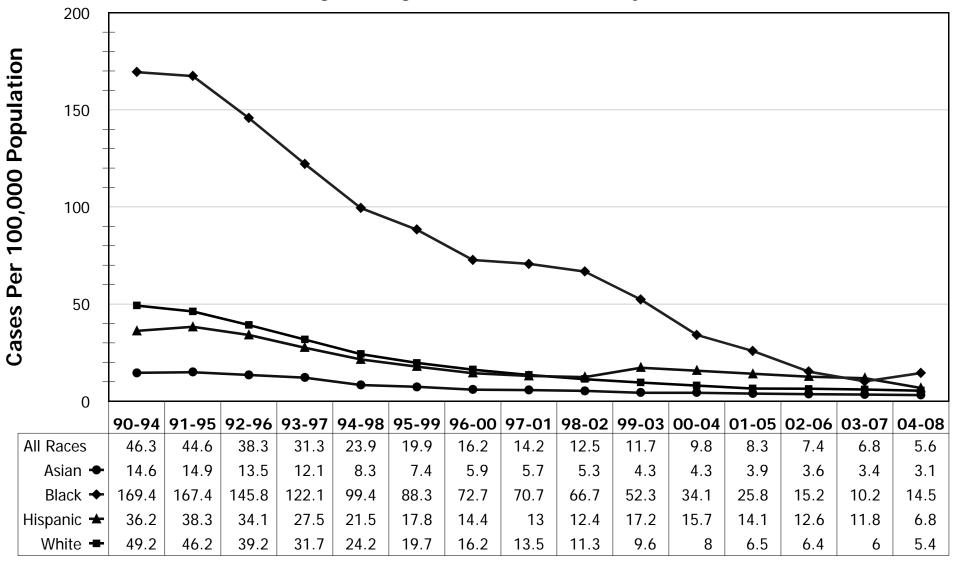
San Mateo County, 1980-2008



Source Data: San Mateo County Health Department, HIV/AIDS Reporting System (HARS)

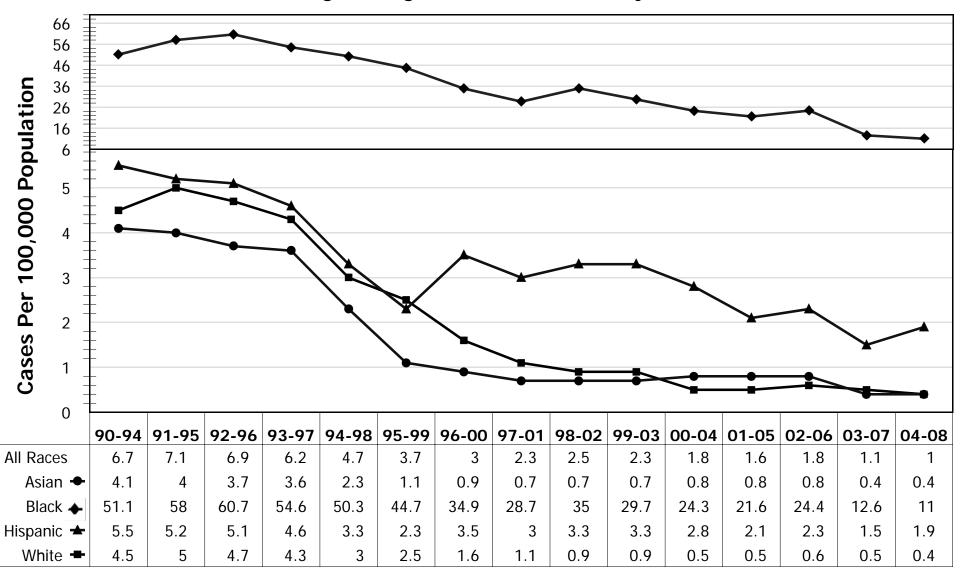
Incidence of AIDS In Males By Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008

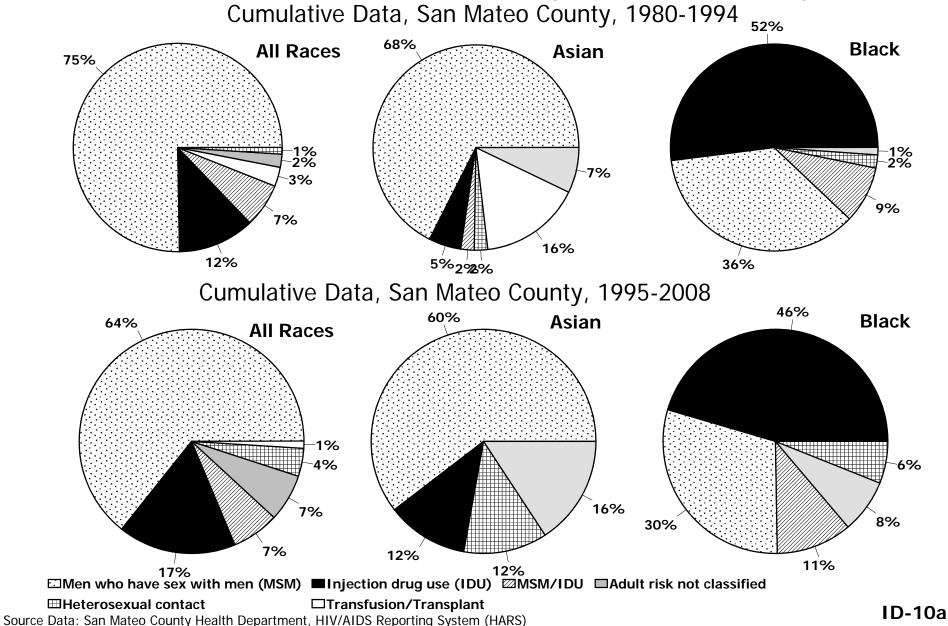


Incidence of AIDS in Females By Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008

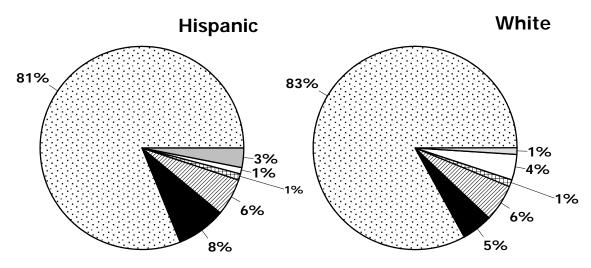


Male AIDS Risk Factors By Race/Ethnicity

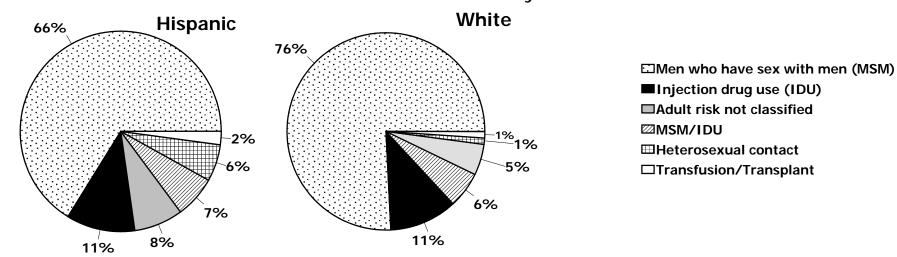


Male AIDS Risk Factors By Race/Ethnicity Continued

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1980-1994

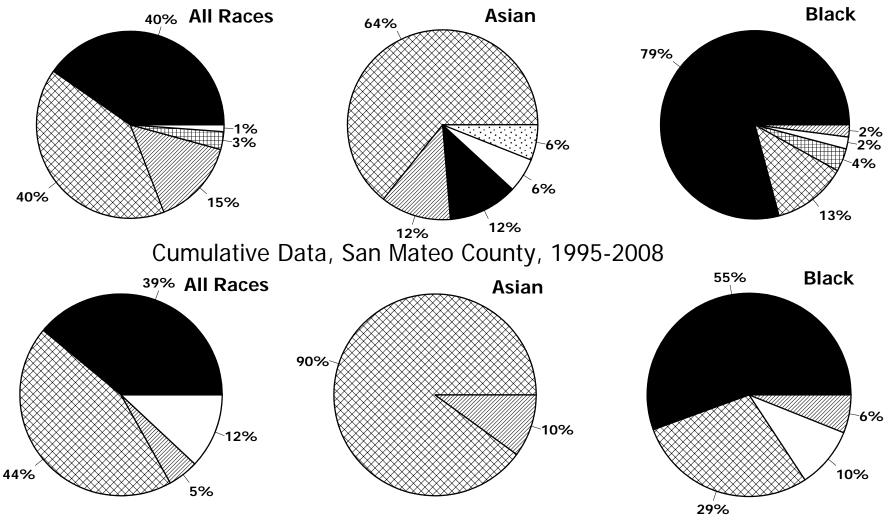


Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1995-2008



Female AIDS Risk Factors By Race/Ethnicity

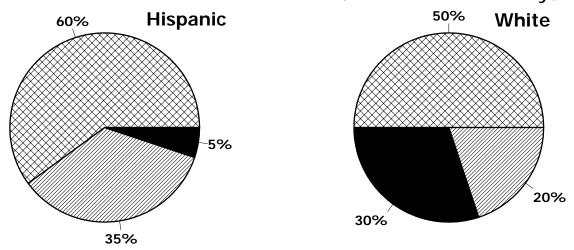
Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1980-1994



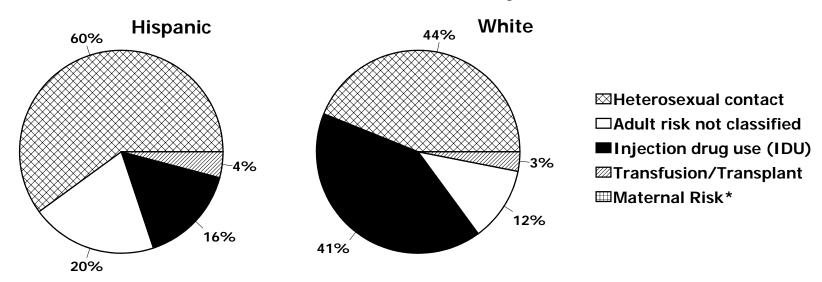
^{*}Mother is HIV-positive or has sex with HIV-positive partner; Adult risk not classified were not reported before 1994. Source Data: San Mateo County Health Department, HIV/AIDS Reporting System (HARS)

Female AIDS Risk Factors By Race/Ethnicity Continued

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1980-1994



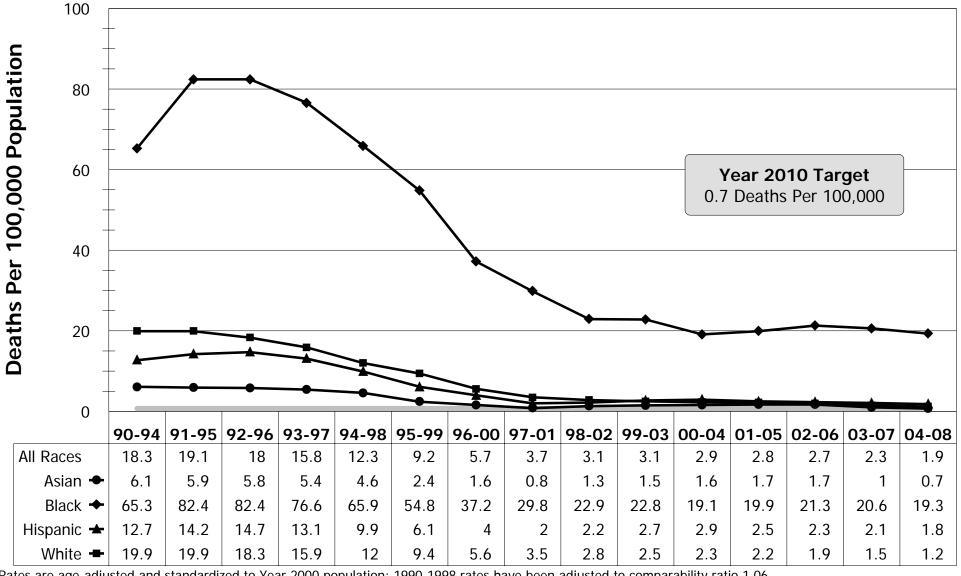
Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1995-2008



^{*}Mother is HIV-positive or has sex with HIV-positive partner; Adult risk not classified were not reported before 1994. Source Data: San Mateo County Health Department, HIV/AIDS Reporting System (HARS)

AIDS Mortality Rates By Race/Ethnicity

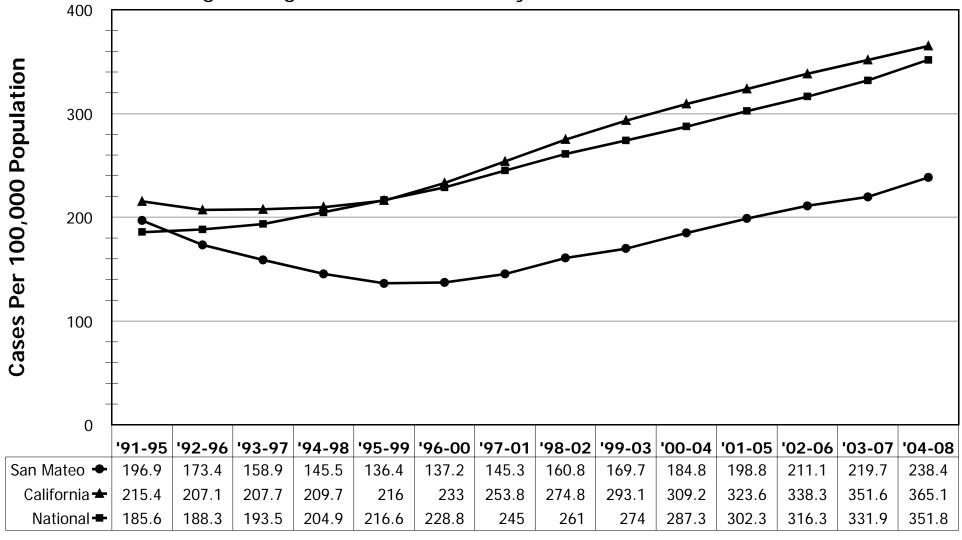
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 1.06 Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Comparison Of Annual Chlamydia Incidence Rates

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, California and National, 1991-2008



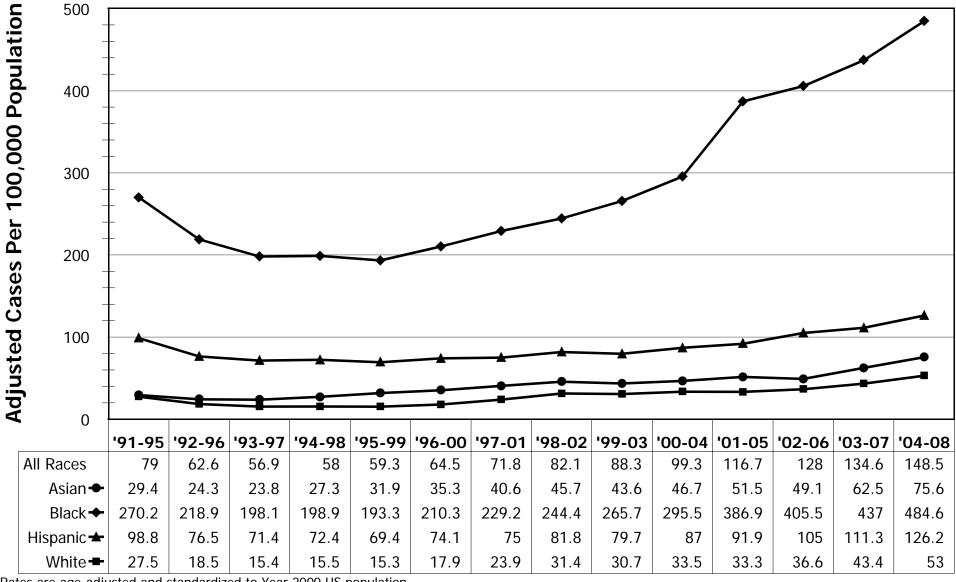
Rates are unadjusted

Source Data: San Mateo County Health Services Agency, Disease Control and Prevention Unit, Confidential Morbidity Reports (CMR); California Department of Health Services, STD Control Branch; Sexually Transmitted Diseases in California, 2008; Department of Health and Human Services, Atlanta: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

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Incidence Of Chlamydia In Males By Race/Ethnicity

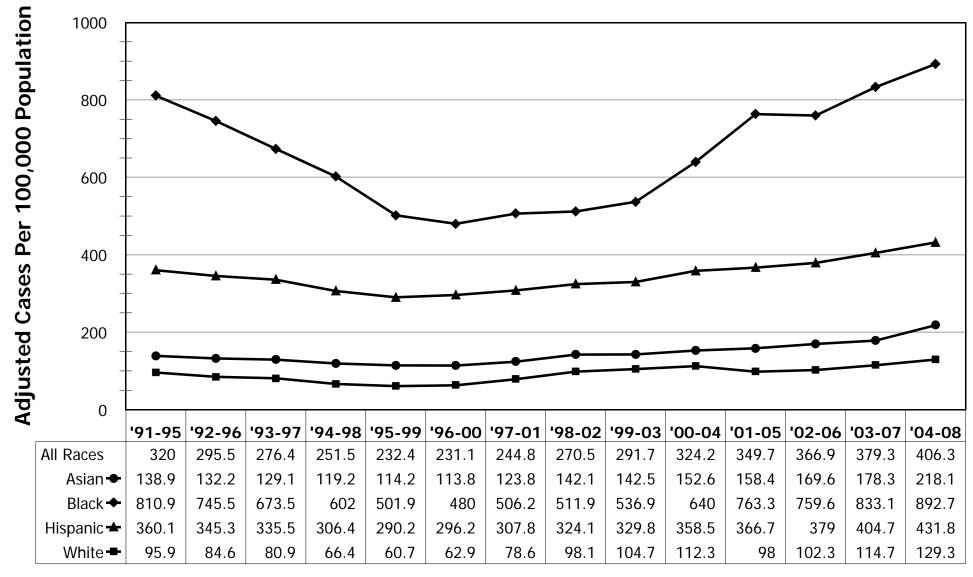
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1991-2008



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 US population

Source Data: San Mateo County Health Services Agency, Disease Control and Prevention Unit, Confidential Morbidity Reports (CMR)

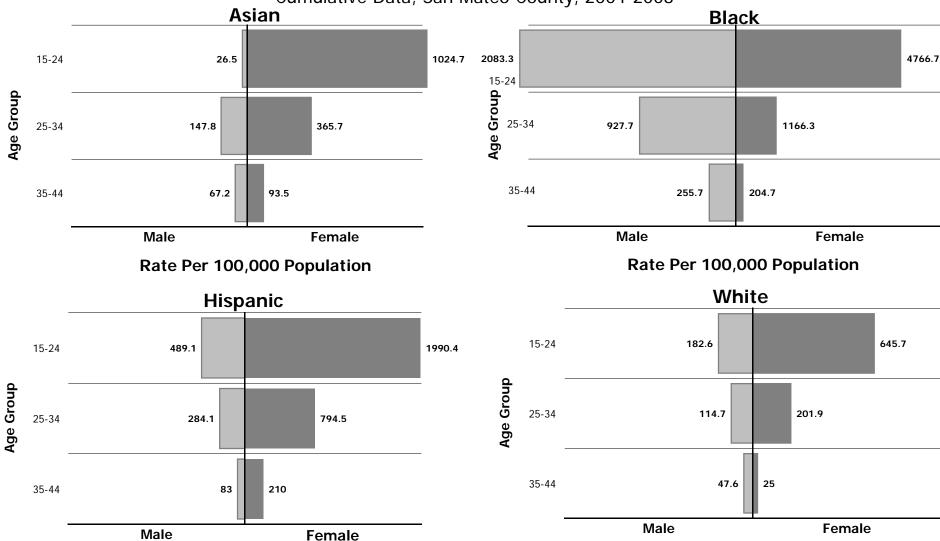
Incidence Of Chlamydia In Females By Race/Ethnicity 5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1991-2008



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 US population Source Data: San Mateo County Health Services Agency, Disease Control and Prevention Unit, Confidential Morbidity Reports (CMR) 122

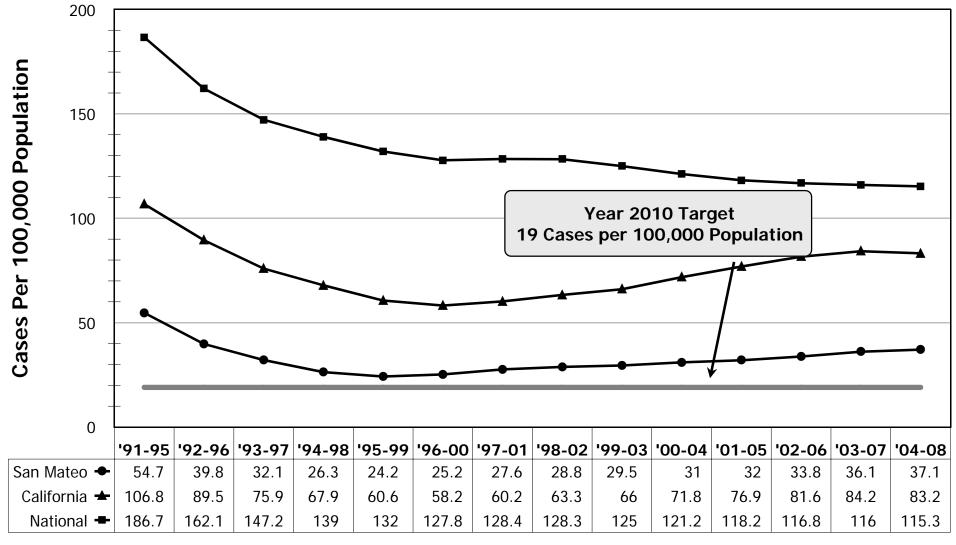
Incidence Of Chlamydia By Sex, Age, And Race/Ethnicity





Comparison Of Annual Gonorrhea Incidence Rates

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, California and National, 1991-2008



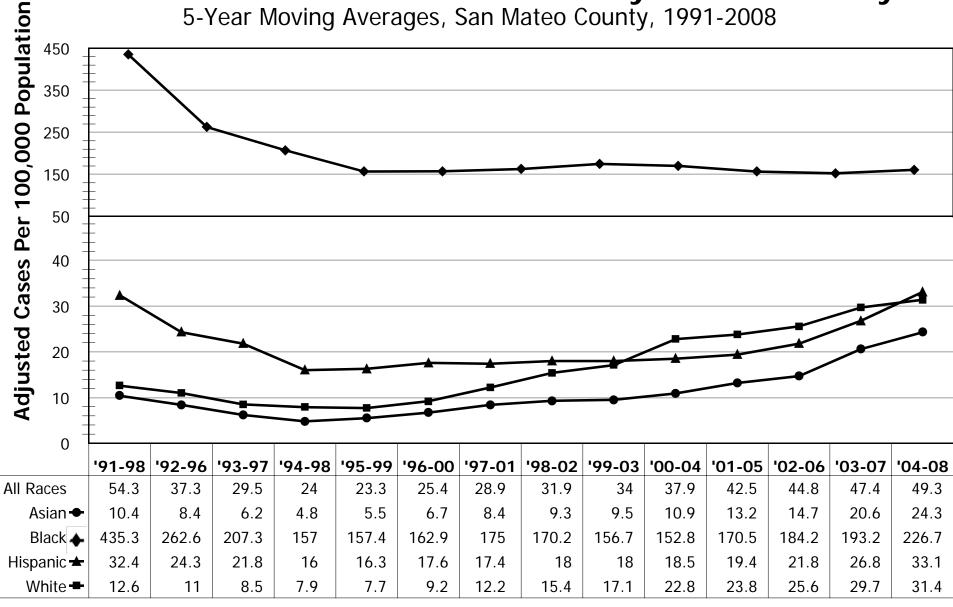
Rates are unadjusted

Source Data: San Mateo County Health Services Agency, Disease Control and Prevention Unit, Confidential Morbidity Reports (CMR); California Department of Health Services, STD Control Branch; Sexually Transmitted Disease Surveillance 2002, Department of Health and Human Services, Atlanta: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

124

Incidence Of Gonorrhea In Males By Race/Ethnicity

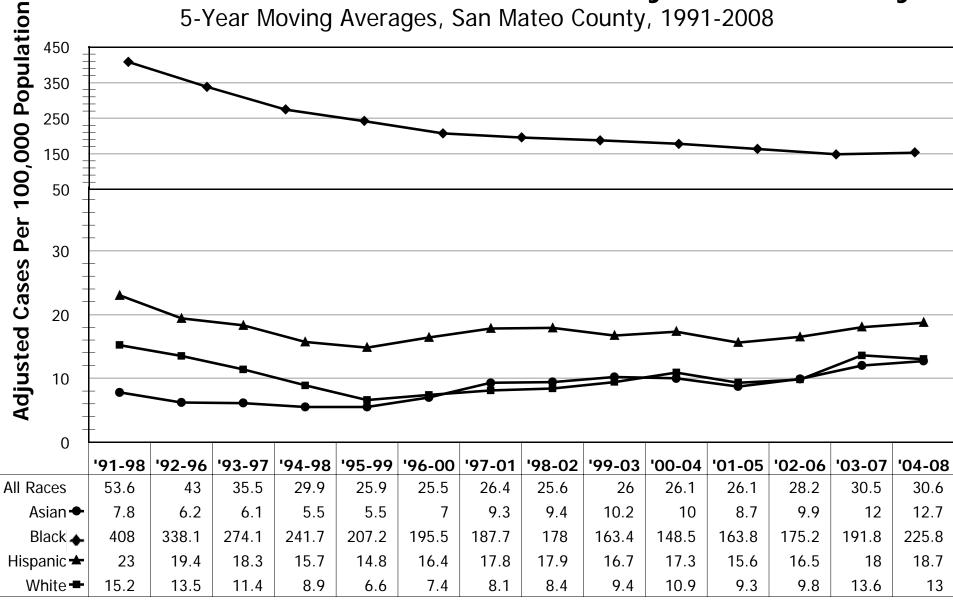
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1991-2008



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 US population Source Data: San Mateo County Health Services Agency, Disease Control and Prevention Unit, Confidential Morbidity Reports (CMR) 125

Incidence Of Gonorrhea In Females By Race/Ethnicity

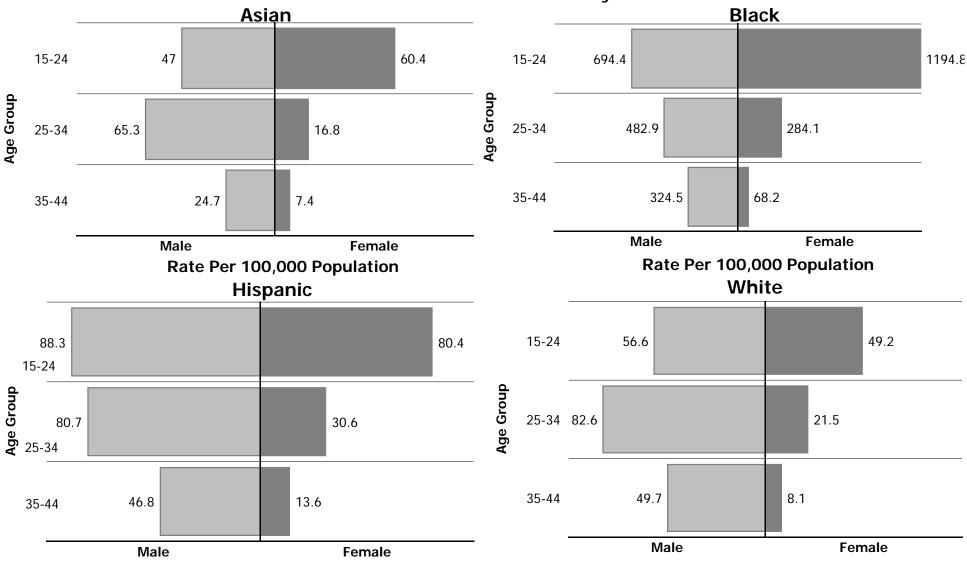
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1991-2008



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 US population Source Data: San Mateo County Health Services Agency, Disease Control and Prevention Unit, Confidential Morbidity Reports (CMR) 126

Incidence Of Gonorrhea By Sex, Age, and Race/Ethnicity

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 2004-2008

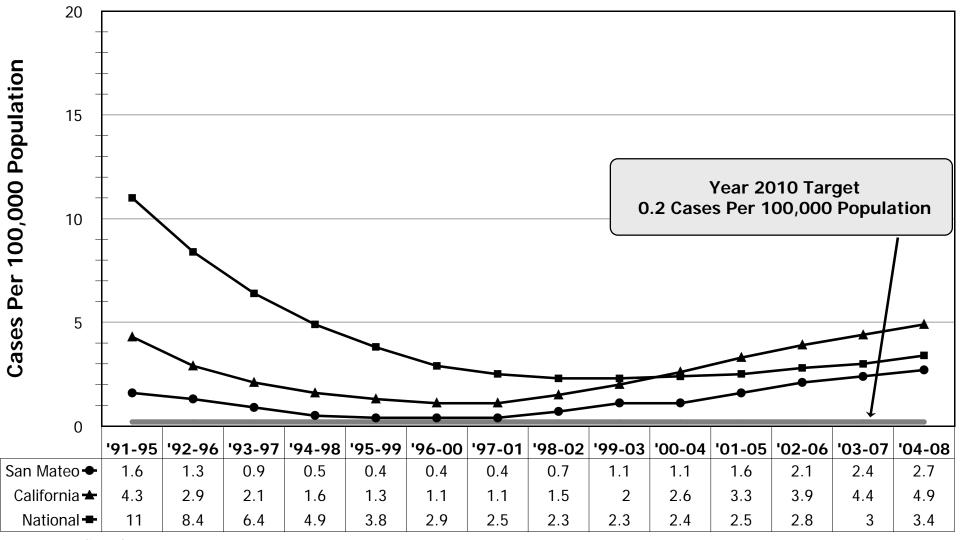


Rates are unadjusted and cumulative for 2004-2008
Source Data: San Mateo County Health Services Agency, Disease Control and Prevention Unit, Confidential Morbidity Reports (CMR)

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Comparison Of Annual Primary And Secondary Syphilis Incidence Rates

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, California and National, 1991-2008



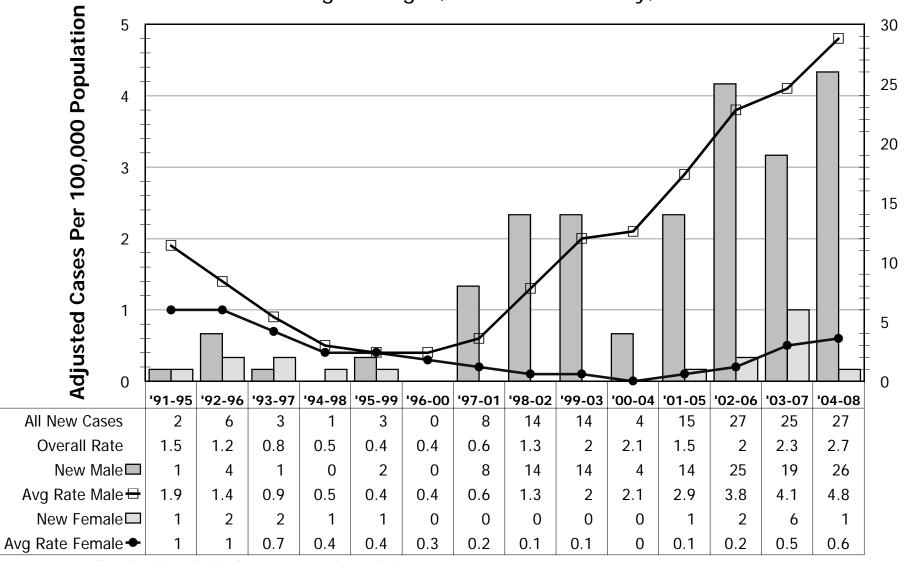
Rates are unadjusted

Source Data: San Mateo County Health Services Agency, Disease Control and Prevention Unit, Confidential Morbidity Reports (CMR); California Department of Health Services, STD Control Branch; Sexually Transmitted Disease Surveillance 2002, Department of Health and Human Services, Atlanta: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

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Incidence Of Primary And Secondary Syphilis By Sex

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1991-2008



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 US population.

Bars represent number of new cases in the last year of the 5 year period (i.e. 2005 for '01-05).

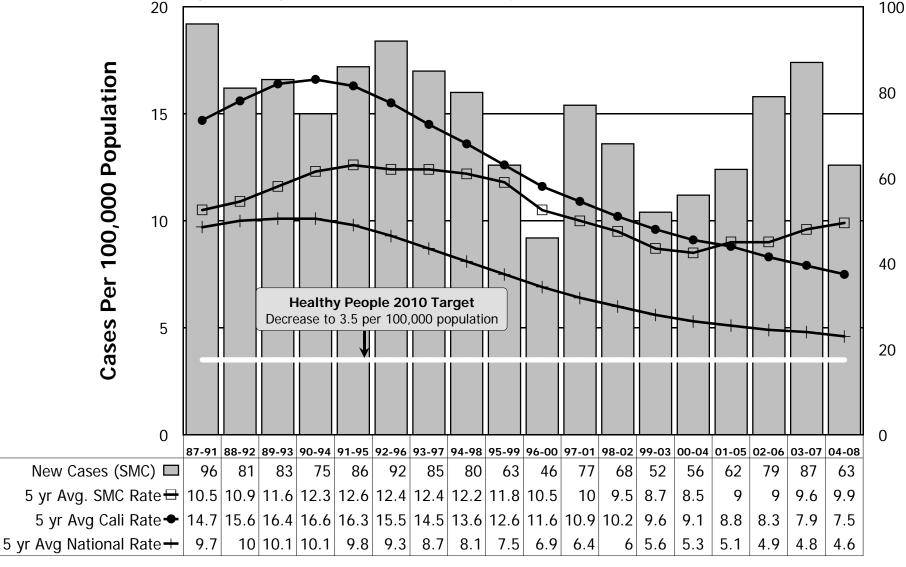
Source Data: San Mateo County Health Services Agency, Disease Control and Prevention Unit, Confidential Morbidity Reports (CMR)

Number Of New Cases in Last Year

Number Of New Cases in Last Year

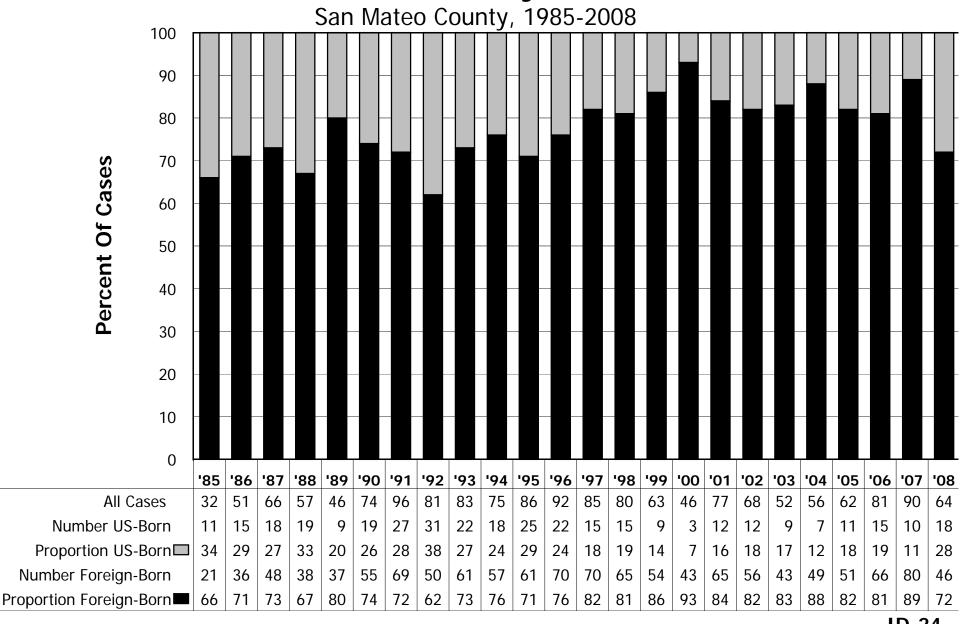
Incidence Of Tuberculosis

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, California and National, 1987-2008



Rates are unadjusted. New cases (bars) represent number of new cases in the last year of the five year period (i.e. 2005 for 01-05) Source Data: RVCT (Report of Verified Case of Tuberculosis) 1985-2005; CDC *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*; Report on Tuberculosis in California, 2005

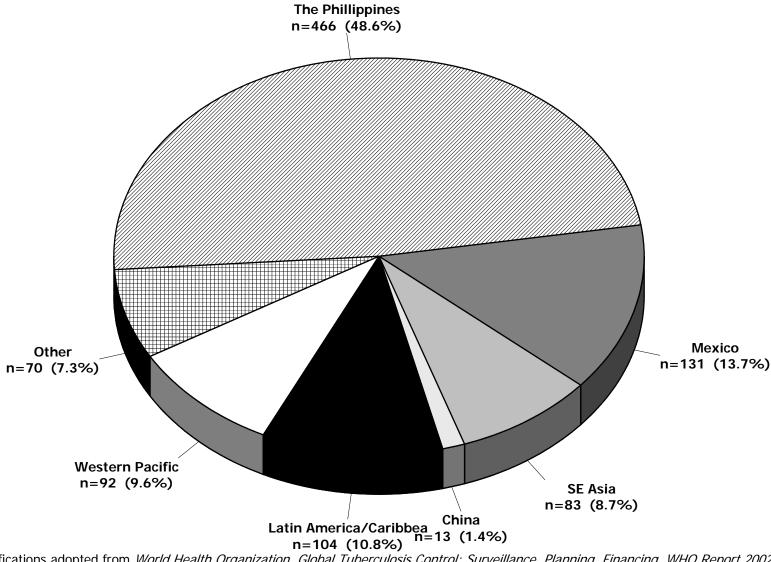
Tuberculosis Cases By Place Of Birth



ID-24

Country Of Origin Of Foreign-Born Tuberculosis Cases

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1993-2008

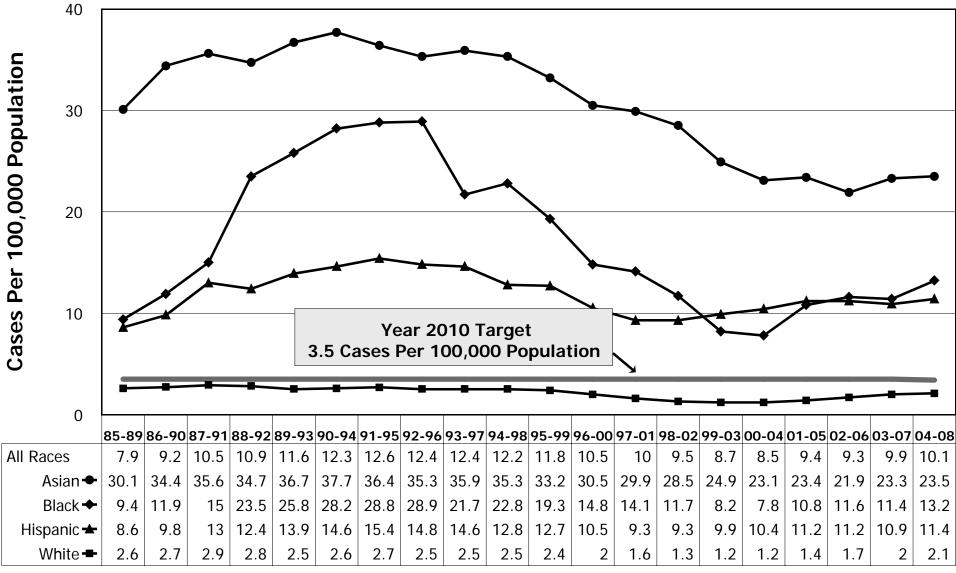


World region classifications adopted from *World Health Organization. Global Tuberculosis Control: Surveillance, Planning, Financing. WHO Report 2002* *Western Pacific excludes the Philippines and China; **Latin America excludes Mexico

Source Data: RVCT (Report of Verified Case of Tuberculosis); 1993-2005

Incidence Of Tuberculosis By Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1985-2008



Rates are unadjusted

Source Data: RVCT (Report of Verified Case of Tuberculosis) 1985-2005; CDC Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

Annual Incidence Of Diseases Preventable By Common Vaccines

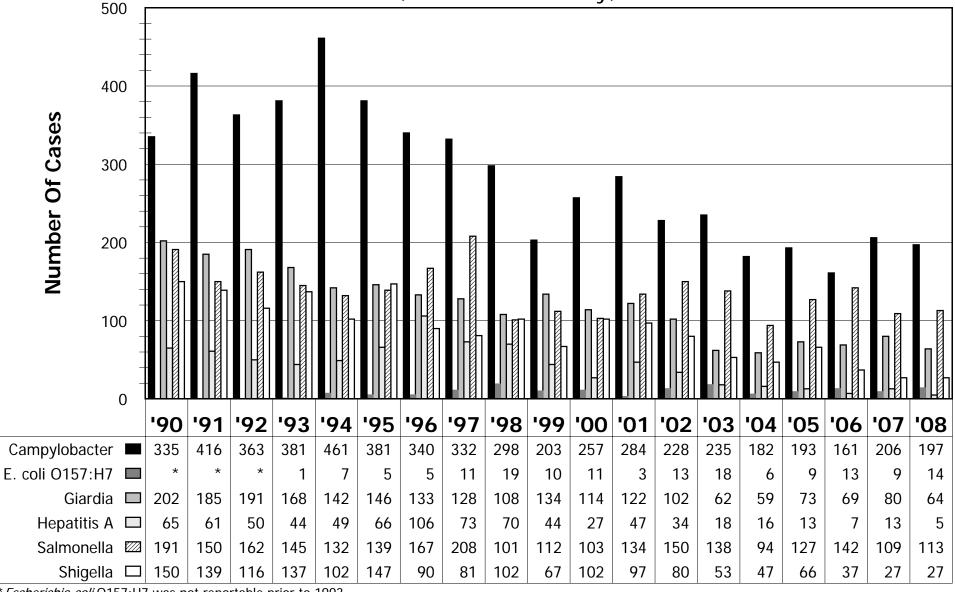
Number Of Cases, San Mateo County, 1990-2008

| | | | | | | | | | | | | <u>, </u> | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Disease | '90 | '91 | '92 | '93 | '94 | '95 | '96 | '97 | '98 | '99 | '00 | '01 | '02 | '03 | '04 | '05 | '06 | '07 | '08 |
| Diphtheria | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Haemophilus influenzae* | 7 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Hepatitis A | 65 | 61 | 50 | 44 | 49 | 66 | 106 | 73 | 70 | 44 | 27 | 47 | 34 | 18 | 16 | 13 | 6 | 13 | 5 |
| Hepatitis B (acute & carrier) | 92 | 194 | 283 | 271 | 276 | 222 | 195 | 270 | 284 | 297 | 341 | 422 | 493 | 369 | 294 | 478 | 191 | 464 | 439 |
| Measles (Rubeola) | 39 | 15 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mumps | 7 | 9 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 |
| Pertussis | 6 | 5 | 9 | 3 | 7 | 5 | 9 | 5 | 23 | 20 | 6 | 10 | 15 | 24 | 30 | 72 | 39 | 16 | 25 |
| Poliomyelitis | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rubella | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Tetanus | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

^{*}Includes both meningitis and sepsis Source Data: California Confidential Morbidity Reports, 1990-2008

Incidence Of Selected Enteric Pathogens

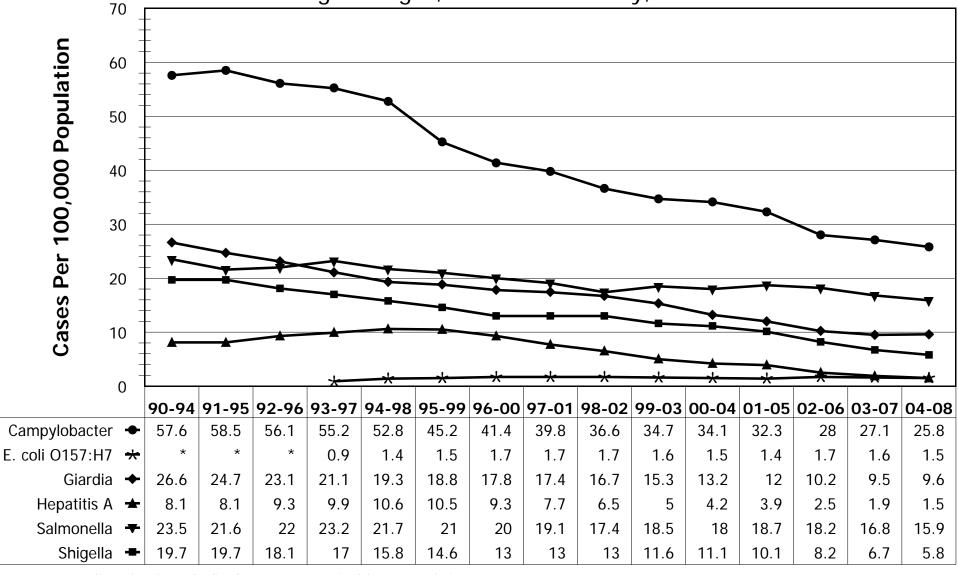
Number Of Cases, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



^{*} Escherichia coli O157:H7 was not reportable prior to 1993 Source Data: California Confidential Morbidity Reports, 1990-2008

Incidence Of Selected Enteric Pathogens

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



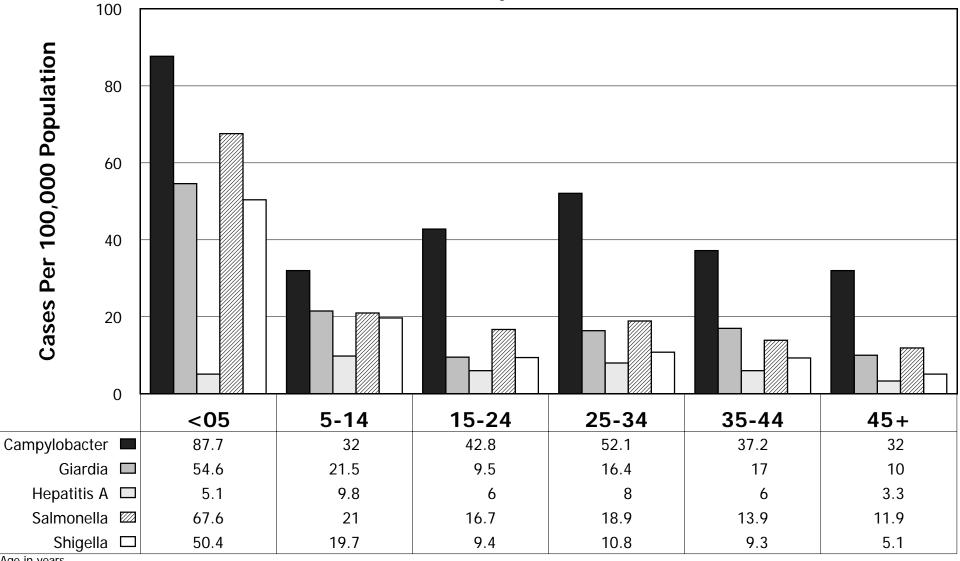
Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 United States population

Source Data: California Confidential Morbidity Reports, 1990-2008

^{*} Escherichia coli O157:H7 was not reportable prior to 1993

Incidence Of Selected Enteric Pathogens By Age

San Mateo County, 1990-2008



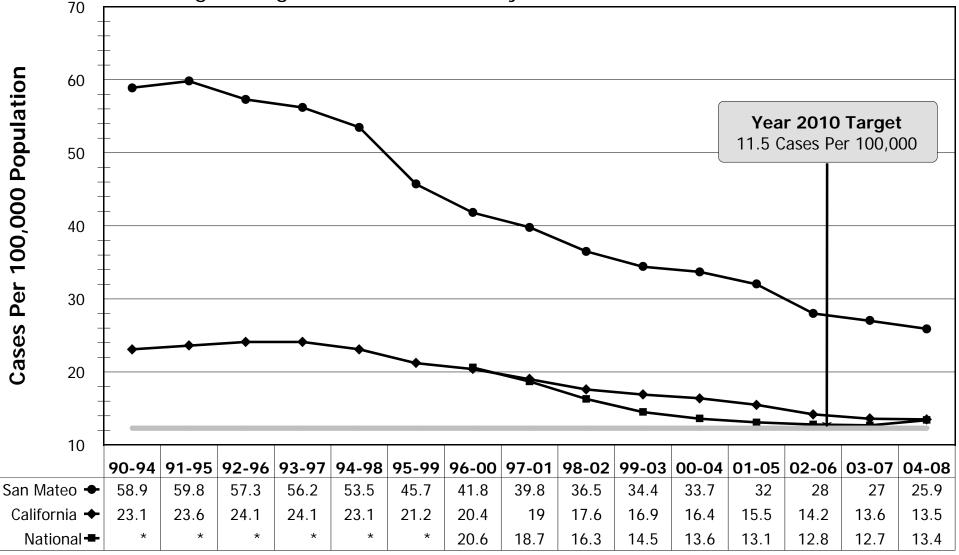
Age in years

Rates are unadjusted; age-specific rates for Escherichia coli O157:H7 are small and not presented; age information is unavailable for Campylobacter, Giardia, Salmonella and Shigella for 1990.

Source Data: California Confidential Morbidity Reports, 1990-2008

Incidence Of Campylobacter

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, California and National, 1990-2008



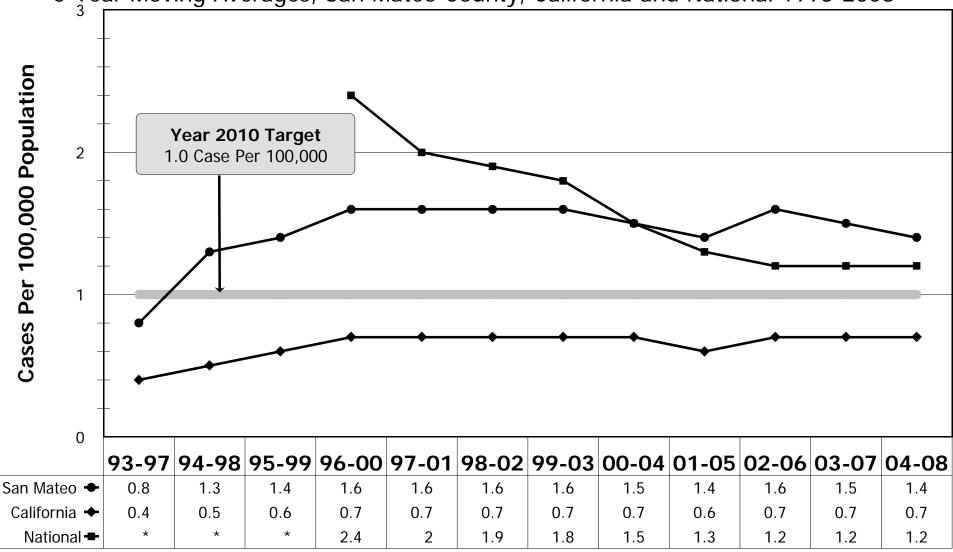
Rates are unadjusted

Source Data: California Confidential Morbidity Reports, 1990-2008; Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) annual reports 1996-2008

^{*}FoodNet was established in 1996

Incidence Of *Escherichia coli* O157:H7

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, California and National 1993-2008



Rates are unadjusted

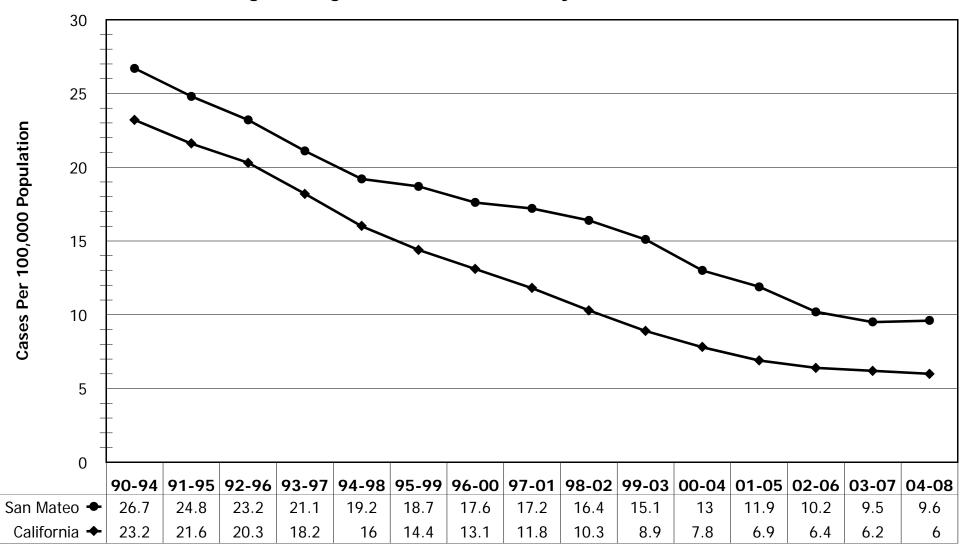
Escherichia coli O157:H7 was not reportable prior to 1993

Source Data: California Confidential Morbidity Reports, 1993-2008; Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) annual reports 1996-2008

*FoodNet was established in 1996

Incidence Of Giardia

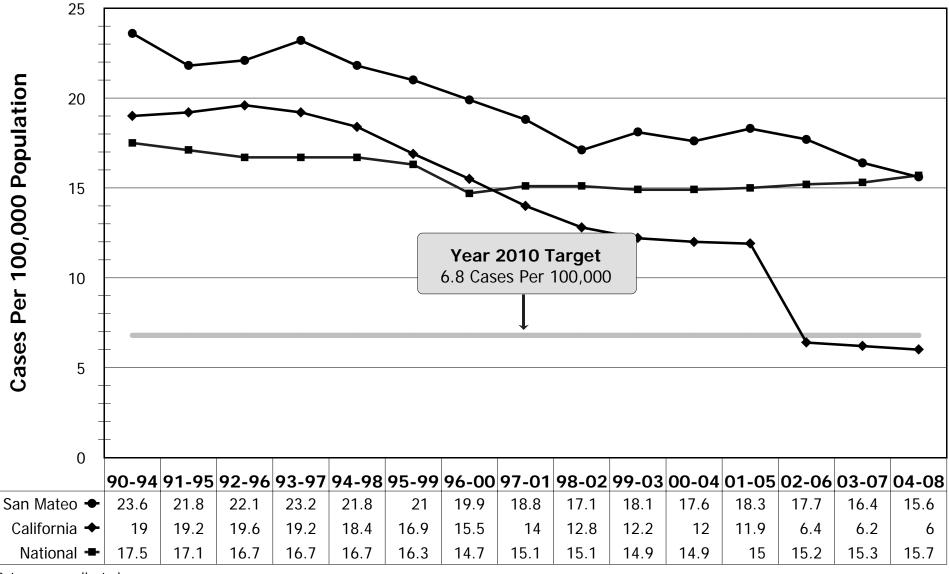
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County and California, 1990-2008



Rates are unadjusted National data for *Giardia* not available Source Data: California Confidential Morbidity Reports, 1990-2008

Incidence Of Salmonella

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, California and National, 1990-2008

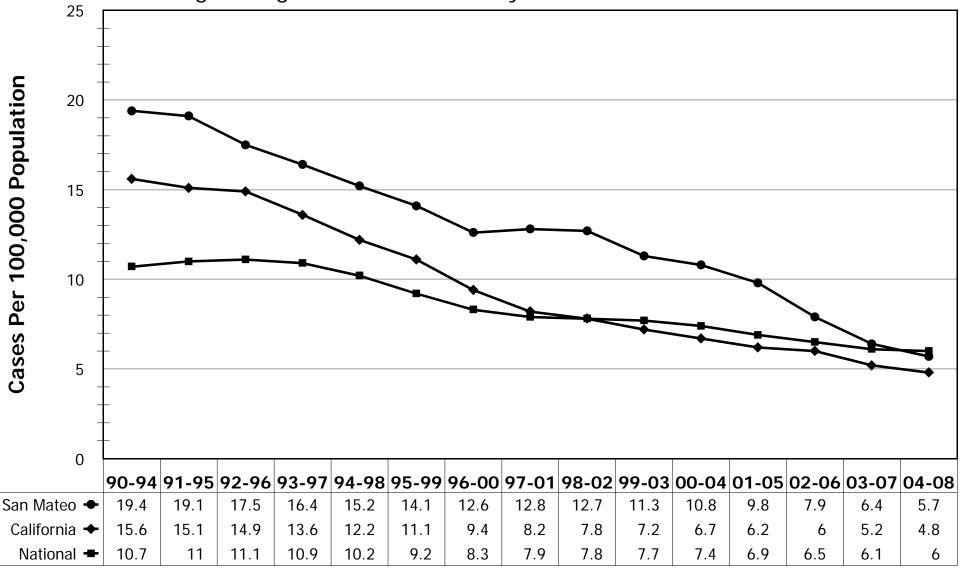


Rates are unadjusted

Source Data: California Confidential Morbidity Reports, 1990-2008; CDC MMWR Summary of Notifiable Diseases 1990-2008

Incidence Of Shigella

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, California and National, 1990-2008

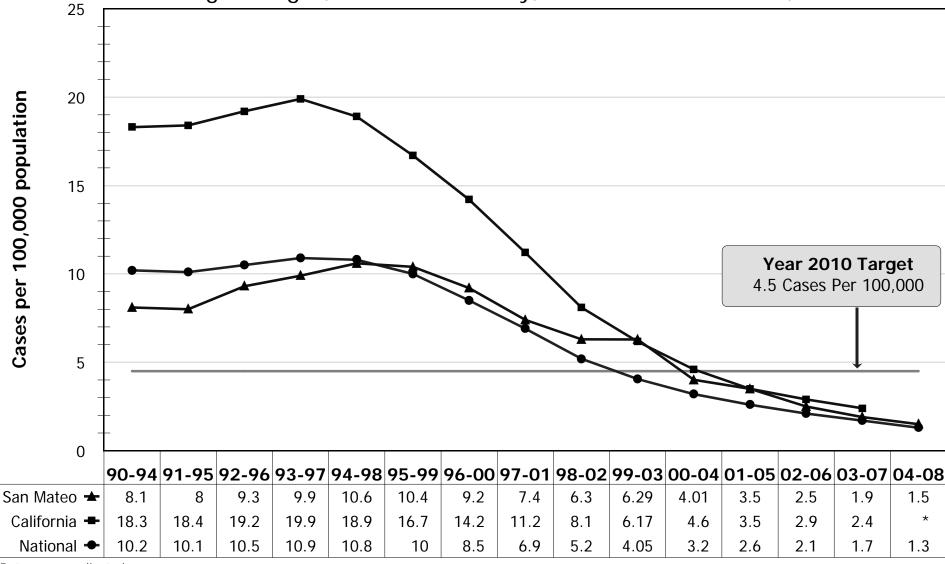


Rates are unadjusted

Source Data: California Confidential Morbidity Reports, 1990-2008; CDC MMWR Summary of Notifiable Diseases 1990-2008

Incidence Of Hepatitis A

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, California and National, 1990-2008



Rates are unadjusted

Source Data: Vaccine Preventable Diseases and Immunizations Report, 2001-2007; CDC MMWR Summary of Notifiable Disease 1990-2004.

^{* 2008} California data not available at time of publication

Incidence Of Diseases Caused By Potential Biological Agents

Number Of Cases, San Mateo County and California, 1994-2008

San Mateo County

Average Annual Number 1994-98 1999-03 2004-08

| | Disease | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | SMC | CA | SMC | CA | SMC | CA |
|------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|
| | Smallpox* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Category A | Anthrax | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Plague | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 |
| ate | Tularemia | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 |
| | Infant Botulism | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 |
| | Other Botulism | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Į | VHF** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| / B | Brucella | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1 | 1.1 |
| | | 0 | 0 | 28 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2.6 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 1.8 |
| gor | Salmonella | 132 | 139 | 167 | 208 | 101 | 112 | 103 | 134 | 150 | 138 | 94 | 132 | 142 | 109 | 113 | 149.4 | 145.4 | 127.4 | 129.6 | 118 | 128.8 |
| Category | Shigella | 102 | 147 | 90 | 81 | 102 | 65 | 102 | 97 | 80 | 53 | 47 | 66 | 37 | 27 | 27 | 104.4 | 97 | 79.4 | 68.6 | 40.8 | 67 |
| | Cholera | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 |
| | Cryptosporidium | 1 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 12 | 5 | 11 | 7 | 13 | 9 | 16 | 4.2 | 7.3 | 6 | 7.6 | 11.2 | 8.5 |

^{*}Last known case of naturally occurring smallpox worldwide was in 1977; **Viral Hemorrhagic Fevers Source Data: California Confidential Morbidity Reports, 1994-2008;

Mortality

Frequency Of Deaths By Cause And Year

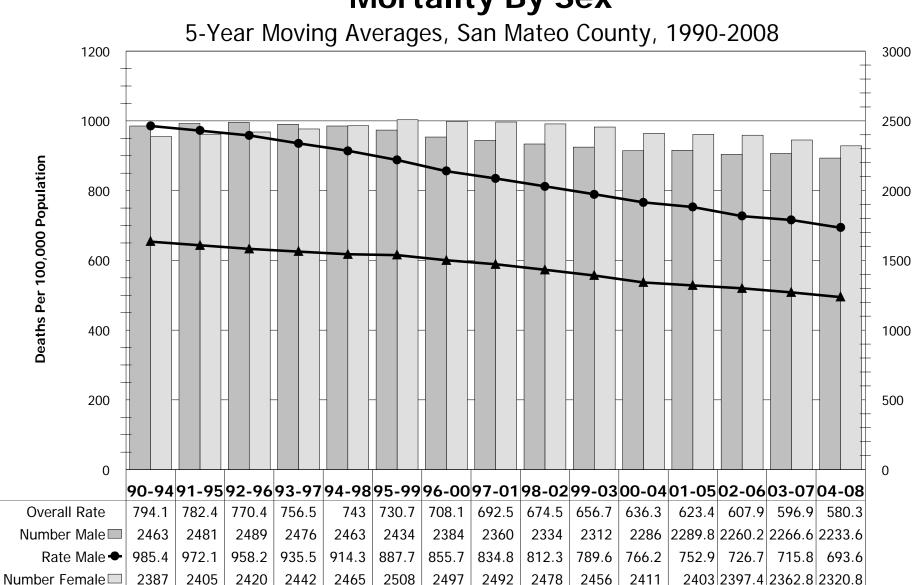
Leading and Selected Causes of Death, San Mateo County, 1990-2008

| Rank | Cause of Death | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 |
|------|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1 | Heart Disease | 1430 | 1414 | 1382 | 1496 | 1399 | 1437 | 1471 | 1457 | 1434 | 1422 | 1267 | 1331 | 1269 | 1291 | 1244 | 1249 | 1254 | 1163 | 1125 |
| 2 | Cancer | 1250 | 1266 | 1282 | 1218 | 1237 | 1297 | 1278 | 1217 | 1320 | 1263 | 1280 | 1236 | 1227 | 1222 | 1236 | 1206 | 1183 | 1188 | 1138 |
| 3 | Cerebrovascular Disease | 482 | 447 | 459 | 500 | 494 | 490 | 519 | 485 | 475 | 495 | 471 | 449 | 428 | 407 | 384 | 359 | 331 | 275 | 289 |
| 4 | Respiratory Disease | 272 | 269 | 257 | 288 | 300 | 276 | 266 | 263 | 286 | 366 | 311 | 352 | 333 | 324 | 319 | 310 | 269 | 299 | 279 |
| 5 | Pneumonia & Influenza | 175 | 184 | 180 | 182 | 190 | 204 | 193 | 226 | 269 | 202 | 196 | 187 | 232 | 217 | 201 | 198 | 205 | 202 | 193 |
| 6 | Unintentional Injury | 170 | 132 | 148 | 150 | 141 | 166 | 142 | 150 | 121 | 154 | 145 | 133 | 160 | 185 | 170 | 146 | 200 | 166 | 183 |
| 7 | Alzheimer's Disease | 62 | 54 | 59 | 62 | 71 | 76 | 70 | 68 | 89 | 115 | 113 | 132 | 151 | 165 | 143 | 160 | 174 | 174 | 248 |
| 8 | Diabetes Mellitus | 59 | 57 | 68 | 73 | 89 | 100 | 96 | 99 | 119 | 110 | 103 | 94 | 100 | 114 | 80 | 115 | 91 | 110 | 84 |
| 9 | Liver Disease | 105 | 104 | 111 | 102 | 109 | 110 | 90 | 100 | 78 | 60 | 60 | 71 | 80 | 77 | 91 | 77 | 67 | 107 | 97 |
| 10 | Suicide | 66 | 73 | 79 | 90 | 67 | 87 | 78 | 62 | 78 | 64 | 53 | 51 | 41 | 70 | 64 | 72 | 49 | 69 | 71 |
| 11 | AIDS | 89 | 105 | 104 | 127 | 124 | 107 | 83 | 22 | 13 | 17 | 10 | 27 | 24 | 21 | 18 | 18 | 23 | 10 | 9 |
| 12 | Infectious Disease | 49 | 59 | 48 | 59 | 49 | 57 | 59 | 59 | 44 | 62 | 55 | 57 | 44 | 54 | 34 | 56 | 54 | 77 | 80 |
| 13 | Parkinson's Disease | 29 | 22 | 25 | 27 | 25 | 32 | 29 | 27 | 21 | 32 | 39 | 43 | 38 | 38 | 49 | 47 | 64 | 46 | 42 |
| 14 | Homicide | 40 | 47 | 49 | 40 | 33 | 44 | 21 | 30 | 30 | 22 | 14 | 20 | 22 | 29 | 29 | 39 | 31 | 18 | 25 |
| 15 | Atherosclerosis | 37 | 43 | 26 | 39 | 37 | 29 | 36 | 38 | 38 | 30 | 16 | 21 | 19 | 23 | 22 | 25 | 13 | 12 | 7 |

1990-1998 numbers have been adjusted to relevant comparability ratios Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Average Annual Number Of Deaths

Mortality By Sex



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

633

625.2 617.6

643.3

Rate Female + 653.6

494.7

615

588.8

573

556.5

536.6

528.1

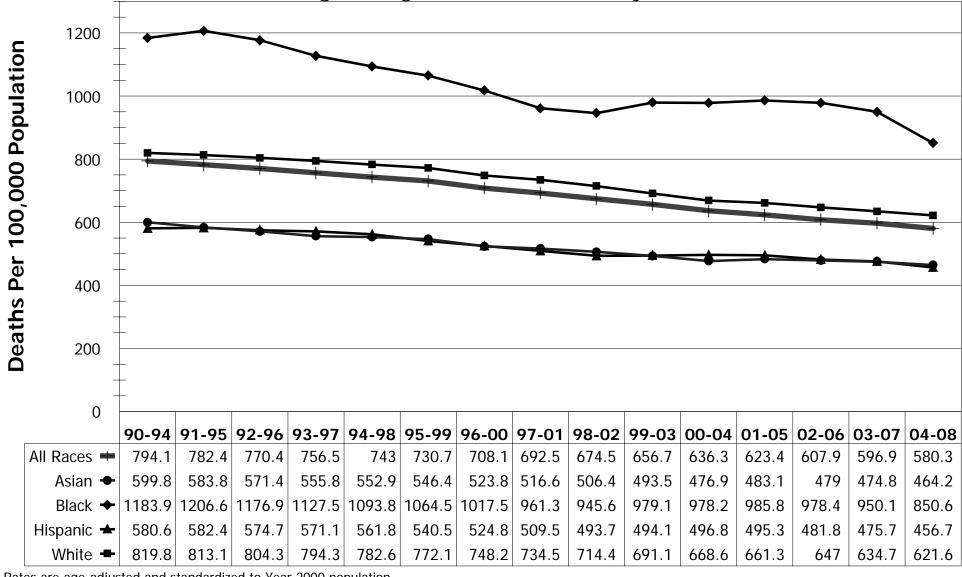
519.9

508.1

600.3

Mortality By Race/Ethnicity

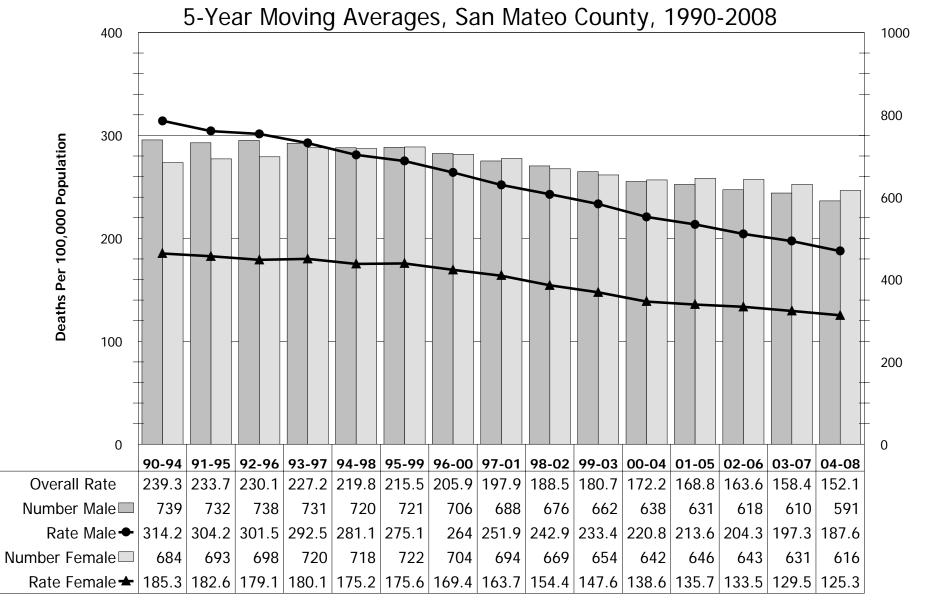




Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Heart Disease Mortality By Sex

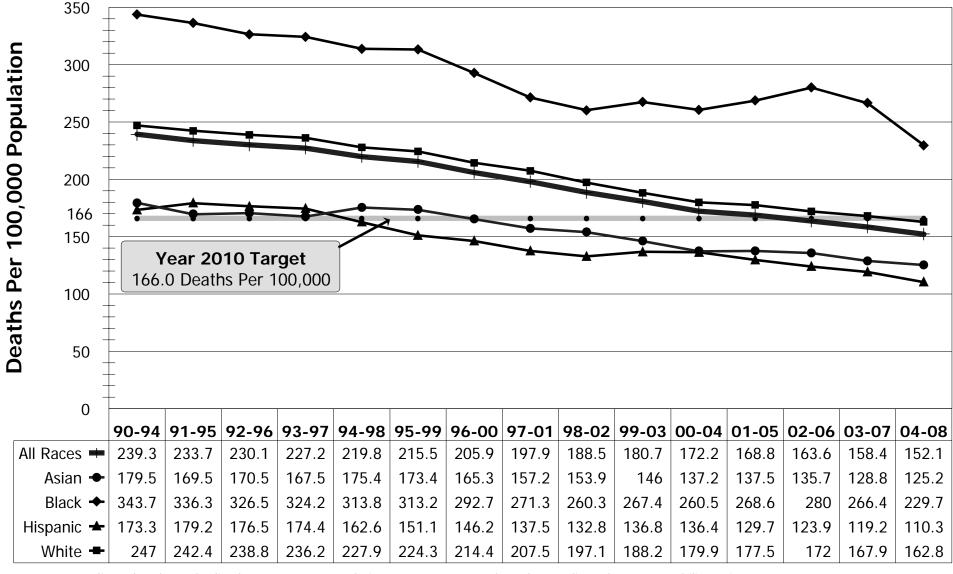


Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 numbers and rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 0.9981 Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Average Annual Number Of Deaths

Heart Disease Mortality By Race/Ethnicity

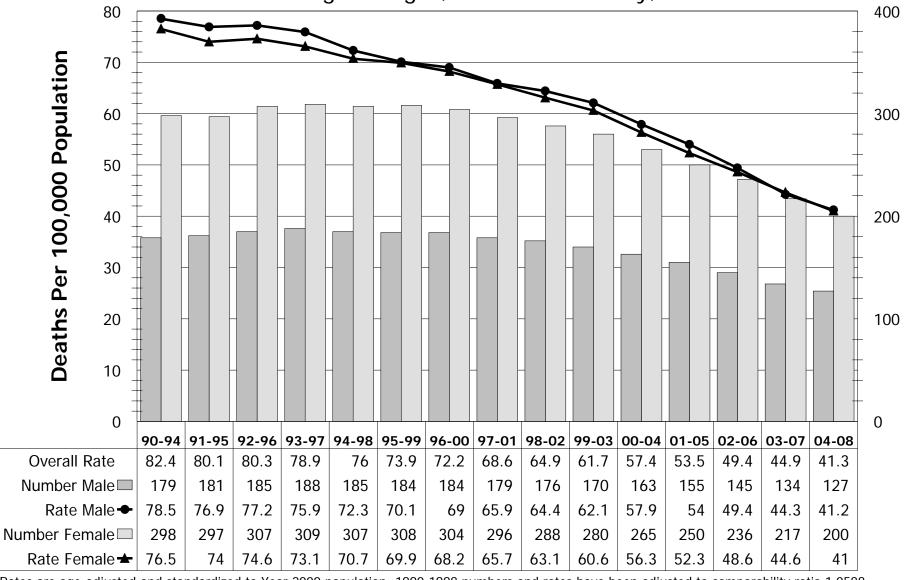
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 0.9981 Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Cerebrovascular Disease Mortality By Sex

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



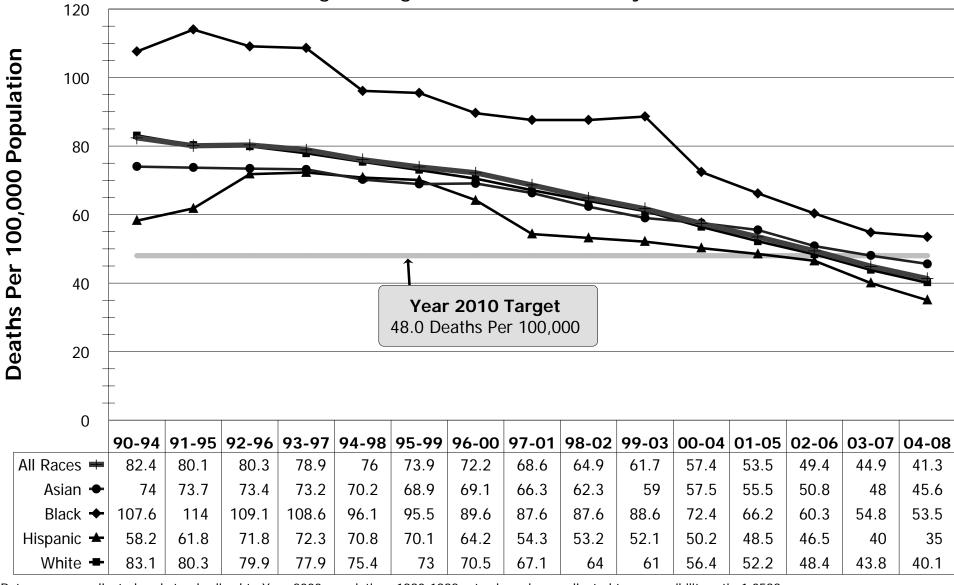
Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 numbers and rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 1.0588 Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

MORT-6

Average Annual Number Of Deaths

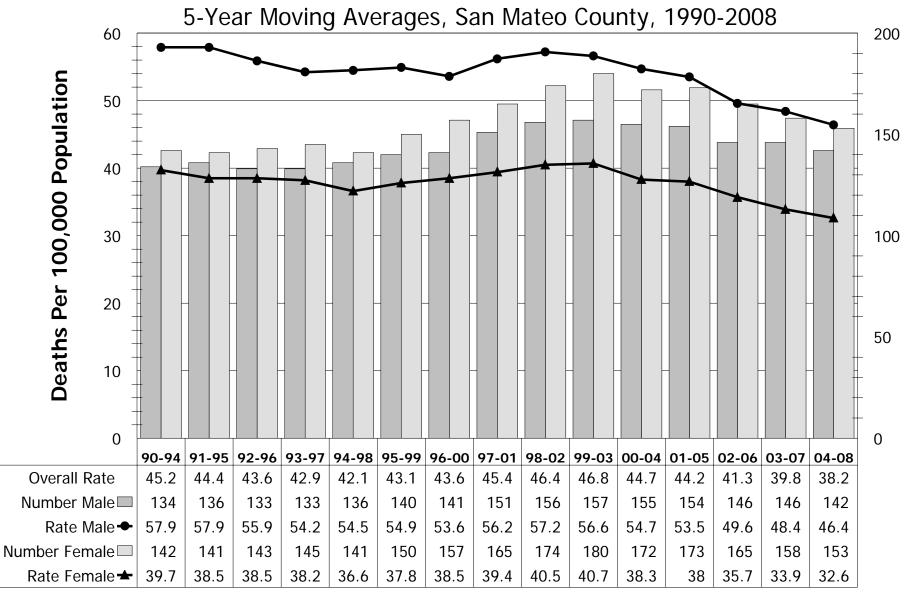
Cerebrovascular Disease Mortality By Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 rates have been adjusted to comparibility ratio 1.0588 Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Respiratory Disease Mortality By Sex



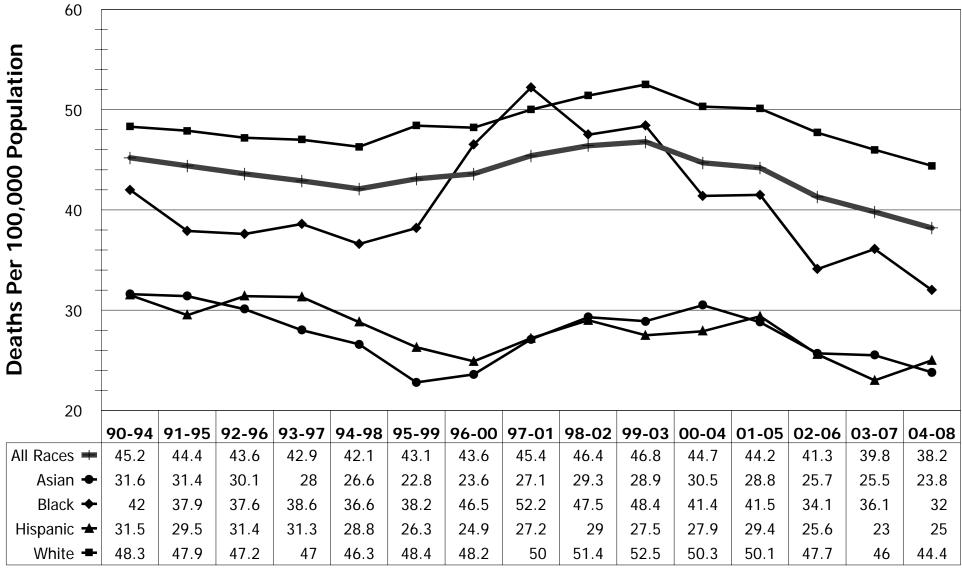
Average Annual Number Of Deaths

Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 numbers and rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 0.9746
Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

MORT-8

Respiratory Disease Mortality By Race/Ethnicity

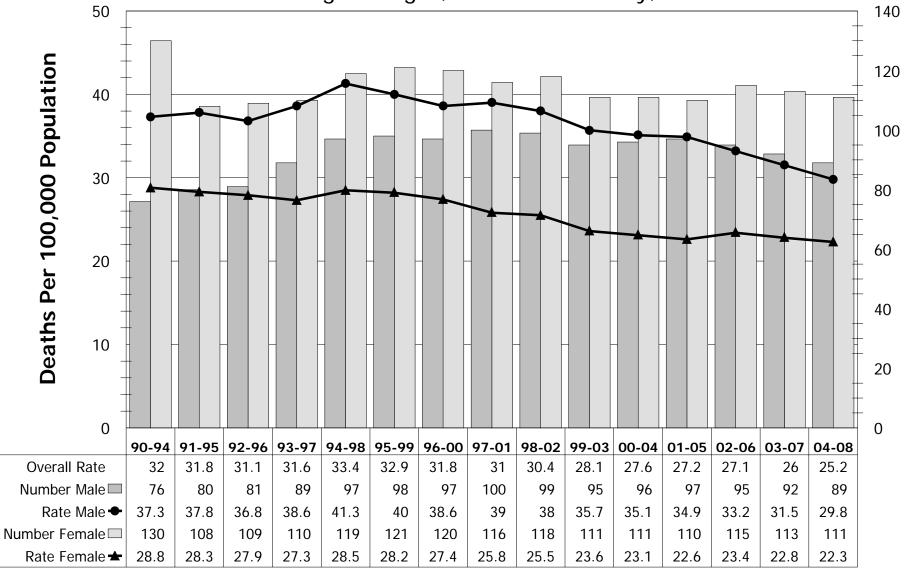
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 rates have been adjusted to comparibility ratio 0.9746 Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Pneumonia And Influenza Mortality By Sex

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



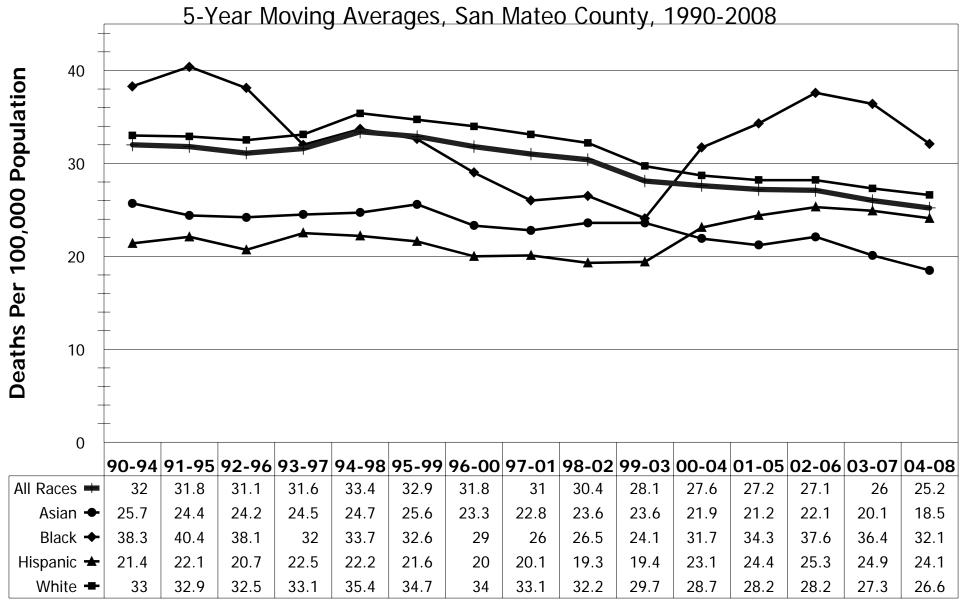
Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 numbers and rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 0.6982

Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

MORT-10

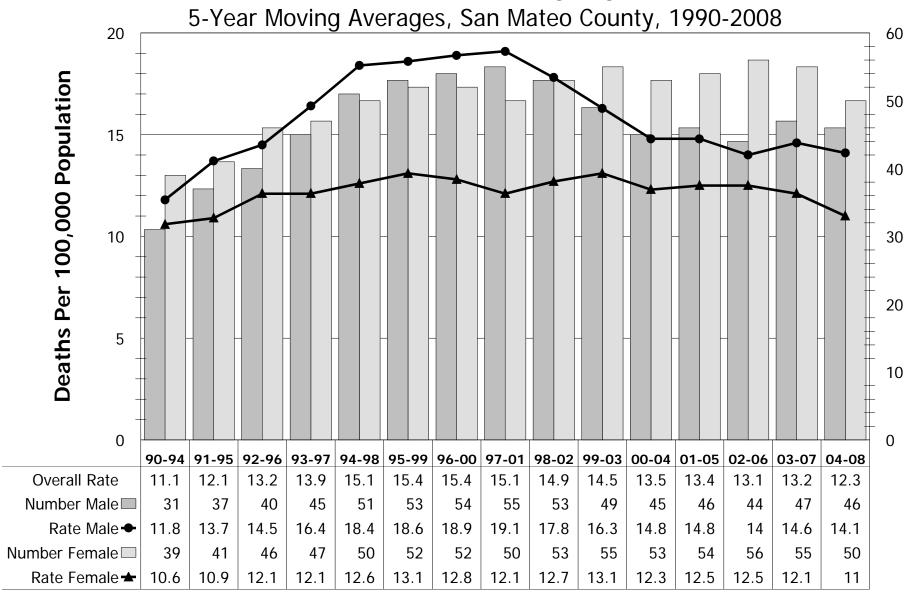
Average Annual Number Of Deaths

Pneumonia And Influenza Mortality By Race/Ethnicity



Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 rates have been adjusted to comparibility ratio 0.6982 Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Diabetes Mortality By Sex

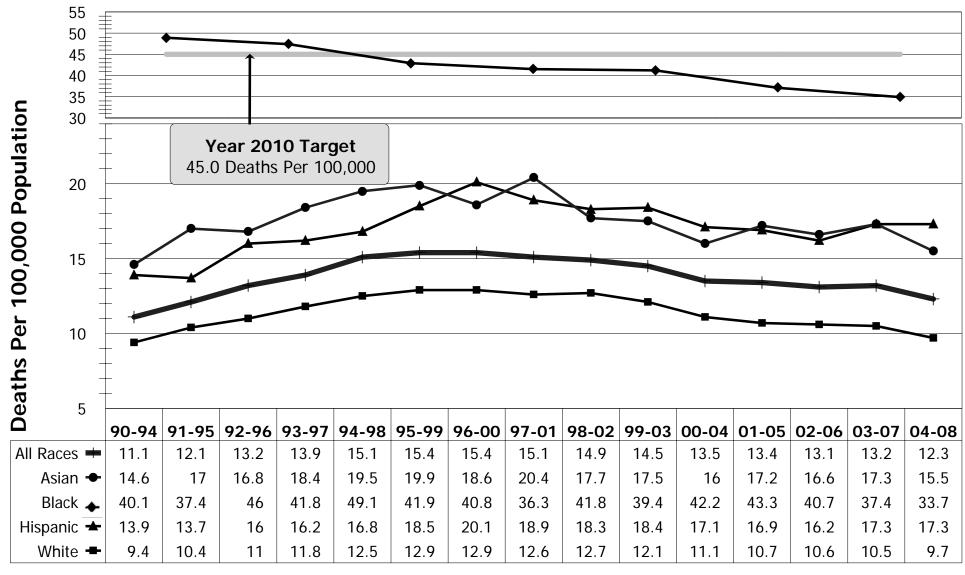


Average Annual Number Of Deaths

Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 numbers and rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 1.0082 Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008 MORT-12

Diabetes Mortality By Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008

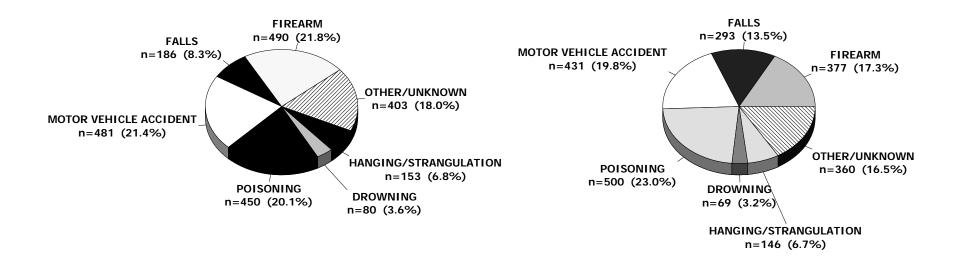


Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 rates have been adjusted to comparibility ratio 1.0082 Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Major Causes Of Deaths Due To Injury

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1991-2008

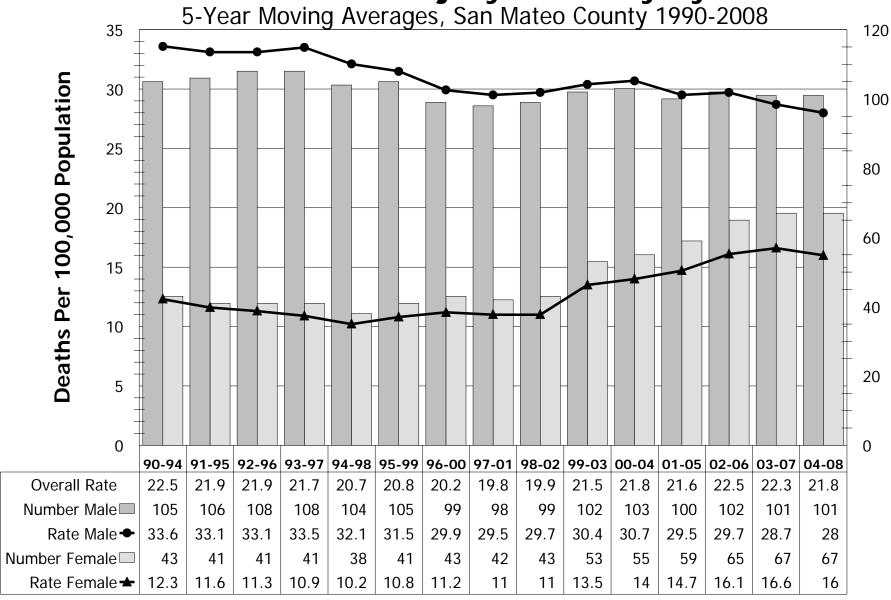
1991-1999 2000-2008



There were 4419 total injury deaths (2765 total deaths due to unintentional injury and 1654 total deaths due to intentional injury) from 1991-2008 (numbers have not been adjusted for comparability ratios)

Average Annual Number Of Deaths

Unintentional Injury Mortality By Sex



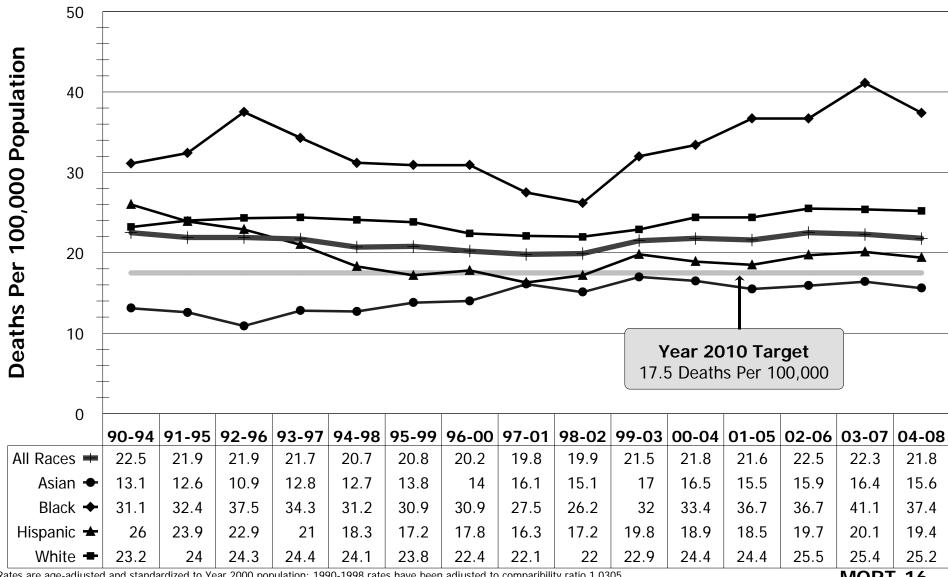
Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 numbers and rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 1.0305

Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

MORT-15

Unintentional Injury Mortality By Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



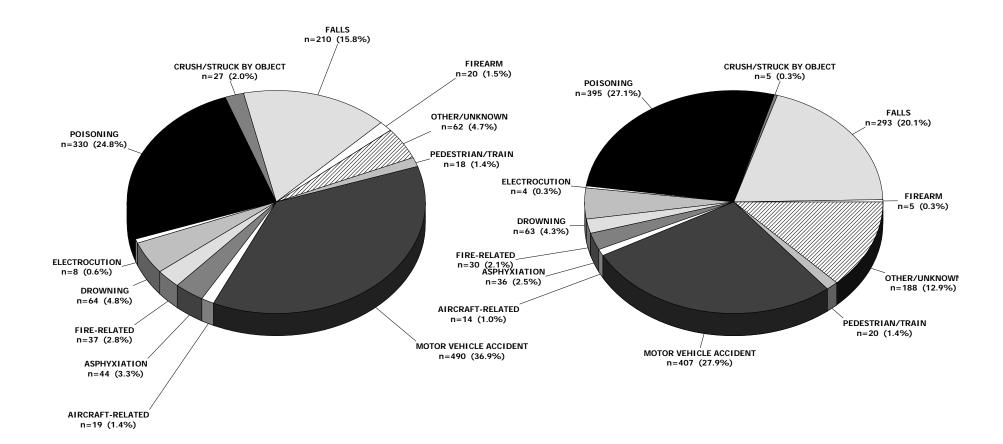
Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 rates have been adjusted to comparibility ratio 1.0305 Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

MORT-16

Major Causes Of Deaths Due To Unintentional Injury

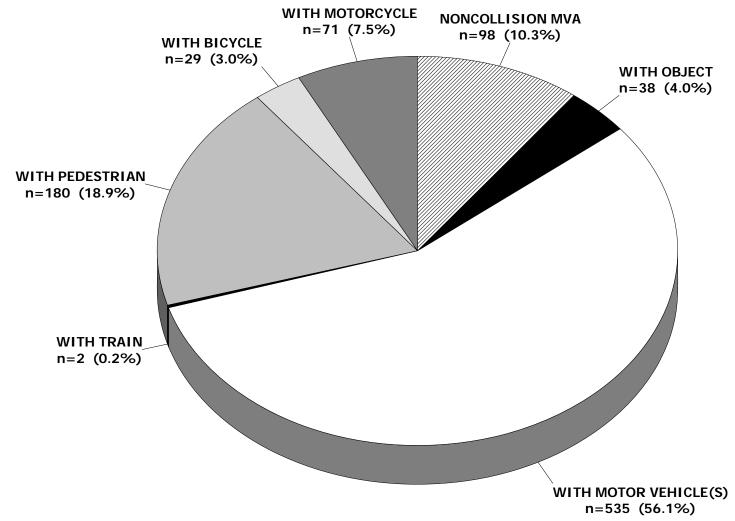
Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1991-2008

1991-1999 2000-2008



Major Causes Of Deaths Due To Motor Vehicle Accidents

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1990-2008

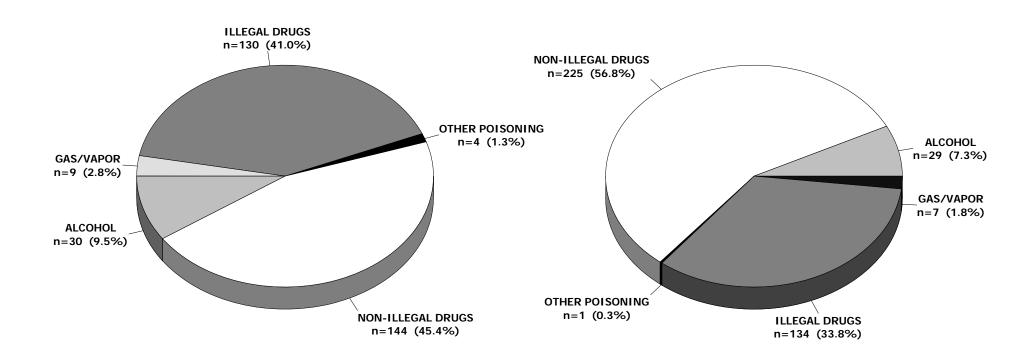


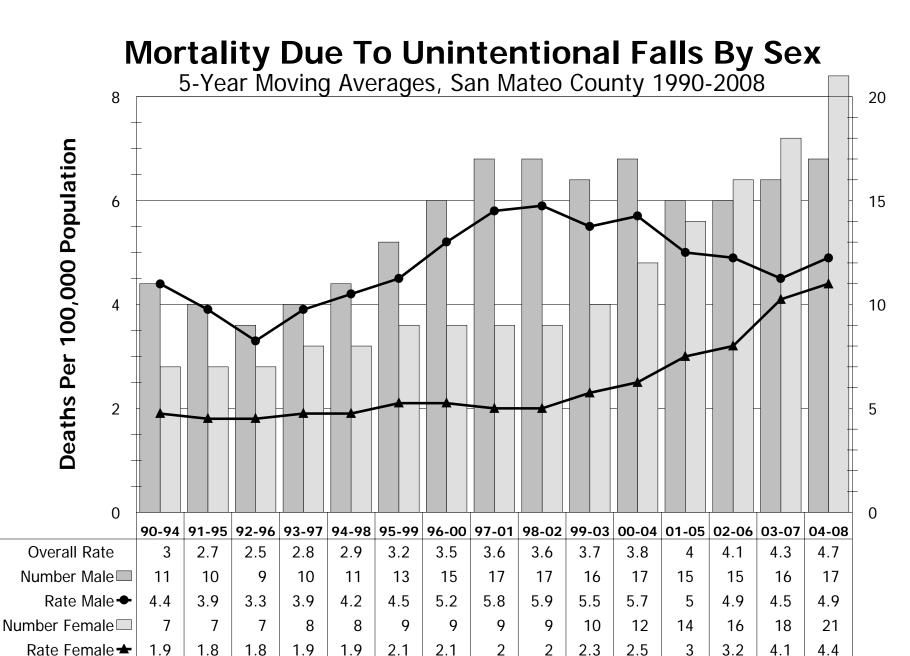
There were 953 total deaths due to motor vehicle accidents from 1990-2008 (numbers have not been adjusted for comparability ratios) Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008 Note: It is possible that most accidents caused due to collisions with trains are classified as suicides

Major Causes Of Unintentional Poisoning Deaths

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1991-2008





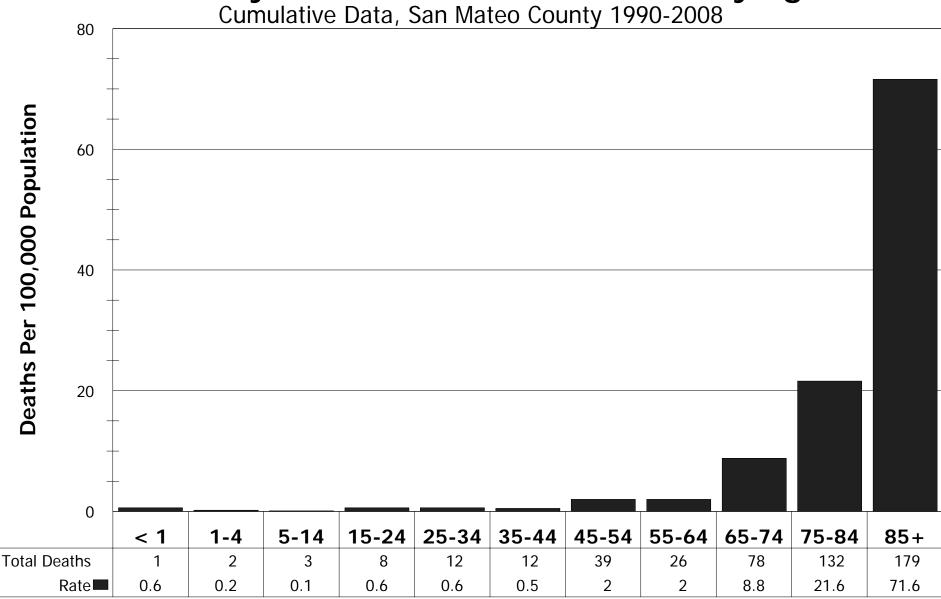


Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 numbers and rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 0.8409

Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

MORT-20

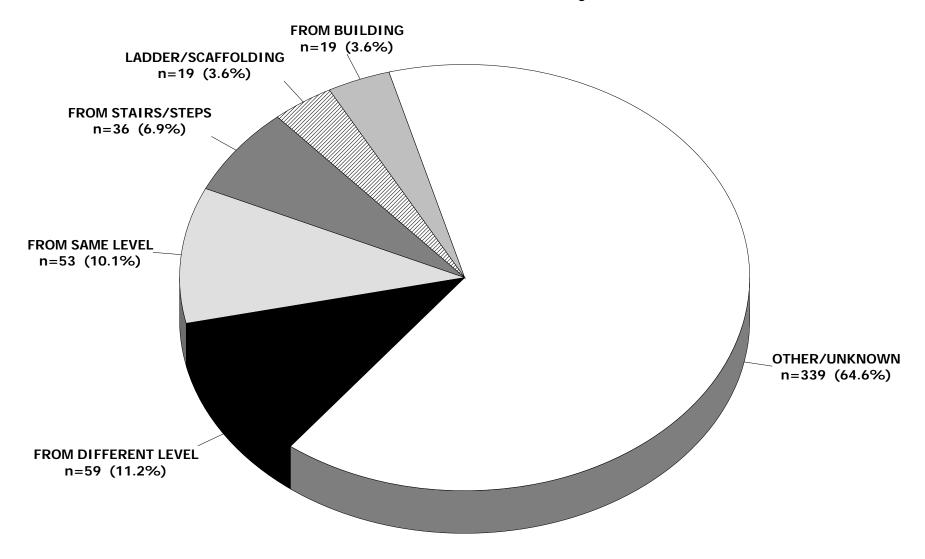
Mortality Due To Unintentional Falls By Age



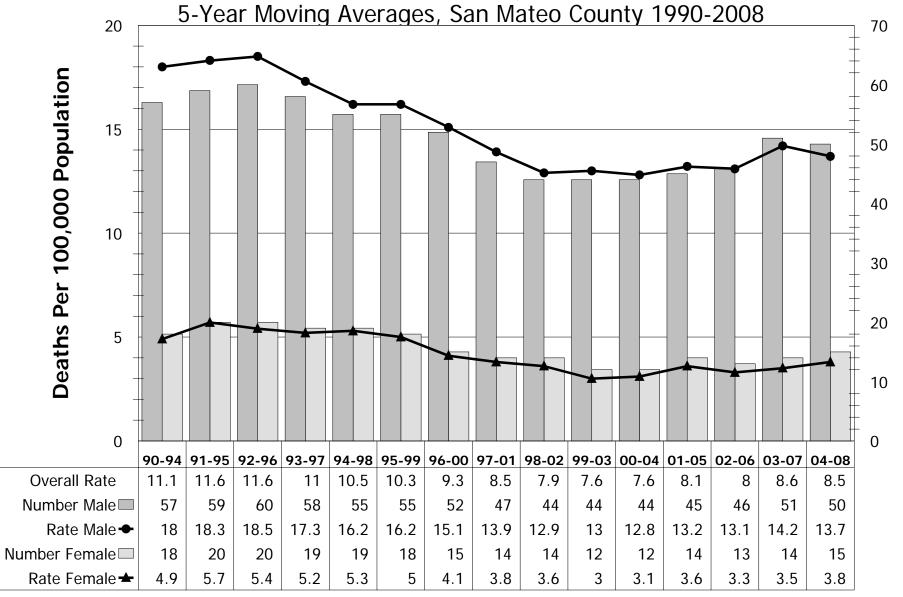
Rates are not age-adjusted; 1990-1998 numbers and rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 0.8409 Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Major Causes Of Deaths Due To Unintentional Falls

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Suicides By Sex



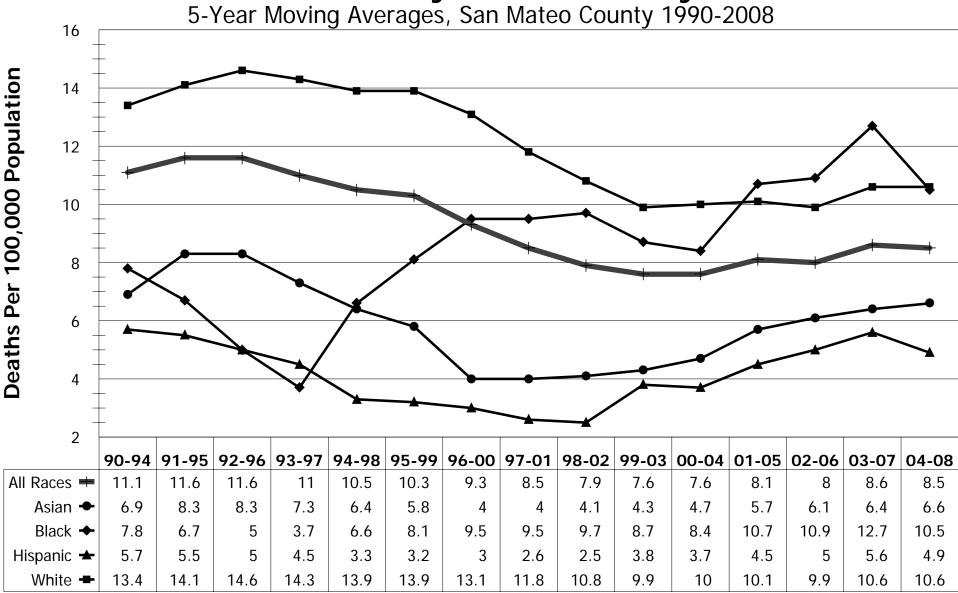
Average Annual Number Of Deaths

Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 numbers and rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 0.9962

Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

MORT-23

Suicides By Race/Ethnicity



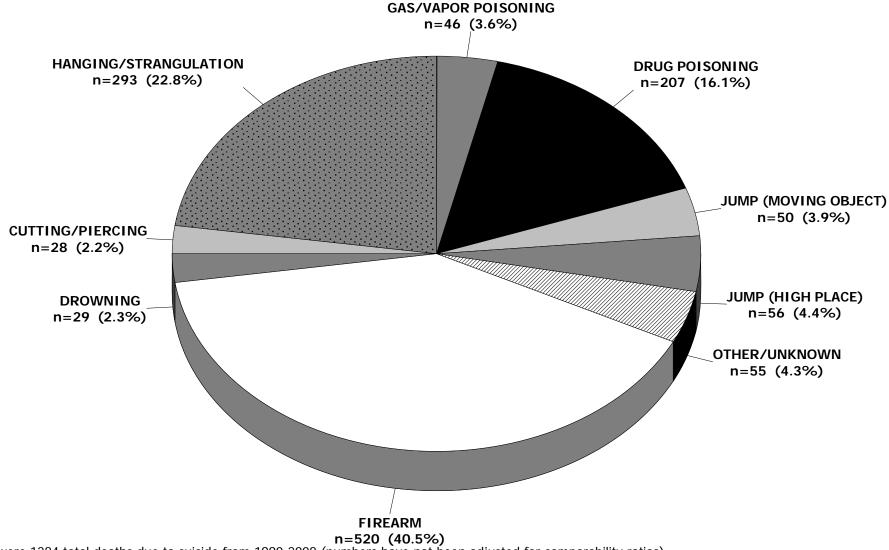
Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 numbers and rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 0.9962

Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

MORT-24

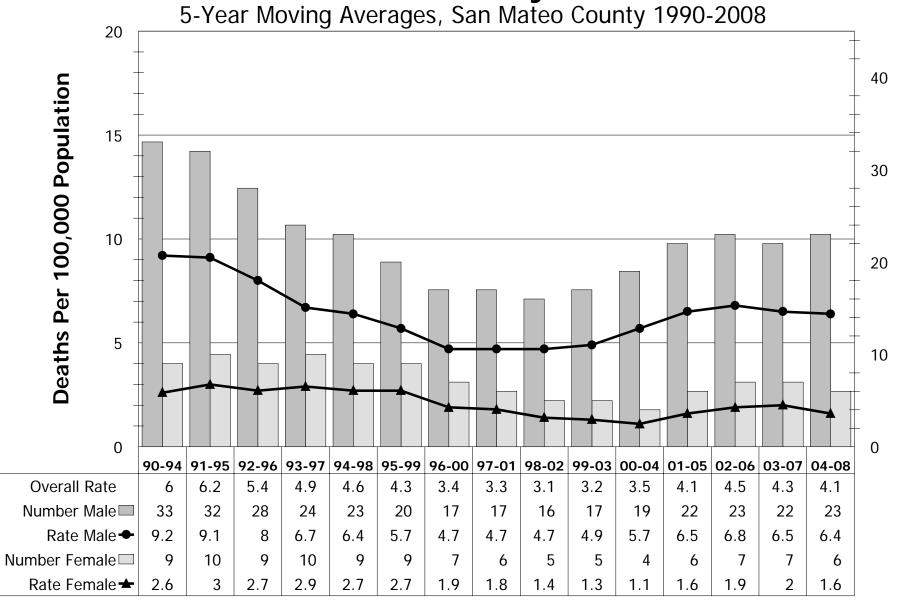
Major Causes Of Deaths Due To Suicide

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



There were 1284 total deaths due to suicide from 1990-2008 (numbers have not been adjusted for comparability ratios) Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Homicides By Sex



Average Annual Number Of Deaths

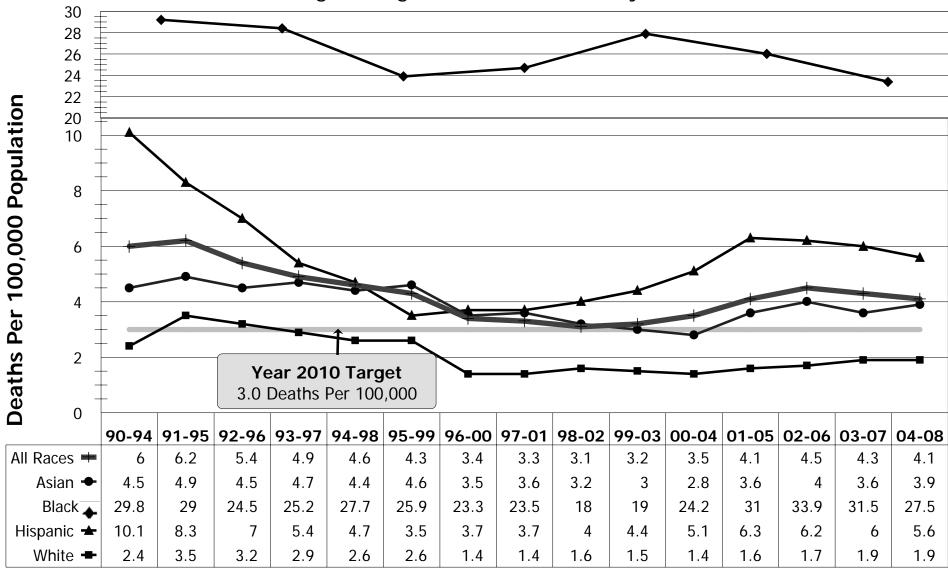
Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 numbers and rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 0.9983

Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

MORT-26

Homicides By Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



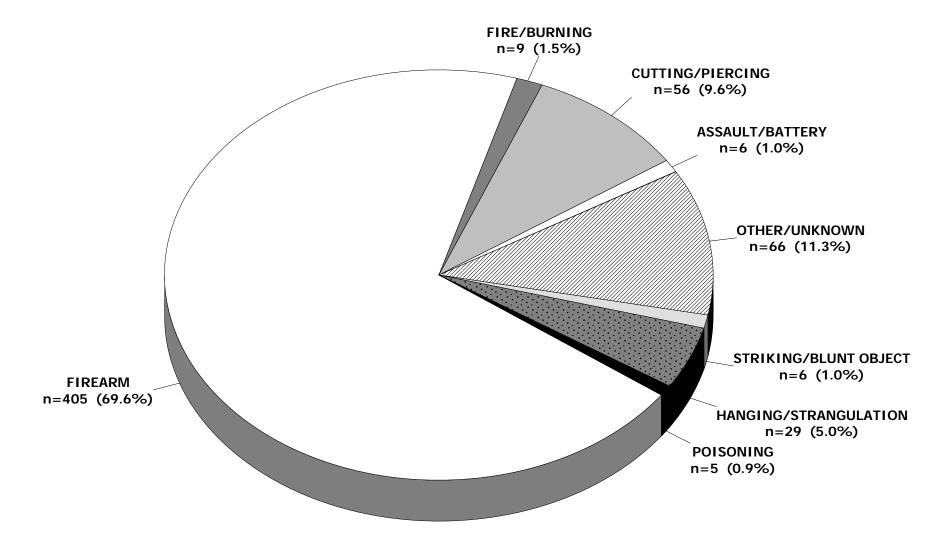
Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population; 1990-1998 numbers and rates have been adjusted to comparability ratio 0.9983

Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

MORT-27

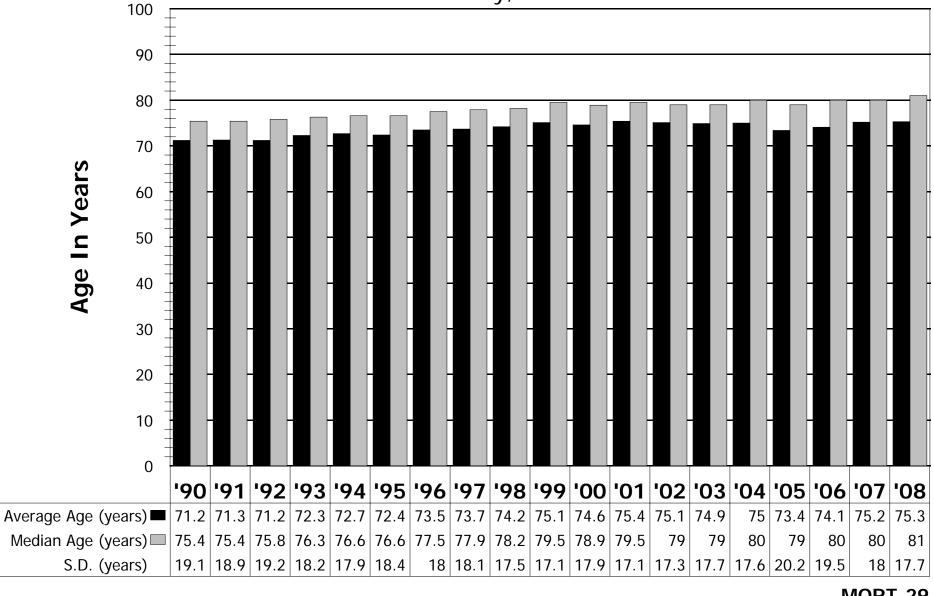
Major Causes Of Death Due To Homicide

Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Average Age Of Death In Years

San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Total Years Of Potential Life Lost By Cause Of Death Selected Causes of Death, San Mateo County, 1990-2008

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | , · | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Cause of Death | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 |
| Cancer | 10790 | 10785 | 10765 | 9561 | 10177 | 10089 | 10064 | 9466 | 10233 | 8828 | 8589 | 8389 | 9545 | 9058 | 9076 | 9010 | 8534 | 7802 | 7829 |
| Cerebrovascular | 1255 | 1289 | 1276 | 1528 | 1056 | 1359 | 1268 | 1187 | 1321 | 1248 | 1341 | 1044 | 867 | 903 | 1142 | 1078 | 1294 | 864 | 926 |
| Diabetes | 565 | 477 | 520 | 525 | 497 | 775 | 647 | 486 | 753 | 700 | 644 | 625 | 554 | 551 | 535 | 705 | 320 | 503 | 341 |
| Heart Disease | 6149 | 6253 | 6186 | 6004 | 5414 | 5161 | 5382 | 4933 | 5285 | 5232 | 4960 | 4840 | 4464 | 4783 | 4648 | 4492 | 6467 | 4520 | 4179 |
| HIV/AIDS | 2758 | 3192 | 3453 | 4060 | 4050 | 3314 | 2666 | 752 | 417 | 466 | 351 | 762 | 672 | 616 | 569 | 409 | 615 | 239 | 180 |
| Homicide | 1735 | 2018 | 2275 | 1661 | 1578 | 1928 | 807 | 1422 | 1156 | 741 | 573 | 755 | 1072 | 1374 | 1258 | 1717 | 1158 | 867 | 1182 |
| Infectious Diseases | 702 | 713 | 540 | 820 | 525 | 1092 | 974 | 679 | 493 | 736 | 710 | 831 | 408 | 551 | 288 | 557 | 452 | 631 | 691 |
| Liver Disease | 1704 | 1914 | 1725 | 1718 | 1857 | 1640 | 1458 | 1508 | 1109 | 832 | 943 | 1011 | 1222 | 1180 | 1452 | 1129 | 876 | 1430 | 1480 |
| Penumonia & Influenza | 631 | 536 | 595 | 902 | 543 | 793 | 633 | 860 | 876 | 555 | 667 | 331 | 492 | 513 | 300 | 517 | 710 | 308 | 511 |
| Respiratory Disease | 1249 | 1454 | 948 | 1522 | 1206 | 1139 | 769 | 1120 | 1319 | 1019 | 1039 | 976 | 806 | 889 | 743 | 646 | 794 | 892 | 798 |
| Suicide | 1947 | 1874 | 2327 | 2459 | 2224 | 2372 | 2369 | 1724 | 2276 | 1705 | 1492 | 1119 | 1158 | 1734 | 1708 | 1749 | 1424 | 1831 | 1636 |
| Unintentional Injury | 5518 | 4175 | 5006 | 4064 | 3862 | 4658 | 3956 | 3631 | 2944 | 3863 | 3640 | 3166 | 3873 | 4097 | 3657 | 3431 | 4081 | 4120 | 3648 |
| All Causes | 43674 | 42614 | 44046 | 40519 | 38762 | 41207 | 37455 | 36137 | 34835 | 32006 | 32726 | 30519 | 30530 | 32542 | 31191 | 33457 | 34751 | 30411 | 29101 |

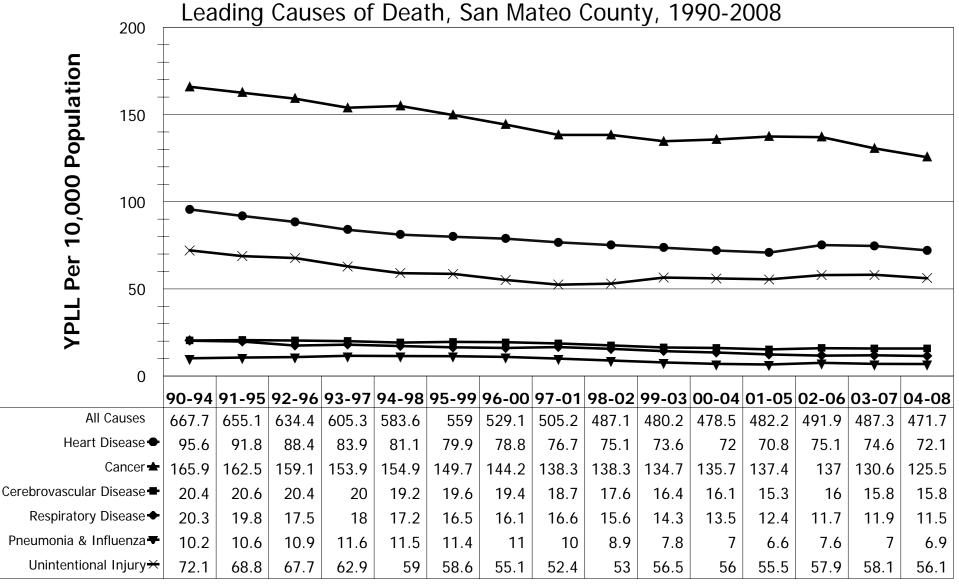
Annual Rates Of Years Of Potential Life Lost

Selected Causes of Death, San Mateo County, 1990-2008

| Cause of Death | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Cancer | 174.2 | 172.9 | 171.4 | 151.1 | 159.7 | 157.3 | 155.8 | 145.5 | 156.2 | 133.9 | 129.4 | 126.5 | 145.3 | 138.4 | 138.8 | 137.8 | 124.9 | 113.3 | 112.9 |
| Cerebrovascular | 20.3 | 20.7 | 20.3 | 24.2 | 16.6 | 21.2 | 19.6 | 18.2 | 20.2 | 18.9 | 20.2 | 15.7 | 13.2 | 13.8 | 17.5 | 16.5 | 18.9 | 12.6 | 13.4 |
| Diabetes | 9.1 | 7.6 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 7.8 | 12.1 | 10 | 7.5 | 11.5 | 10.6 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 10.8 | 4.7 | 7.3 | 4.9 |
| Heart Disease | 99.3 | 100.2 | 98.5 | 94.9 | 85 | 80.4 | 83.3 | 75.8 | 80.7 | 79.3 | 74.7 | 73 | 68 | 73.1 | 71.1 | 68.7 | 94.7 | 65.7 | 60.3 |
| HIV/AIDS | 44.5 | 51.2 | 55 | 64.2 | 63.6 | 51.7 | 41.3 | 11.6 | 6.4 | 7.1 | 5.3 | 11.5 | 10.2 | 9.4 | 8.7 | 6.3 | 9 | 3.5 | 2.6 |
| Homicide | 28 | 32.4 | 36.2 | 26.3 | 24.8 | 30.1 | 12.5 | 21.9 | 17.7 | 11.2 | 8.6 | 11.4 | 16.3 | 21 | 19.2 | 26.2 | 17 | 12.6 | 17 |
| Infectious Diseases | 11.3 | 11.4 | 8.6 | 13 | 8.2 | 17 | 15.1 | 10.4 | 7.5 | 11.2 | 10.7 | 12.5 | 6.2 | 8.4 | 4.4 | 8.5 | 6.6 | 9.2 | 10 |
| Liver Disease | 27.5 | 30.7 | 27.5 | 27.2 | 29.1 | 25.6 | 22.6 | 23.2 | 16.9 | 12.6 | 14.2 | 15.2 | 18.6 | 18 | 22.2 | 17.3 | 12.8 | 20.8 | 21.3 |
| Pneumonia & Influenza | 10.2 | 8.6 | 9.5 | 14.3 | 8.5 | 12.4 | 9.8 | 13.2 | 13.4 | 8.4 | 10 | 5 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 4.6 | 7.9 | 10.4 | 4.5 | 7.4 |
| Respiratory Disease | 20.2 | 23.3 | 15.1 | 24.1 | 18.9 | 17.8 | 11.9 | 17.2 | 20.1 | 15.5 | 15.7 | 14.7 | 12.3 | 13.6 | 11.4 | 9.9 | 11.6 | 13 | 11.5 |
| Suicide | 31.4 | 30 | 37 | 38.9 | 34.9 | 37 | 36.7 | 26.5 | 34.8 | 25.9 | 22.5 | 16.9 | 17.6 | 26.5 | 26.1 | 26.7 | 20.8 | 26.6 | 23.6 |
| Unintentional Injury | 89.1 | 66.9 | 79.7 | 64.2 | 60.6 | 72.6 | 61.2 | 55.8 | 45 | 58.6 | 54.8 | 47.7 | 59 | 62.6 | 55.9 | 52.5 | 59.7 | 59.9 | 52.6 |
| All Causes | 705.2 | 683.2 | 701.1 | 640.5 | 608.4 | 642.3 | 579.8 | 555.6 | 531.9 | 485.4 | 493 | 460.1 | 464.8 | 497.4 | 476.9 | 511.5 | 508.7 | 441.8 | 419.7 |

Rates are unadjusted per 10,000 population under 75 years of age. Years of potential life lost was calculated for life expectancy to age 75 Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Annual Rates Of Years Of Potential Life Lost By Cause Of Death



Rates are unadjusted per 10,000 population under 75 years of age.

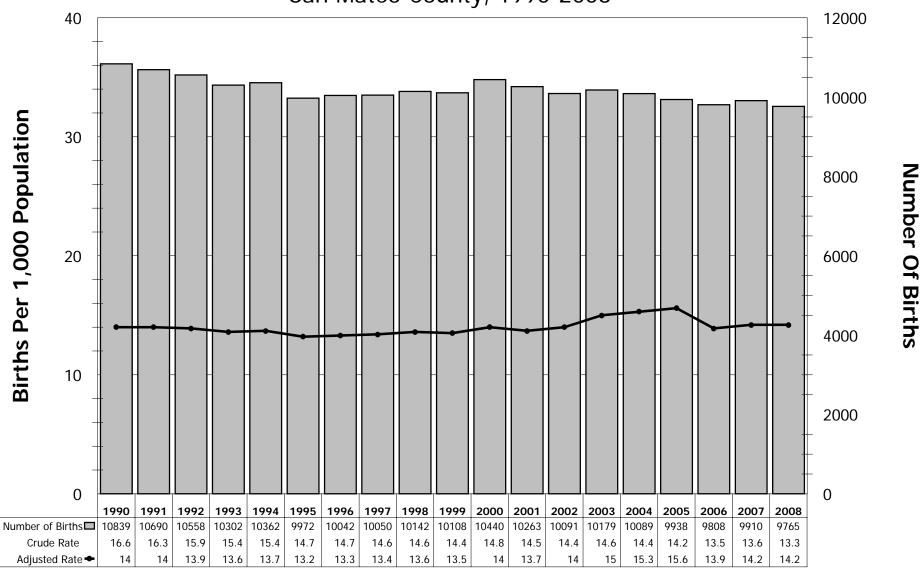
Years of potential life lost was calculated for life expectancy to age 75.

Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Maternal and Child Health

Number Of Births And Birth Rate

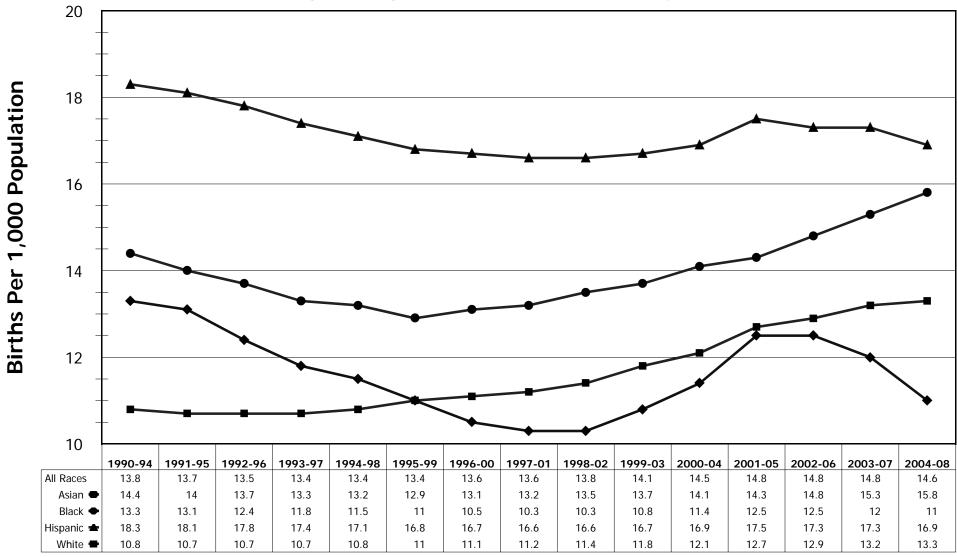
San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Adjusted rate is age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

Note: Observed decline in age-adjusted rate from 2005 to 2006 caused by sharp decline in 25-34 year old population. Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Records 1990-2008

Race Specific Birth Rate
5- Year Moving Average Rate, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



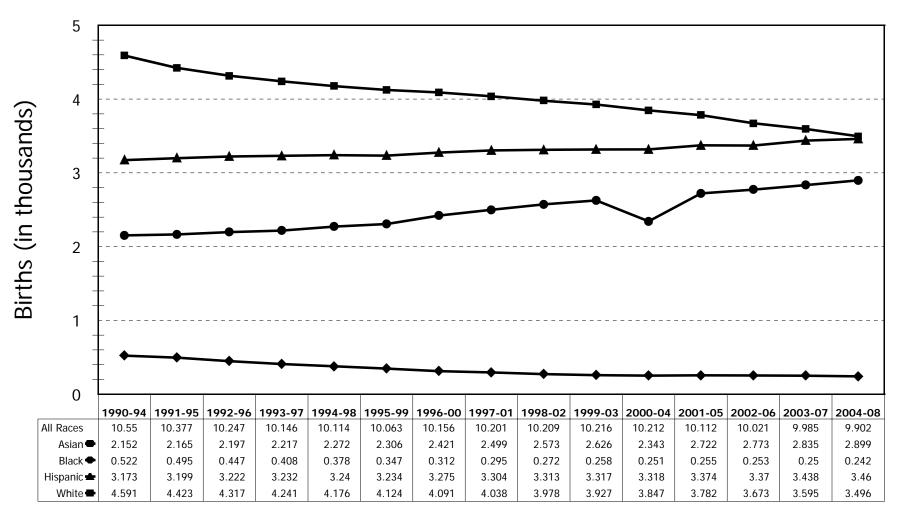
Legend: Asian=circle; Black=diamond; Hispanic=triangle; White=square; All Races trend line not displayed within graph.

Rates are age-adjusted and standardized to Year 2000 population

Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Records 1990-2008

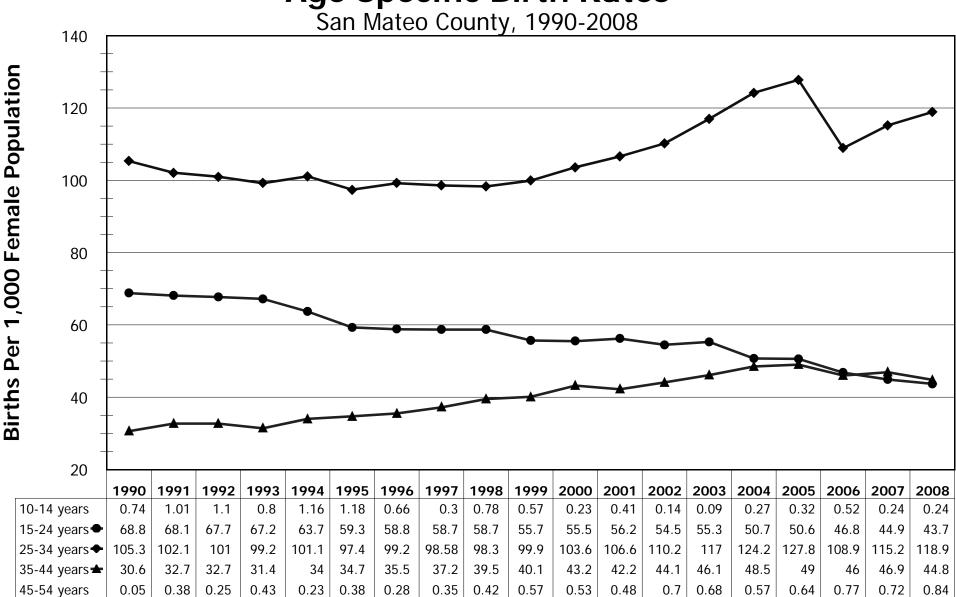
Race Specific Births

5 Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Legend: Asian=circle; Black=diamond; Hispanic=triangle; White=square; All Races trend line not displayed within graph. Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Records 1990-2008

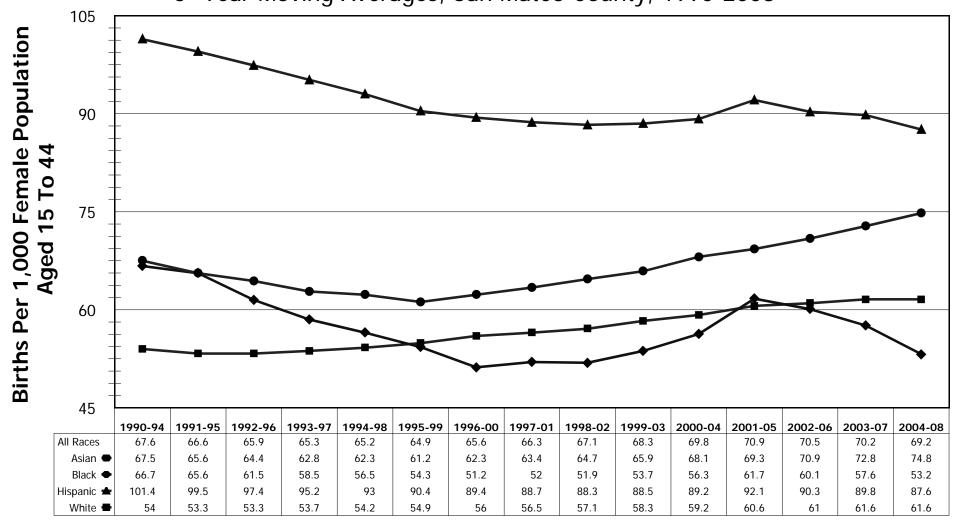
Age Specific Birth Rates



Rates for age groups 10-14 and 45-54 not shown on graph Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Records 1990-2008

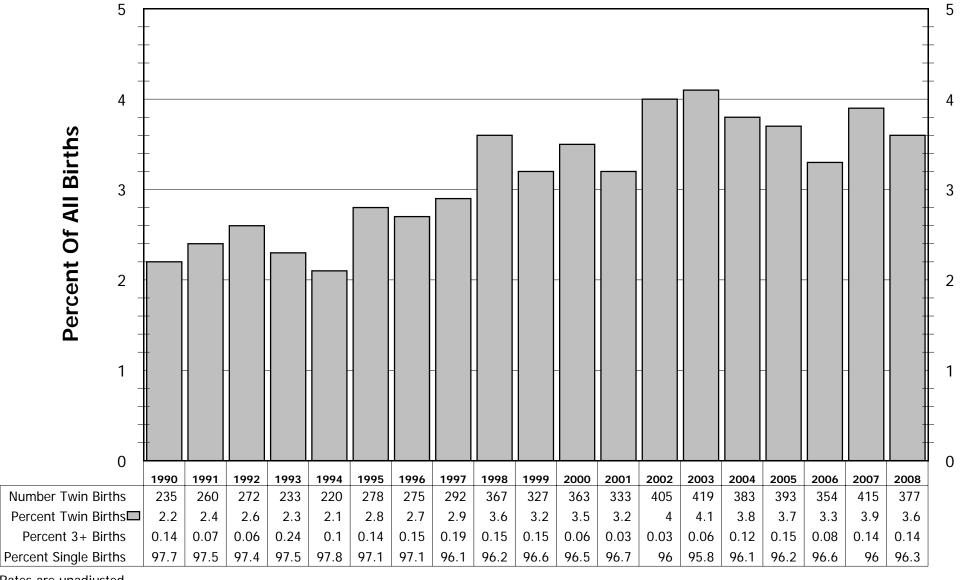
Race/Ethnicity Specific Fertility Rates

5- Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Frequency Of Multiple Births

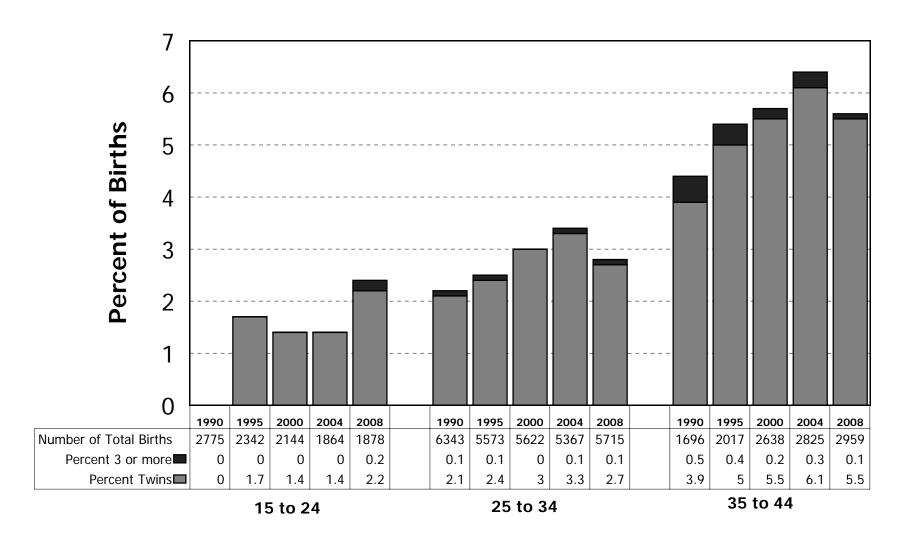
San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Rates are unadjusted

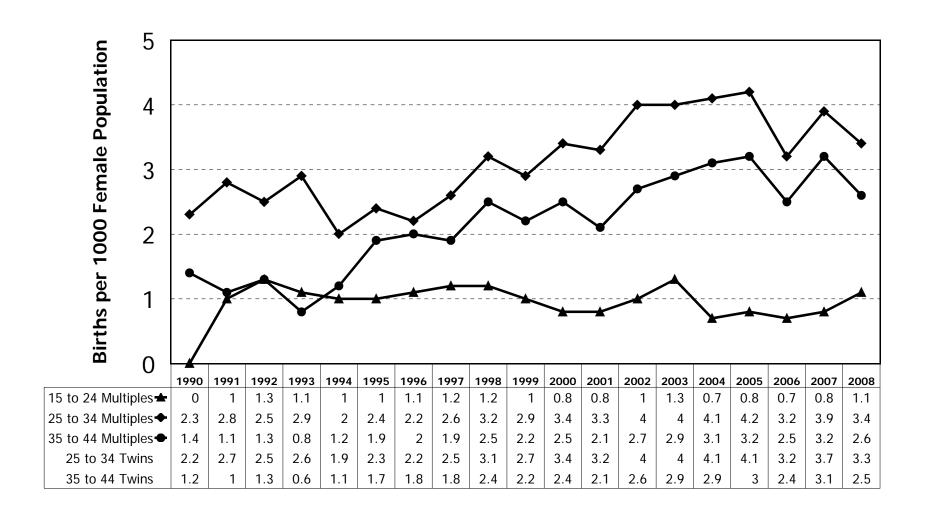
Multiple Birth Type by Age Group

San Mateo County, 1990-2008

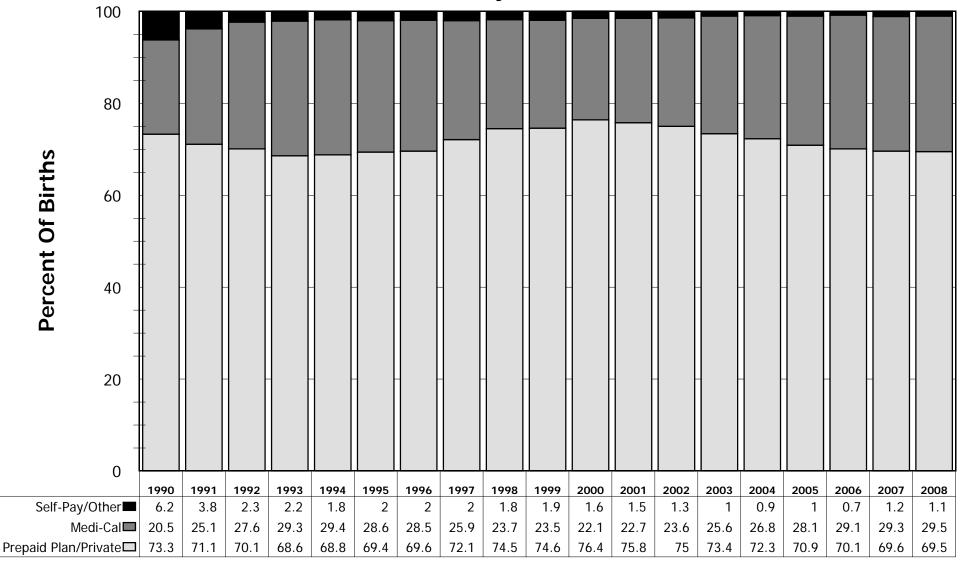


Age Specific Multiple Birth Rates

San Mateo County, 1990-2008

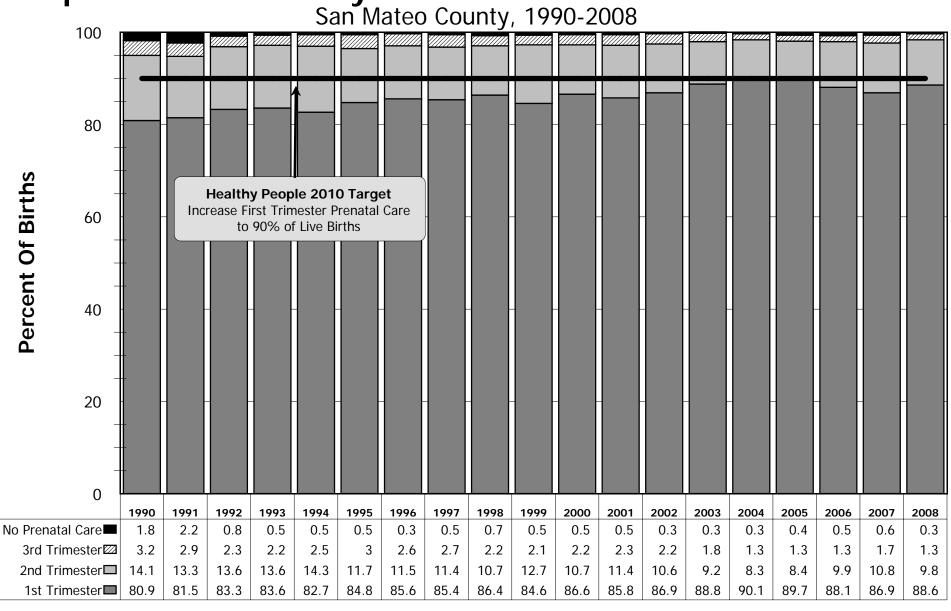


Births By Principal Source Of Payment For Delivery San Mateo County, 1990-2008



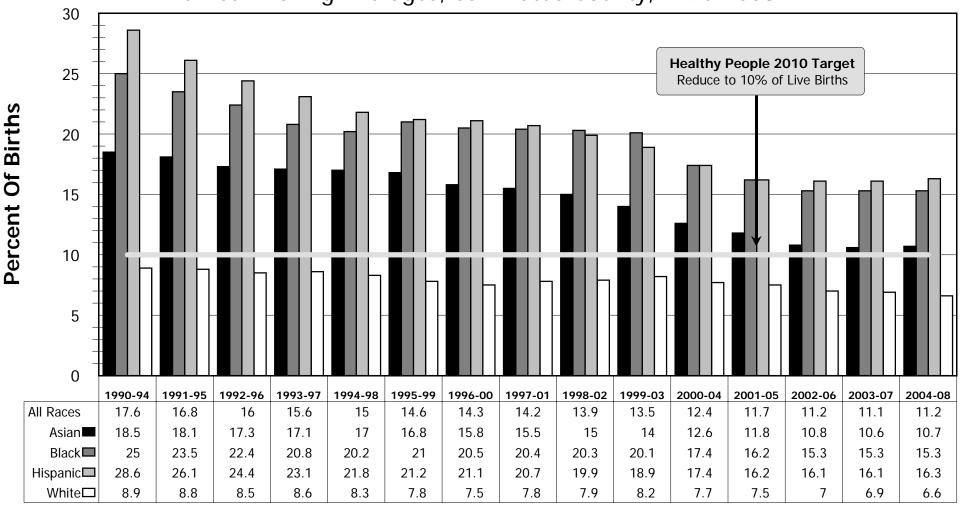
Prepaid plan includes health maintenance organizations and Blue Cross/Blue Shield; Other includes Medicare, worker's compensation, Title V (MCH funds), other governmental programs, no charge, other non-governmental programs, medically indigent, and unknown Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Records 1990-2008

Proportion Of Births By Trimester Of First Prenatal Care Visit



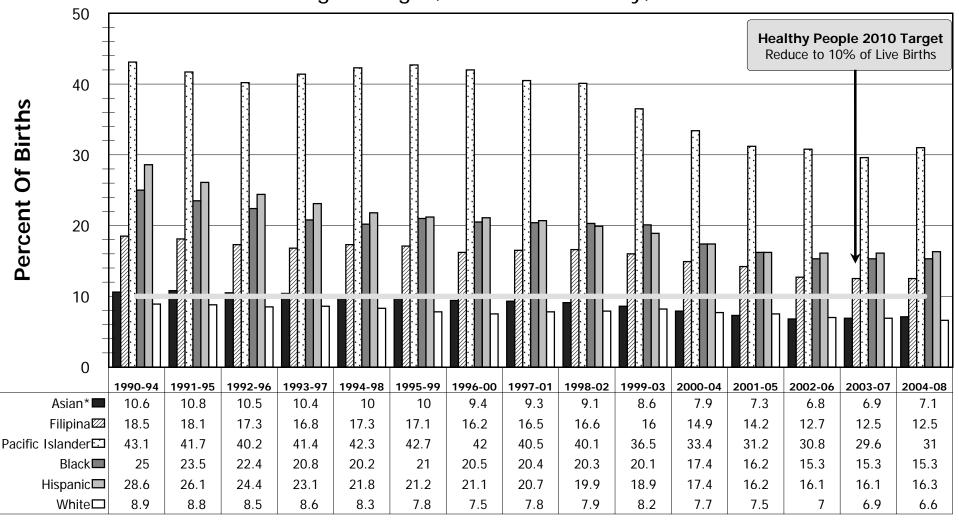
Proportion Of Births With Late Or No Prenatal Care By Maternal Race/Ethnicity

5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Proportion Of Births Receiving Late Or No Prenatal Care By Maternal Race/Ethnicity

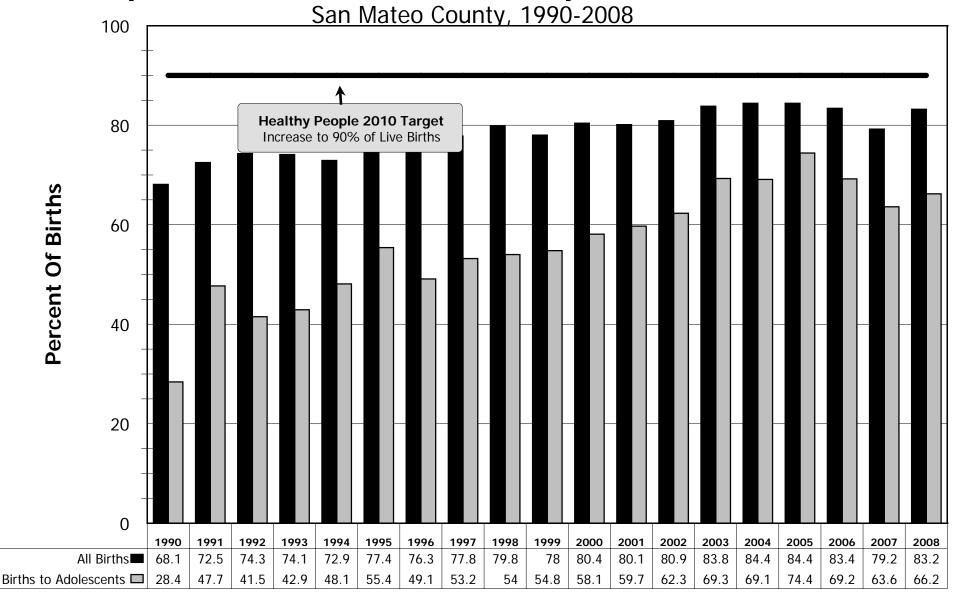
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



^{*}Non Filipina/Pacific Islander Asians

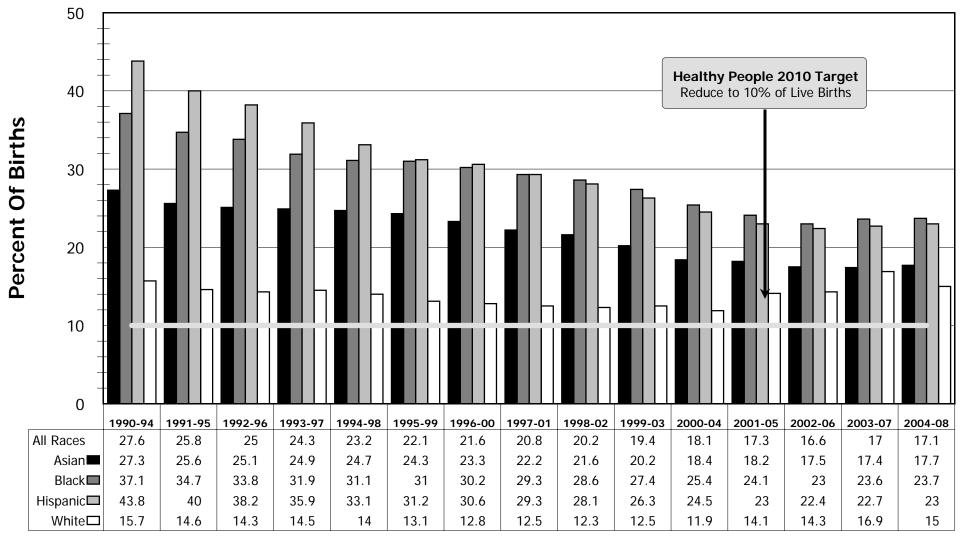
Late prenatal care defined as first prenatal care visit occurring during the second or third trimester of pregnancy Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Records 1990-2008

Proportion Of Births With Adequate Prenatal Care



Proportion Of Births With Less Than Adequate Prenatal Care By Maternal Race/Ethnicity

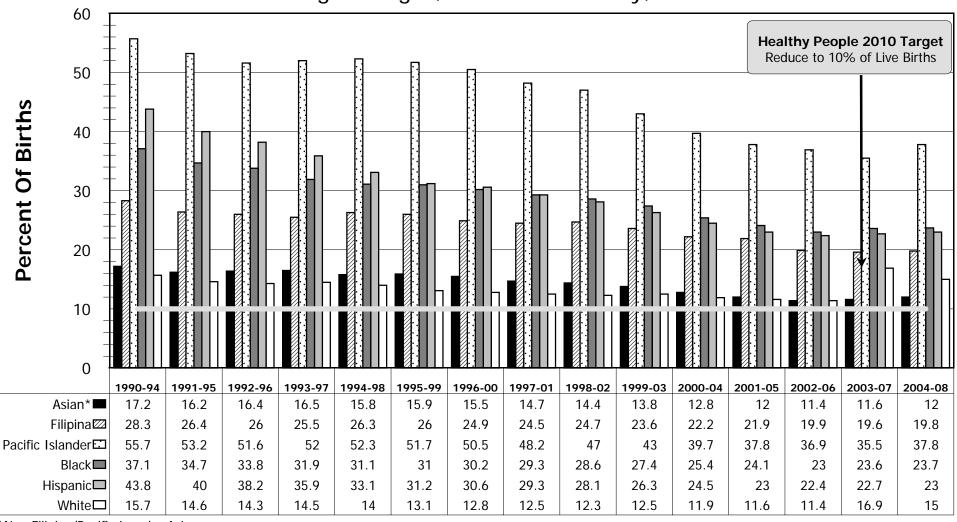
5- Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Adequate prenatal care is determined by the Kessner Index

Proportion Of Births Receiving Less Than Adequate Prenatal Care By Maternal Race/Ethnicity

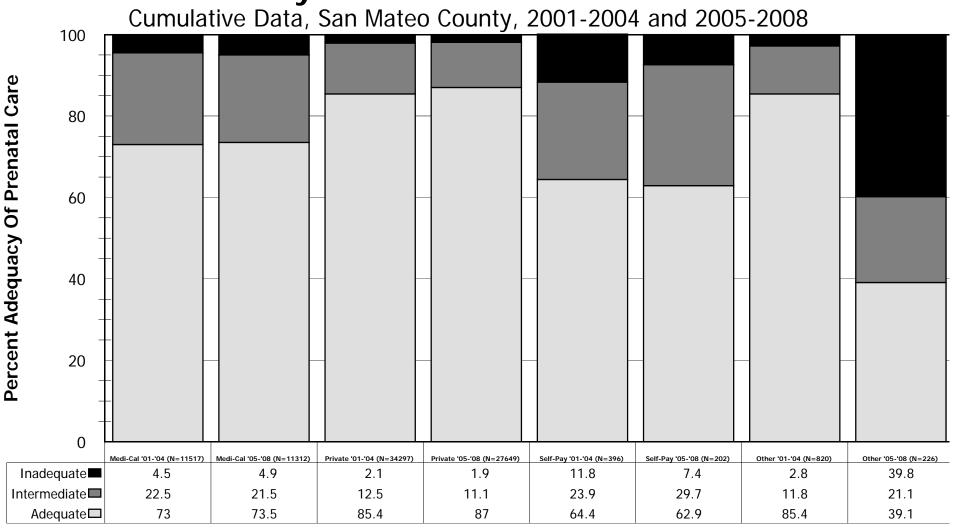
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



^{*}Non Filipina/Pacific Isander Asians

Adequate prenatal care is determined by the Kessner Index

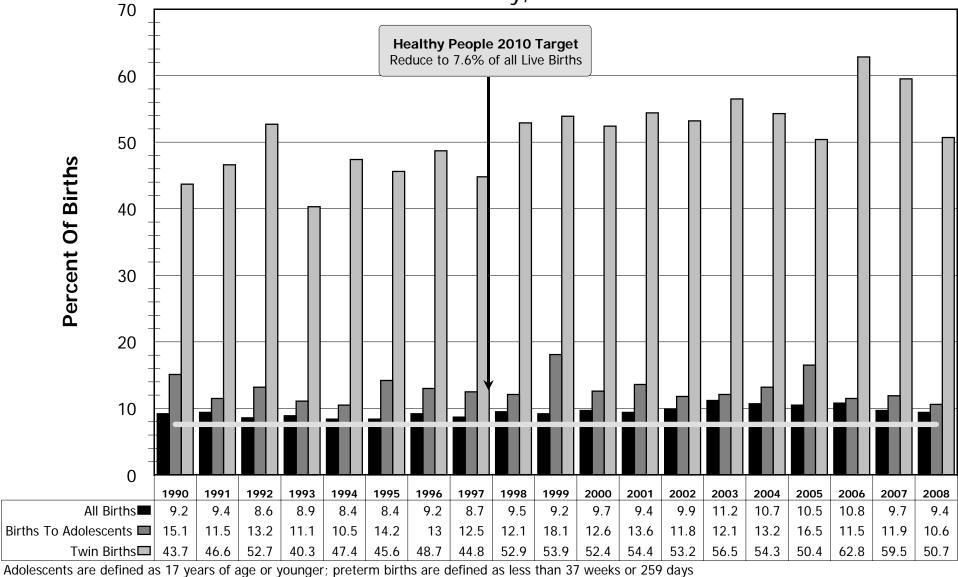
Adequacy Of Prenatal Care By Principal Source Of Payment For Prenatal Care



Adequate prenatal care is determined by the Kessner Index; Medi-Cal includes both Medi-Cal and Medi-Cal CPS Program; Private plan includes health maintenance organizations and Blue Cross/Blue Shield; Other includes Medicare, worker's compensation, Title V (MCH funds), other governmental programs, no charge, other non-governmental programs, medically indigent, and unknown Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Records 2001-2008

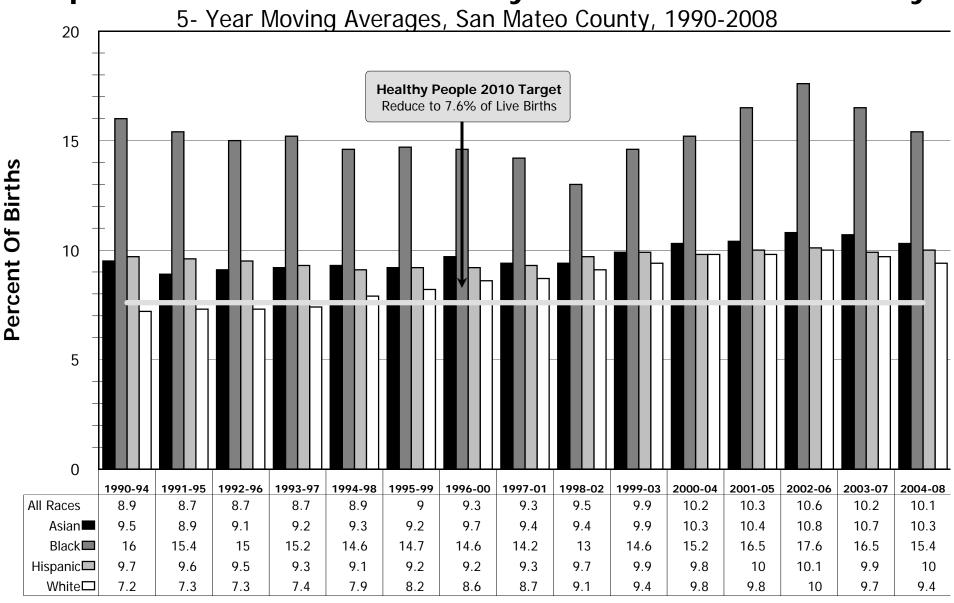
Preterm Births

San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Adolescents are defined as 17 years of age or younger; preterm births are defined as less than 37 weeks or 259 days gestation from last menstrual period

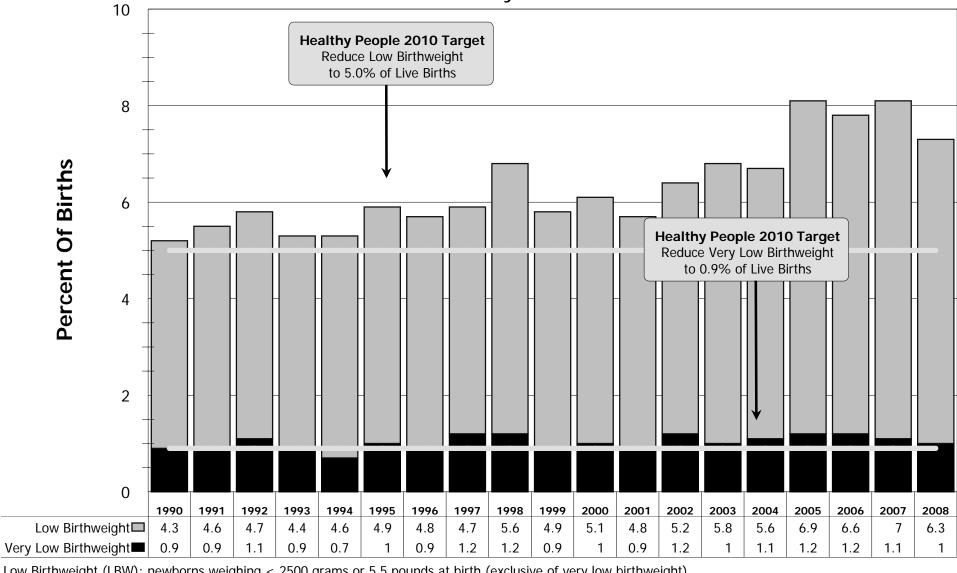
Proportion Of Preterm Births By Maternal Race/Ethnicity



Preterm births are defined as less than 37 weeks or 259 days gestation from last menstrual period Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Records 1990-2008

Low Birthweight Deliveries

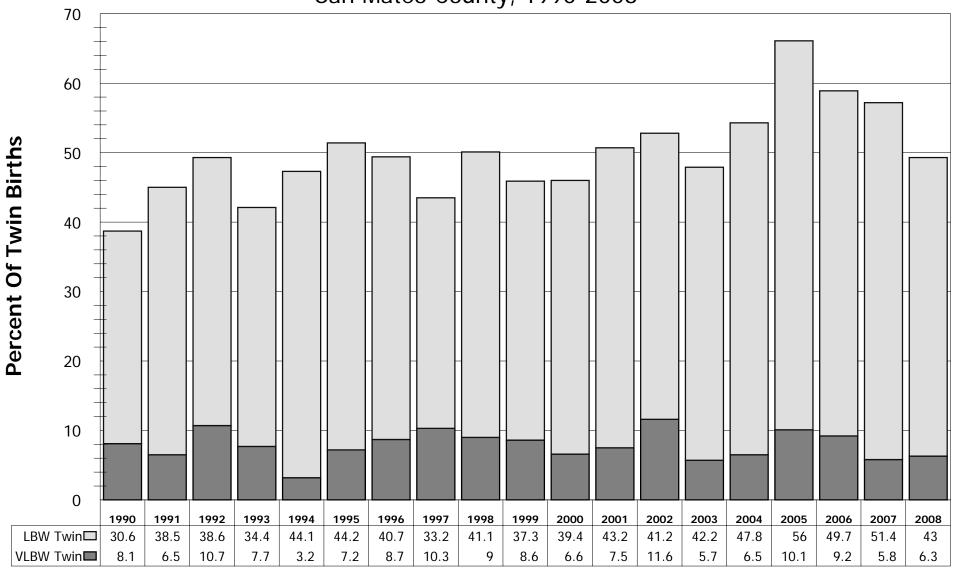
San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Low Birthweight (LBW): newborns weighing < 2500 grams or 5.5 pounds at birth (exclusive of very low birthweight) Very Low Birthweight (VLBW): newborns weighing < 1500 grams or 3.3 pounds at birth

Low Birthweight Among Twin Births

San Mateo County, 1990-2008

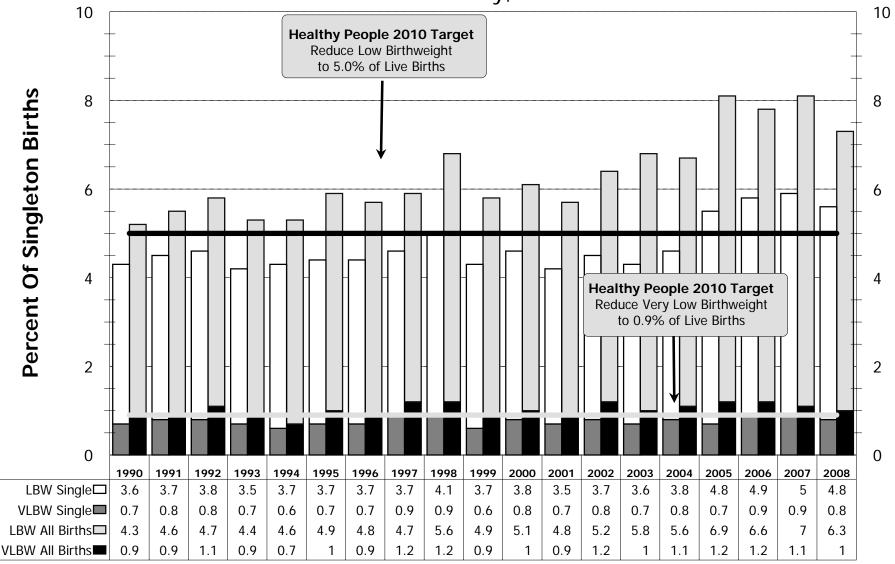


 $Low\ Birthweight\ (LBW):\ newborns\ weighing < 2500\ grams\ or\ 5.5\ pounds\ at\ birth\ (exclusive\ of\ very\ low\ birthweight)$

Very Low Birthweight (VLBW): newborns weighing < 1500 grams or 3.3 pounds at birth

Impact Of Birth Type On Low Birthweight Deliveries





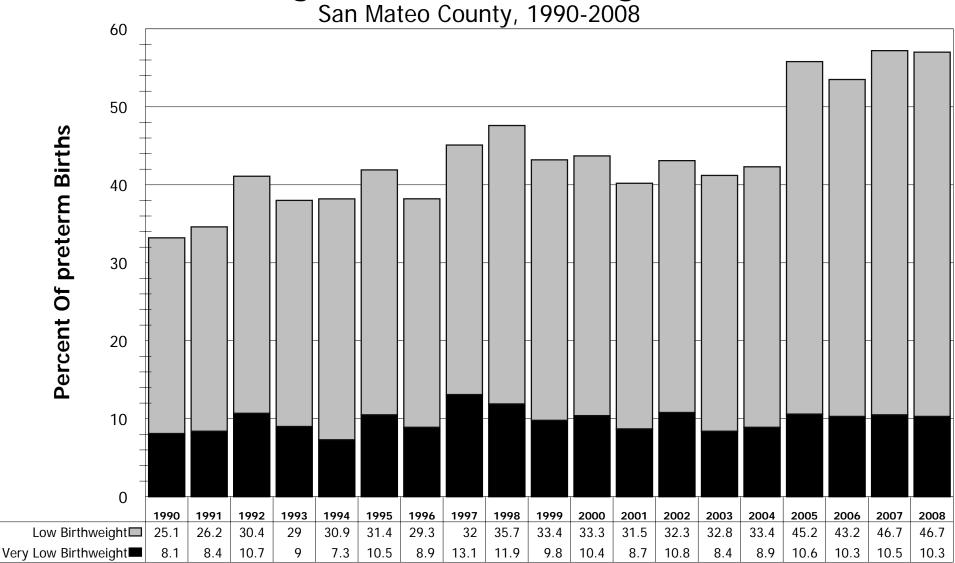
Low Birthweight (LBW): newborns weighing < 2500 grams or 5.5 pounds at birth (exclusive of very low birthweight)

Very Low Birthweight (VLBW): newborns weighing < 1500 grams or 3.3 pounds at birth

Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Records 1990-2008

Percent Of All Births

Low Birthweight Deliveries Among Preterm Births



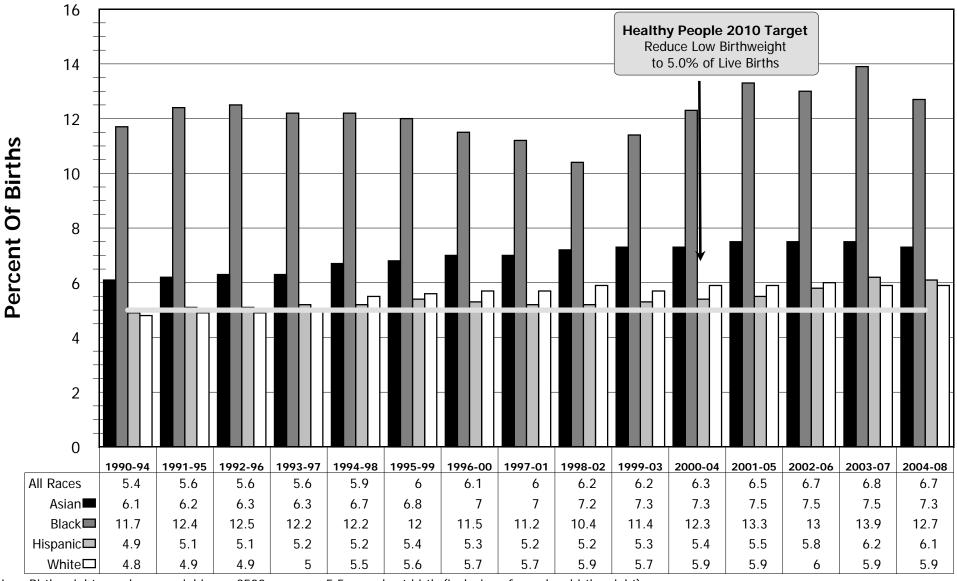
Low Birthweight: newborns weighing < 2500 grams or 5.5 pounds at birth (exclusive of very low birthweight)

Very Low Birthweight: newborns weighing < 1500 grams or 3.3 pounds at birth

Preterm births are defined as less than 37 weeks or 259 days gestation from last menstrual period

Low Birthweight Deliveries By Maternal Race/Ethnicity

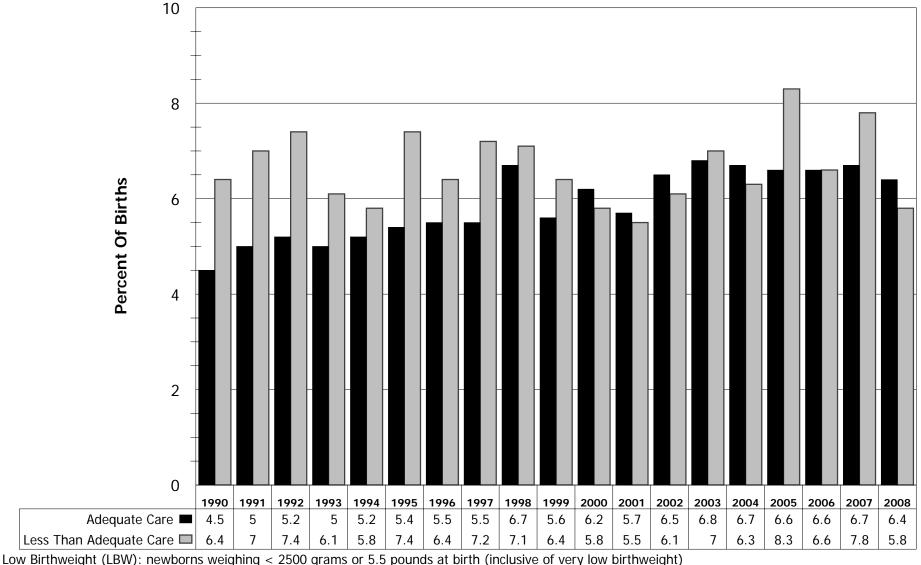
5- Year Moving Averages San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Low Birthweight: newborns weighing < 2500 grams or 5.5 pounds at birth (inclusive of very low birthweight) Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Records 1990-2008

Low Birthweight Deliveries By Adequacy Of Prenatal Care

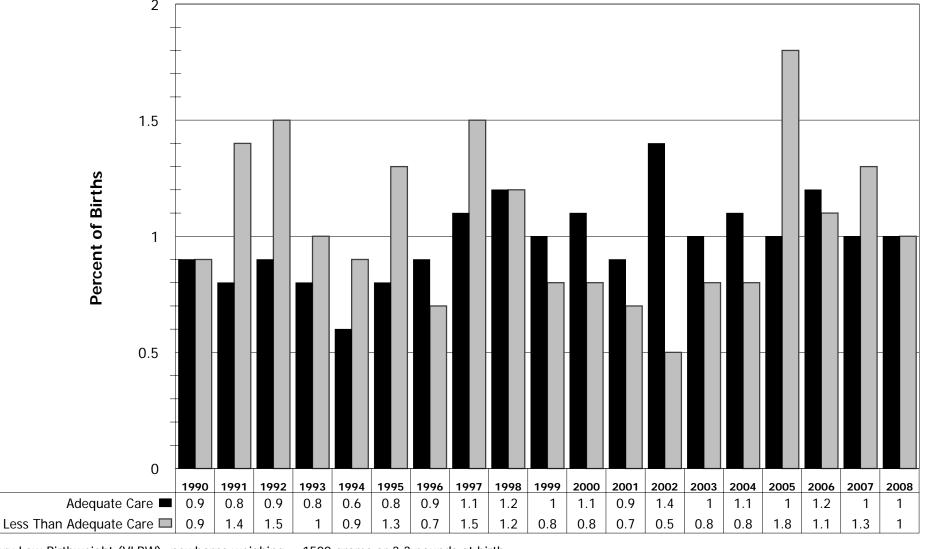
San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Low Birthweight (LBW): newborns weighing < 2500 grams or 5.5 pounds at birth (inclusive of very low birthweight) Adequate prenatal care is determined by the Kessner Index

Very Low Birthweight Deliveries By Adequacy Of Prenatal Care

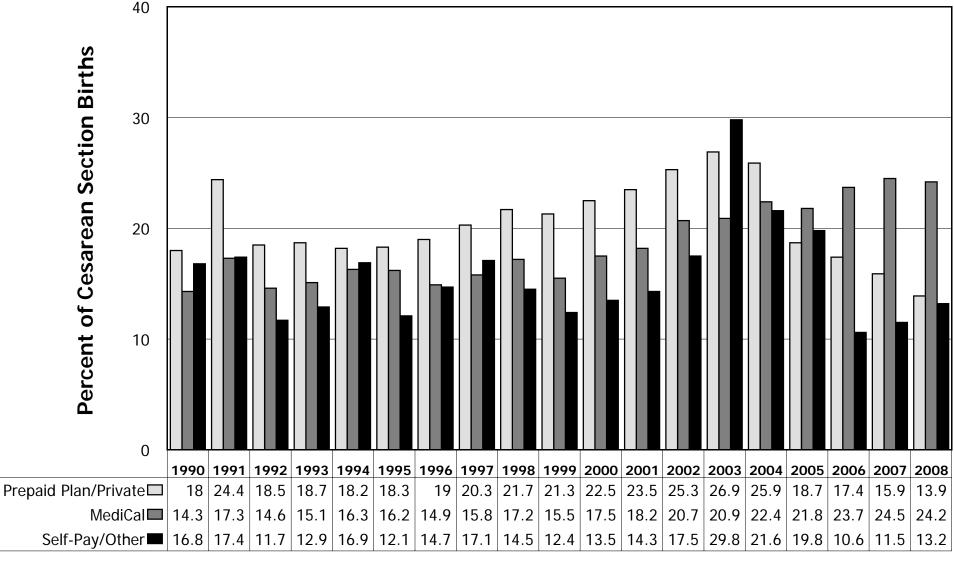
San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Very Low Birthweight (VLBW): newborns weighing < 1500 grams or 3.3 pounds at birth Adequate prenatal care is determined by the Kessner Index

Principal Source Of Payment and Proportion of Cesarean Section Deliveries

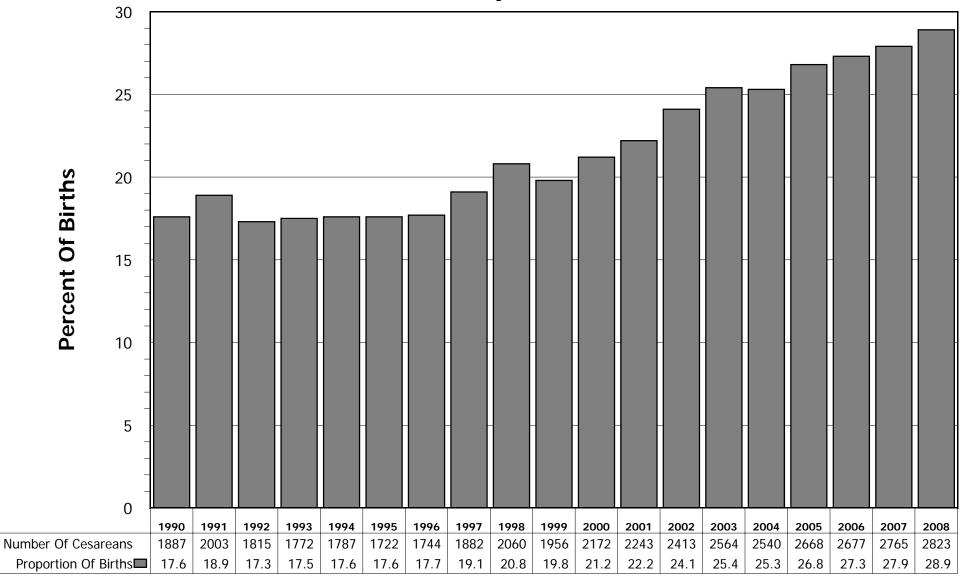
San Mateo County, 1990-2008



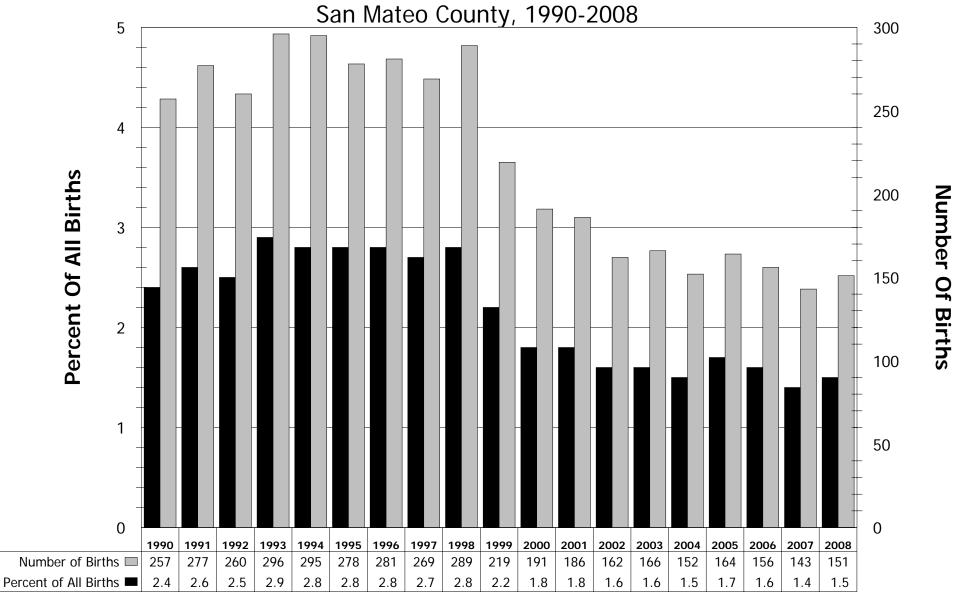
Pre-Paid includes health maintenance organizations and Blue Cross/Blue Shield; Other includes Medicare, worker's compensation, Title V (MCH funds), other governmental programs, no charge, other non-governmental programs, medically indigent, and unknown Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Records 1990-2008

Proportion Of Births Delivered By Cesarean Section

San Mateo County, 1990-2008

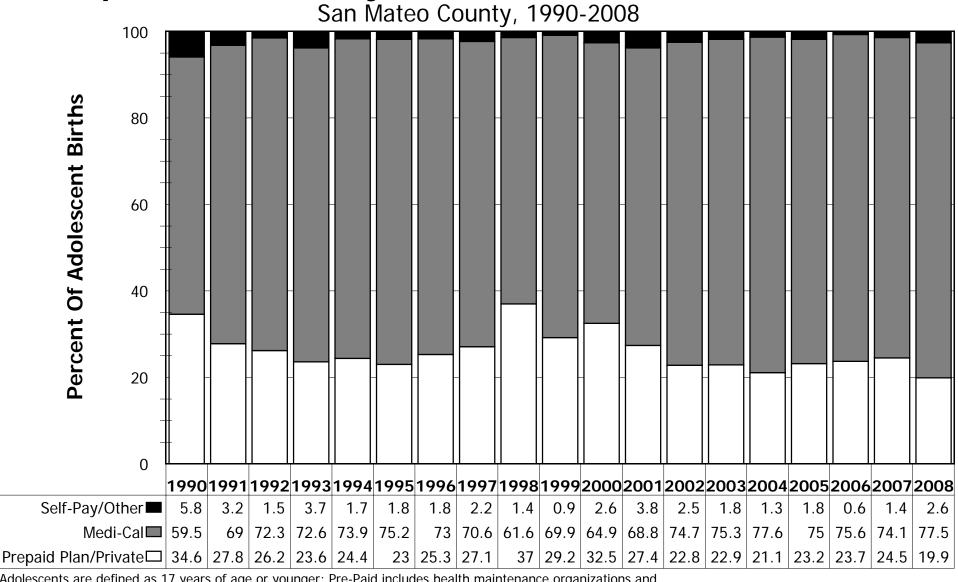


Births To Adolescents



Adolescents are defined as 17 years of age or younger

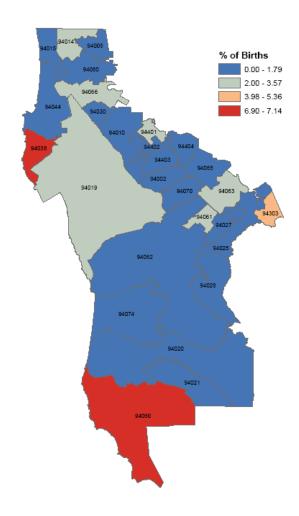
Principal Source Of Payment For Deliveries To Adolescents



Adolescents are defined as 17 years of age or younger; Pre-Paid includes health maintenance organizations and Blue Cross/Blue Shield; Other includes Medicare, worker's compensation, Title V (MCH funds), other governmental programs, no charge, other non-governmental programs, medically indigent, and unknown Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Records 1990-2008

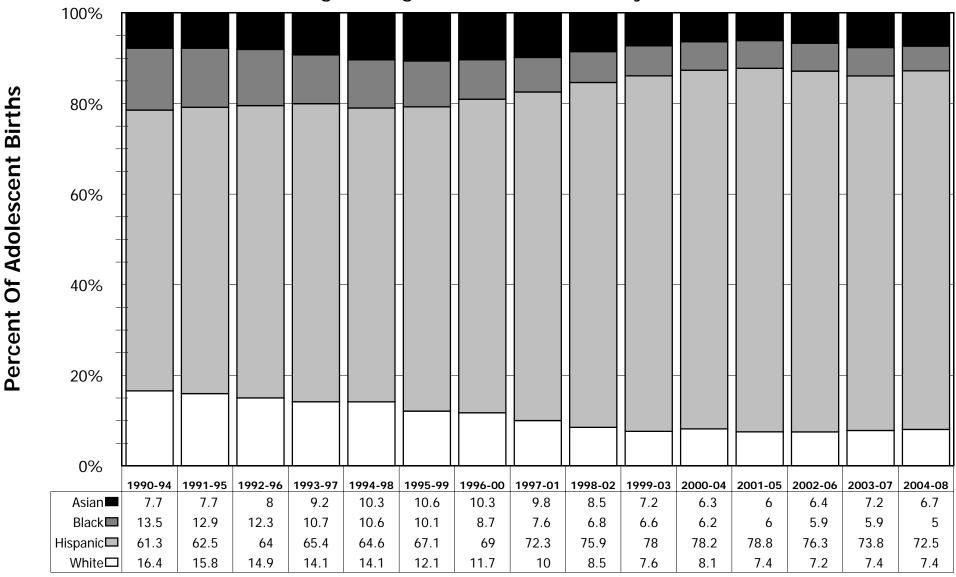
Births To Adolescent Females By Zip Code Of Residence

San Mateo County, 2008



Distribution Of Births To Adolescents By Race/Ethnicity

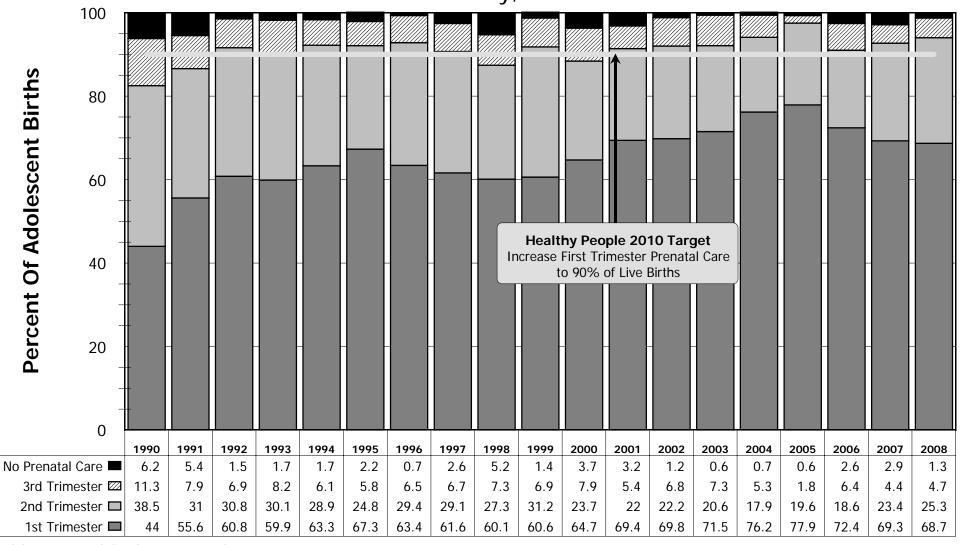
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Adolescents are defined as 17 years of age or younger

Proportion Of Adolescent Births By Trimester Of First Prenatal Visit

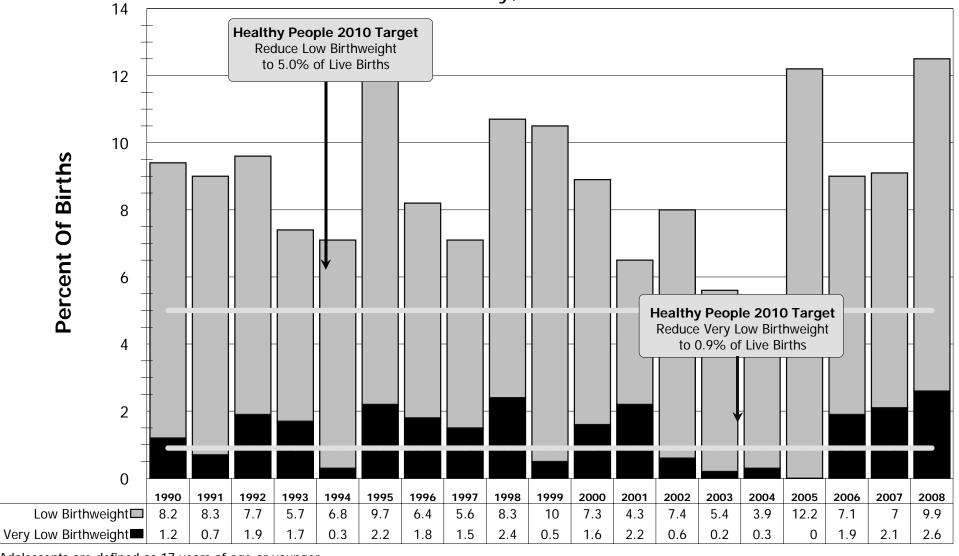
San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Adolescents are defined as 17 years of age or younger

Low Birthweight Deliveries To Adolescents

San Mateo County, 1990-2008



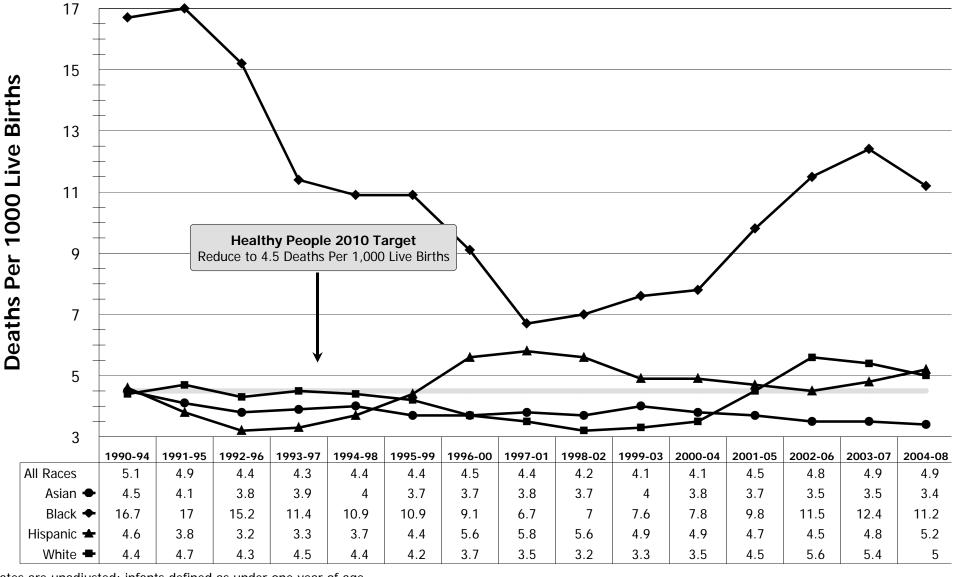
Adolescents are defined as 17 years of age or younger

Low Birthweight: newborns weighing < 2500 grams or 5.5 pounds at birth (exclusive of very low birthweight)

Very Low Birthweight: newborns weighing < 1500 grams or 3.3 pounds at birth

Infant Mortality By Race/Ethnicity

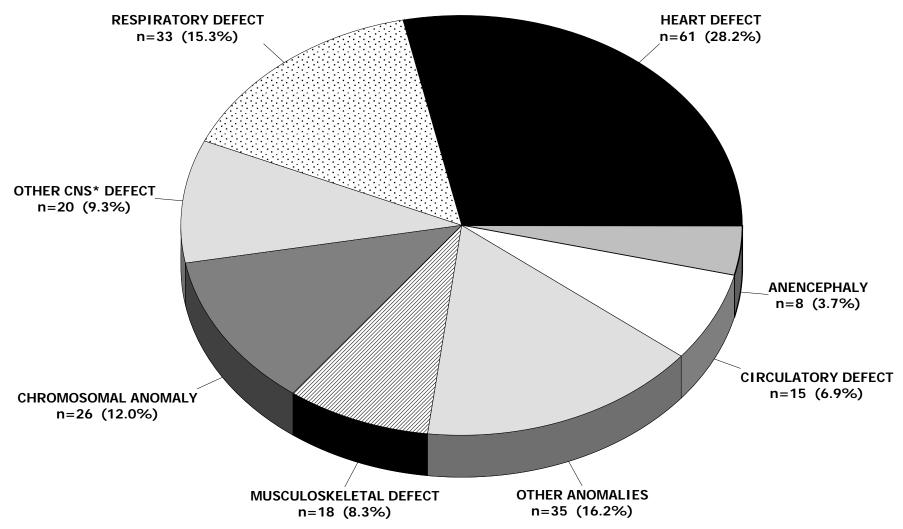
5-Year Moving Averages, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



Rates are unadjusted; infants defined as under one year of age

Major Congenital Causes Of Infant Mortality

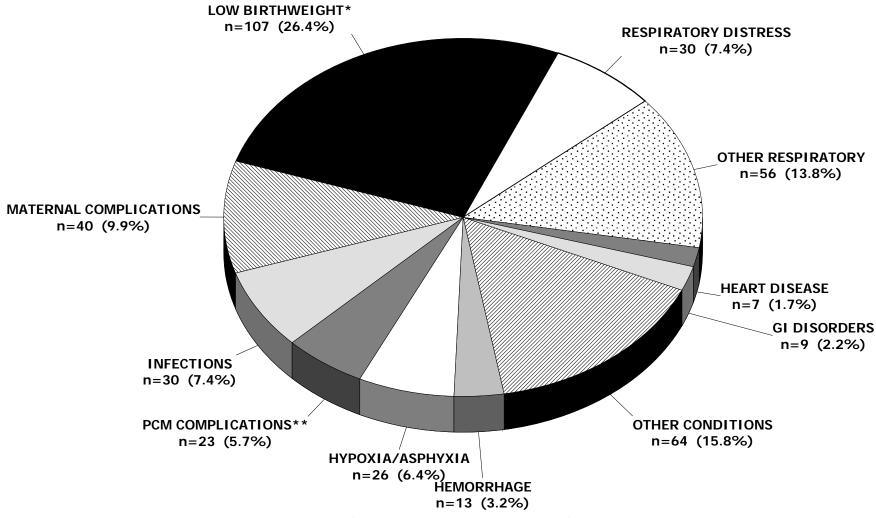
Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



There were 220 total infant deaths due to congenital causes from 1990-2008 (numbers not adjusted for comparability ratios)
Infants defined as under one year of age; congenital causes are defects and anomalies present at birth; *central nervous system Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Major Perinatal Causes Of Infant Mortality

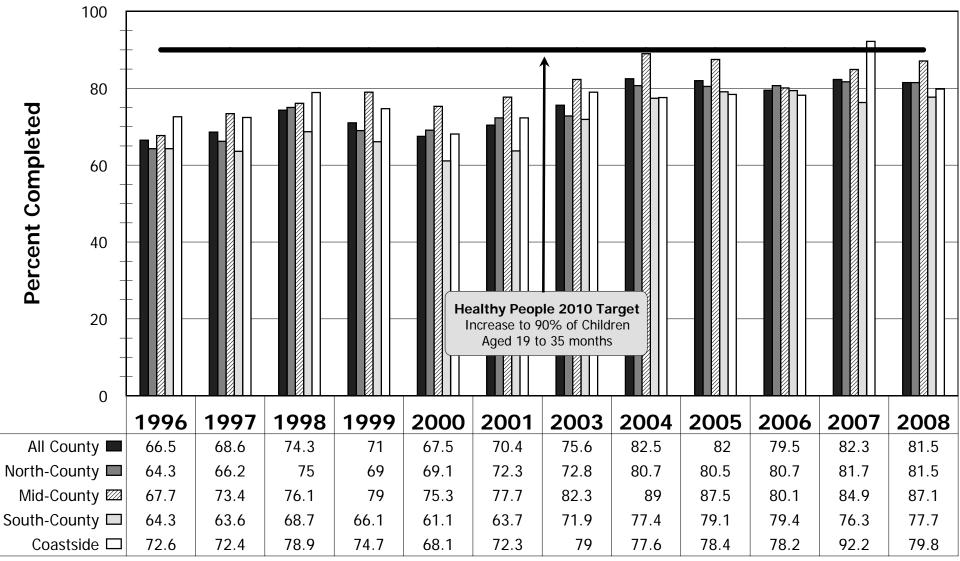
Cumulative Data, San Mateo County, 1990-2008



There were 406 total infant deaths due to perinatal causes from 1990-2004(numbers not adjusted for comparability ratios)
Infants defined as under one year of age; perinatal causes are conditions arising during the perinatal period (28 weeks gestation to 28 days neonate)
*Includes premature births; **Complications related to the placenta, umbilical cord, and other membranes
Source Data: California Department of Health Services, Center for Health Statistics, Death Records 1990-2008

Vaccine Coverage At Age 24 Months By County Region

Complete 4-3-1 Series*, San Mateo County, 1996-2008



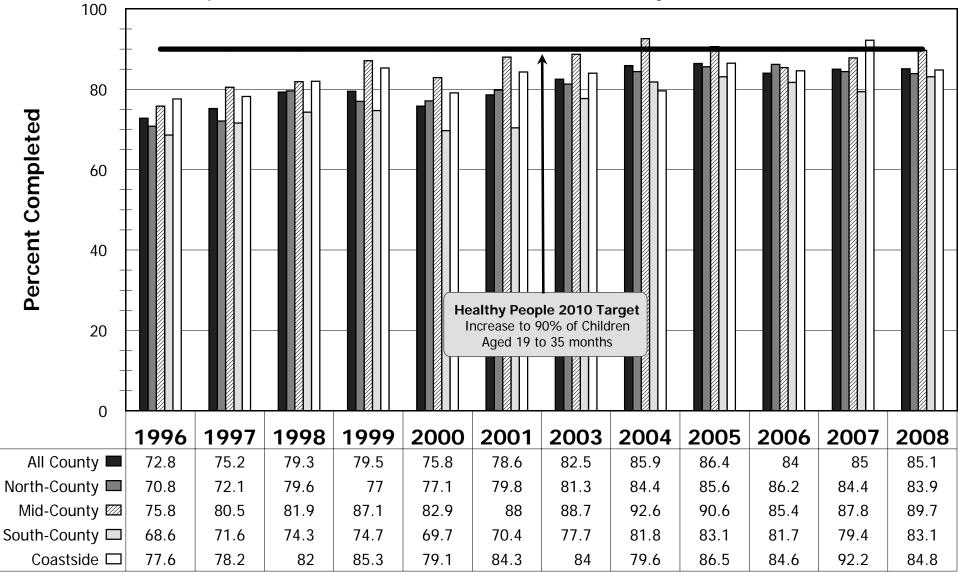
^{*}Complete 4-3-1 series refers to all DTP/DTaP4, OPV/IPV3, and MMR1

Note: Year indicates year of study sample, 2002 data unavailable

Source Data: San Mateo County Immunization Program, Kindergarten Retrospective Surveys

Vaccine Coverage At Age 24 Months By County Region

Complete DTP/DTaP4 Series, San Mateo County, 1996-2008

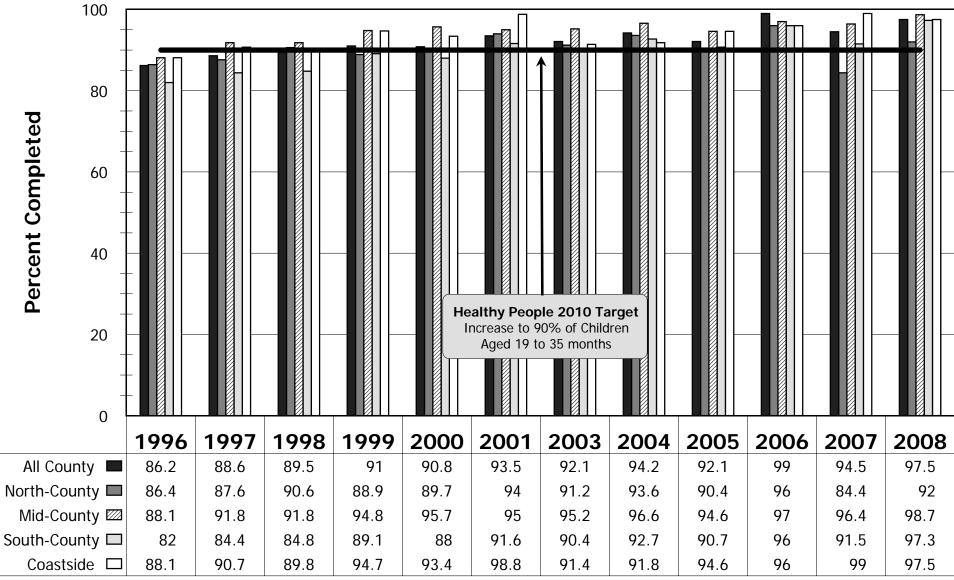


Note: Year indicates year of study sample, 2002 data unavailable

Source Data: San Mateo County Immunization Program, Kindergarten Retrospective Surveys

Vaccine Coverage At Age 24 Months By County Region

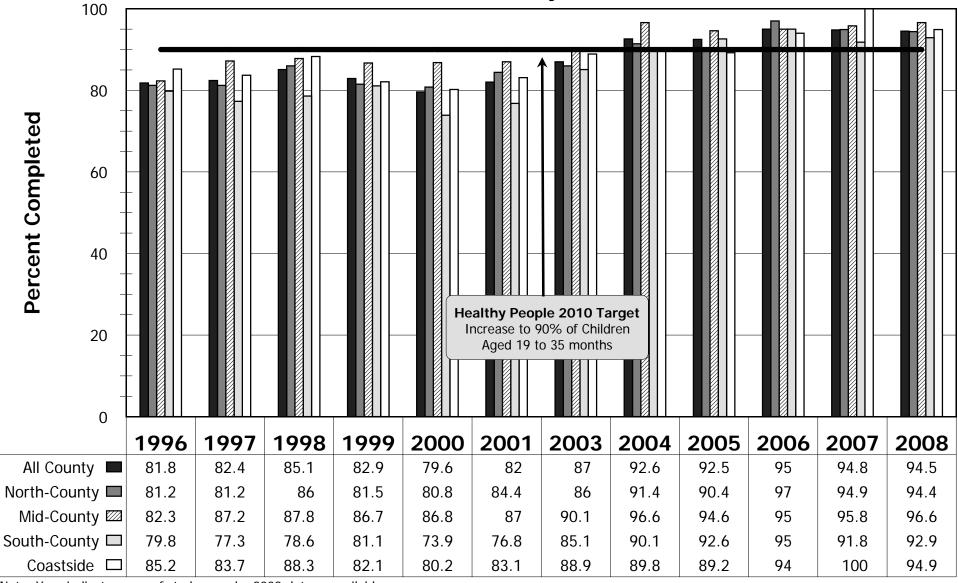
Complete OPV/IPV3 Series, San Mateo County, 1996-2008



Note: Year indicates year of study sample, 2002 data unavailable

Vaccine Coverage At Age 24 Months By County Region

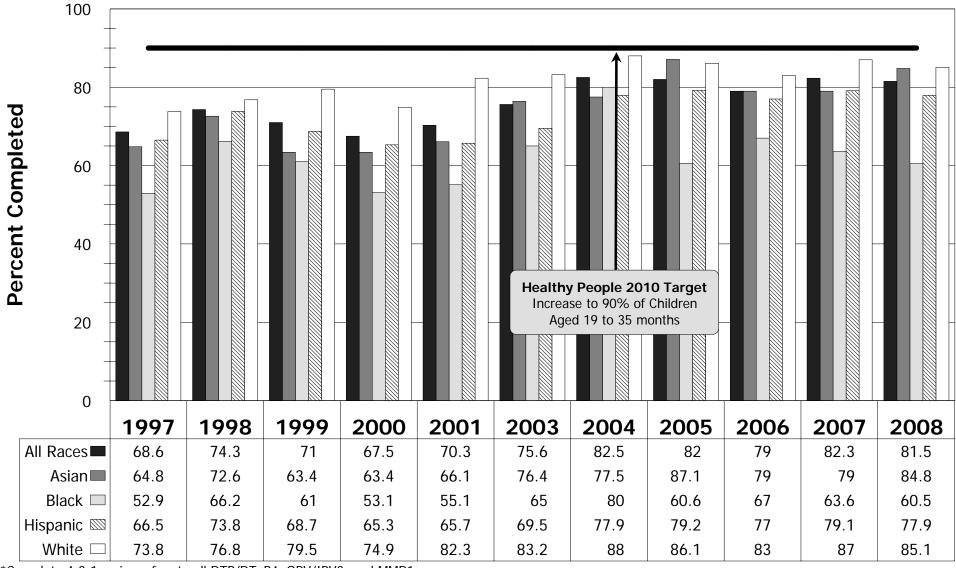
MMR1, San Mateo County, 1996-2008



Note: Year indicates year of study sample, 2002 data unavailable

Vaccine Coverage At Age 24 Months By Race/Ethnicity

Complete 4-3-1 Series*, San Mateo County, 1997-2008

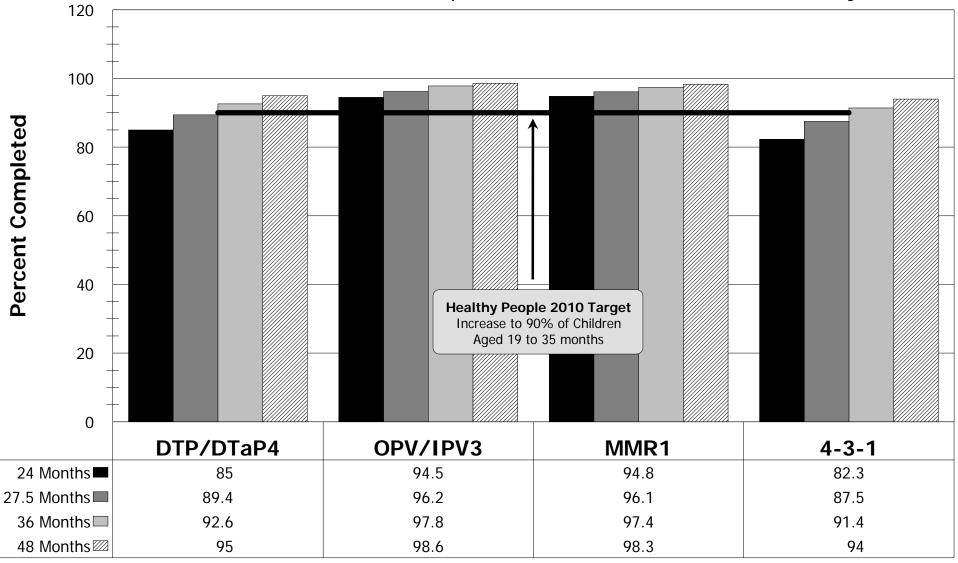


^{*}Complete 4-3-1 series refers to all DTP/DTaP4, OPV/IPV3, and MMR1

Note: Year indicates year of study sample; 1996 and 2002 data unavailable.

Vaccine Coverage At Ages 24, 27.5, 36 And 48 Months

DTP/DTaP4, OPV/IPV3, MMR1 and Complete 4-3-1 Series*, San Mateo County, 2007

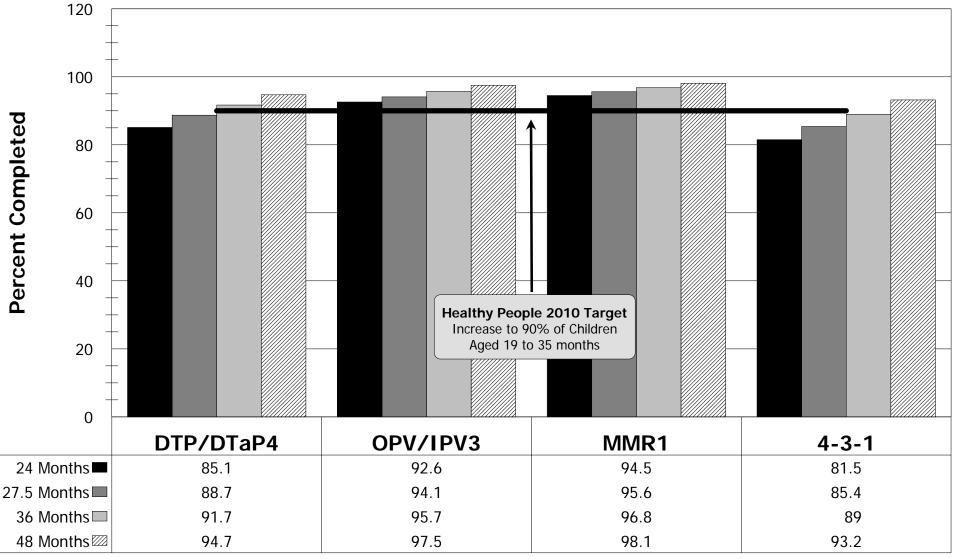


^{*}Complete 4-3-1 series refers to all DTP/DTaP4, OPV/IPV3, and MMR1

Note: Year indicates year of study sample

Vaccine Coverage At Ages 24, 27.5, 36 And 48 Months

DTP/DTaP4, OPV/IPV3, MMR1 and Complete 4-3-1 Series*, San Mateo County, 2008

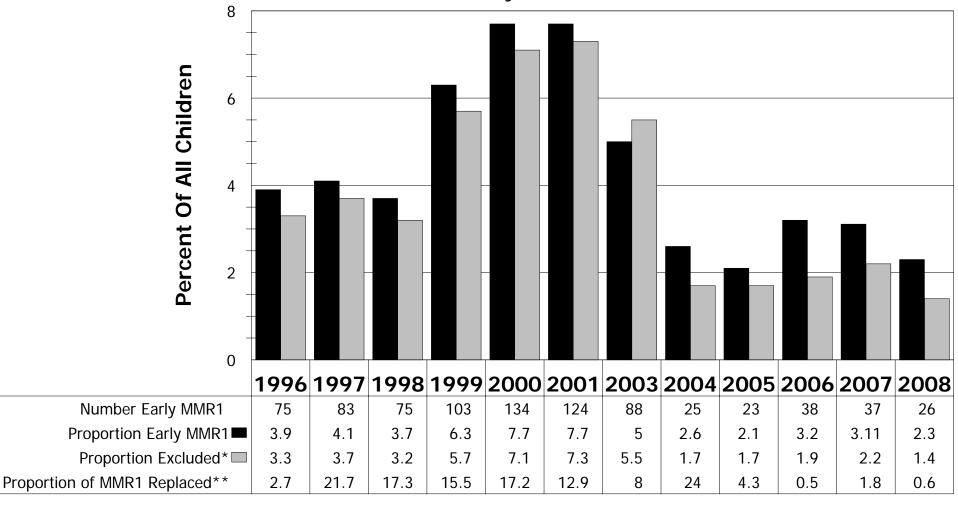


^{*}Complete 4-3-1 series refers to all DTP/DTaP4, OPV/IPV3, and MMR1

Note: Year indicates year of study sample

Children Receiving Early MMR1

San Mateo County, 1996-2008



Early MMR1 refers to MMR1 administered before 12 months of age

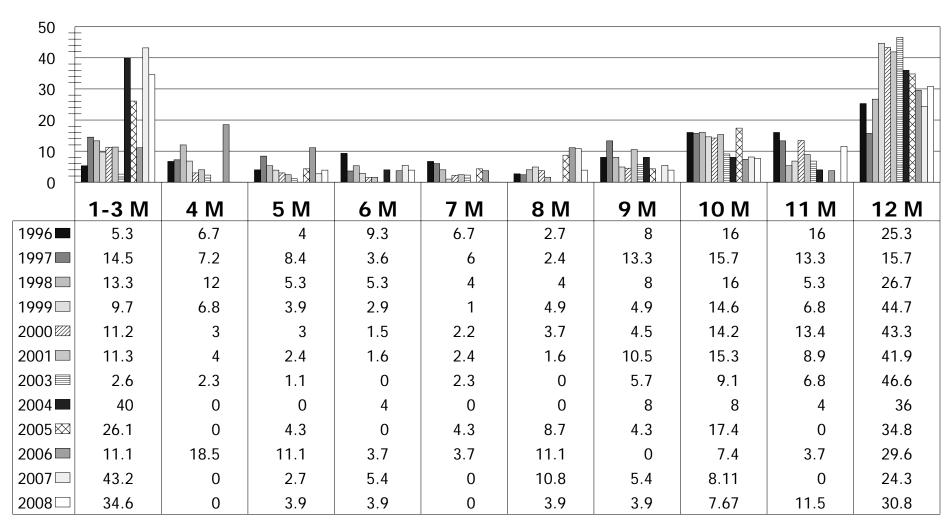
Note: Year indicates year of study sample, 2002 data unavailable

^{*}Proportion of all cases excluded from Series 4-3-1 complete indicator based on receiving early MMR1; cases otherwise up-to-date on DTP4/DTaP4 and OPV/IPV3 at 24 months of age; **Proportion of early MMR1 vaccinations replaced by timely MMR2 for calculation of up-to-date MMR at 24 months of age

Percent of Children with Early MMR1

Children Receiving Early MMR1 By Age In Months

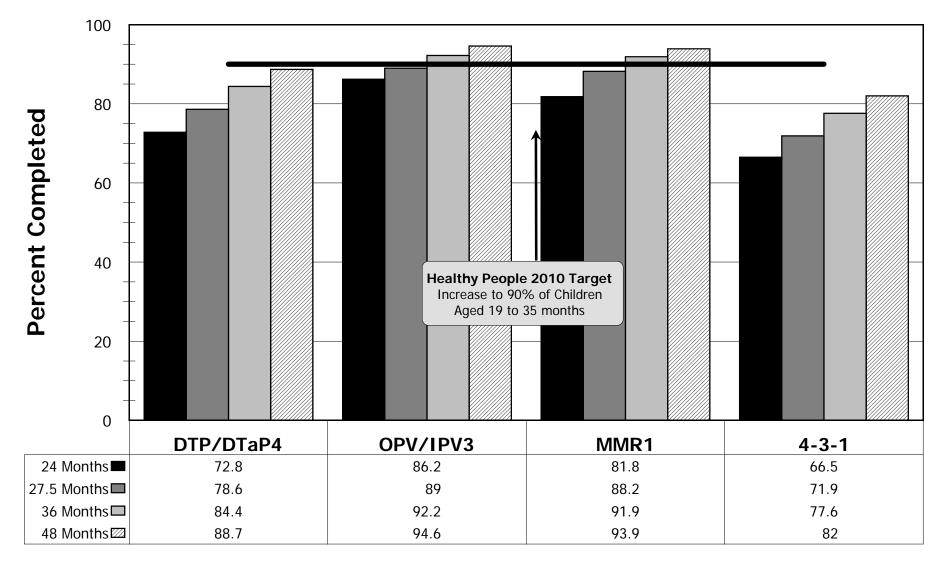
San Mateo County, 1996-2008



Early MMR1 refers to MMR1 administered before 12 months of age Note: Year indicates year of study sample, 2002 data unavailable

Vaccine Coverage At Ages 24, 27.5, 36, and 48 Months

DTP/DTaP4, OPV/IPV3, MMR1, and Complete 4-3-1 Series*, San Mateo County, 1996

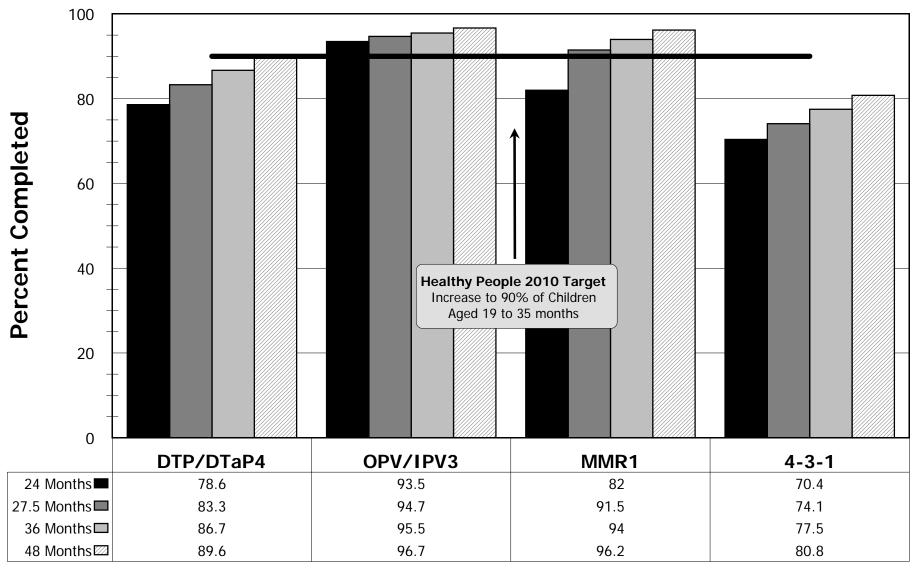


^{*}Complete 4-3-1 series refers to all DTP/DTaP4, OPV/IPV3, and MMR1

Note: Year indicates year of study sample

Vaccine Coverage At Ages 24, 27.5, 36, and 48 Months

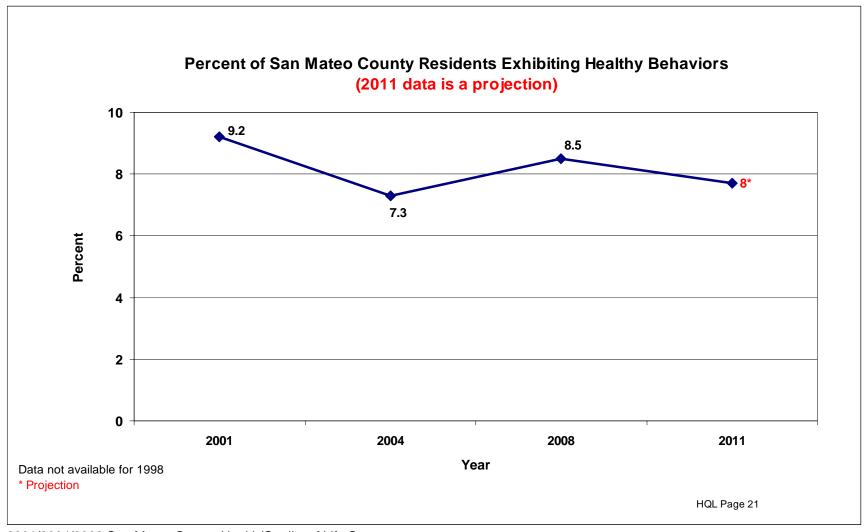
DTP/DTaP4, OPV/IPV3, MMR1, and Complete 4-3-1 Series*, San Mateo County, 2001



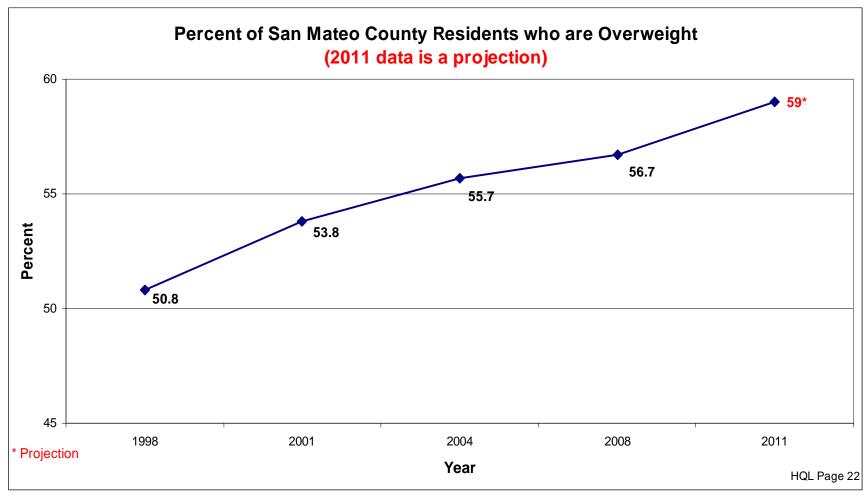
^{*}Complete 4-3-1 series refers to all DTP/DTaP4, OPV/IPV3, and MMR1

Note: Year indicates year of study sample

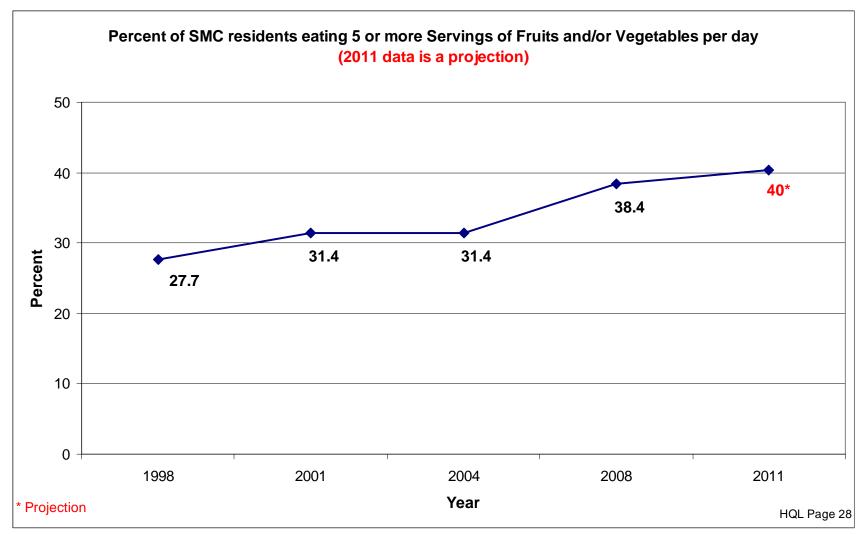
Health and Quality of Life Projections For 2011



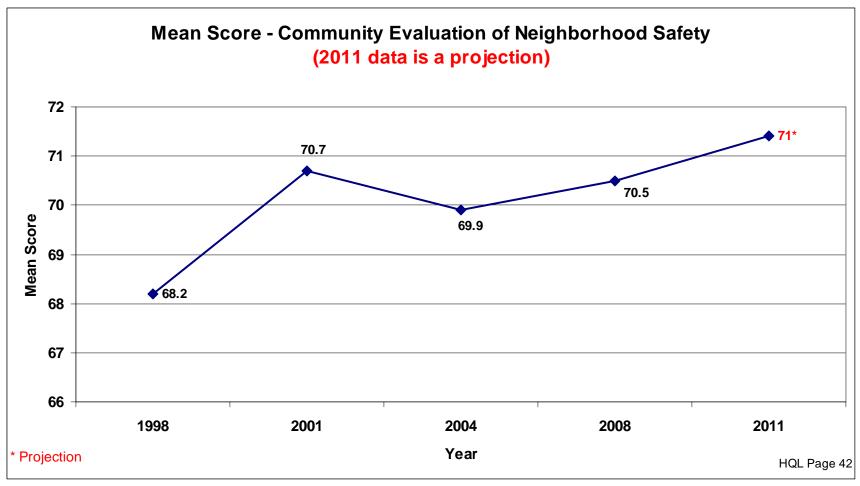
Note: Includes respondents satisfying All of the following criteria: Do not smoke cigarettes, not overweight based on BMI; exercises at least 3 times per week for at least 20 minutes; eats five or more servings per day of fruits and/or more vegetables



Note: Asked of all respondents; "Overweight" is defined as having a BMI equal to or greater than 25



Note: Asked of all respondents



Note: Asked of all respondents; Mean Scores are calculated on a scale where "excellent"=100, "very good" = 75, "good" = 50, "fair" =25 and "poor"=0

Family Income Needed for Self- Sufficiency

San Mateo County

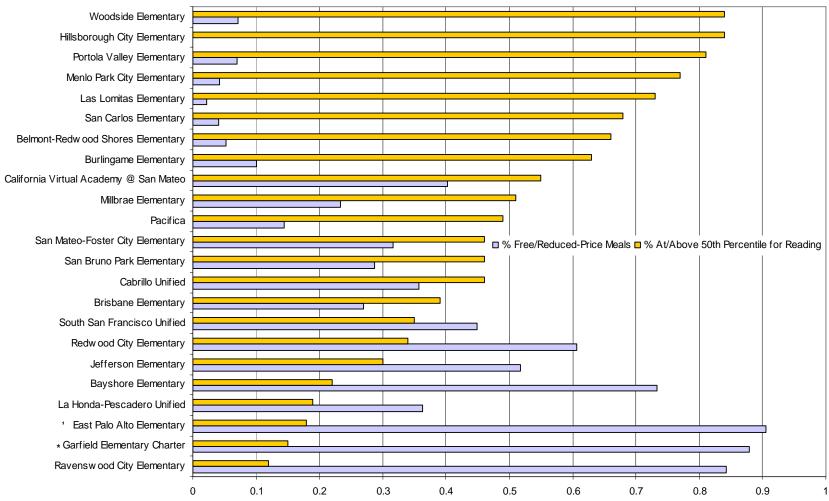
| | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|
| Rent | \$1,812 | \$1,793 | \$1,645 |
| Utilities | 60 | 58 | 53 |
| Food | 426 | 526 | 526 |
| Transportation | 464 | 499 | 512 |
| Personal Care | 61 | 69 | 78 |
| Housekeeping Supplies | 52 | 51 | 50 |
| Clothing | 210 | 216 | 205 |
| Healthcare | 235 | 269 | 277 |
| Childcare | 1,983 | 1,983 | 1,983 |
| Total Expenses (monthly net) | \$5,303 | \$5,464 | \$5,329 |
| | | | |
| Total Gross Yearly Income Needed | \$79,816 | \$82,218 | \$83,283 |
| Hourly Wage Gross Needed | \$38.37 | \$39.53 | \$40.04 |
| WIA Average Entry Wage | \$18.32 | \$16.00 | \$17.26 |
| Federal Poverty Level | \$17,600 | \$18,310 | \$18,310 |

Source: SMC Human Services Agency

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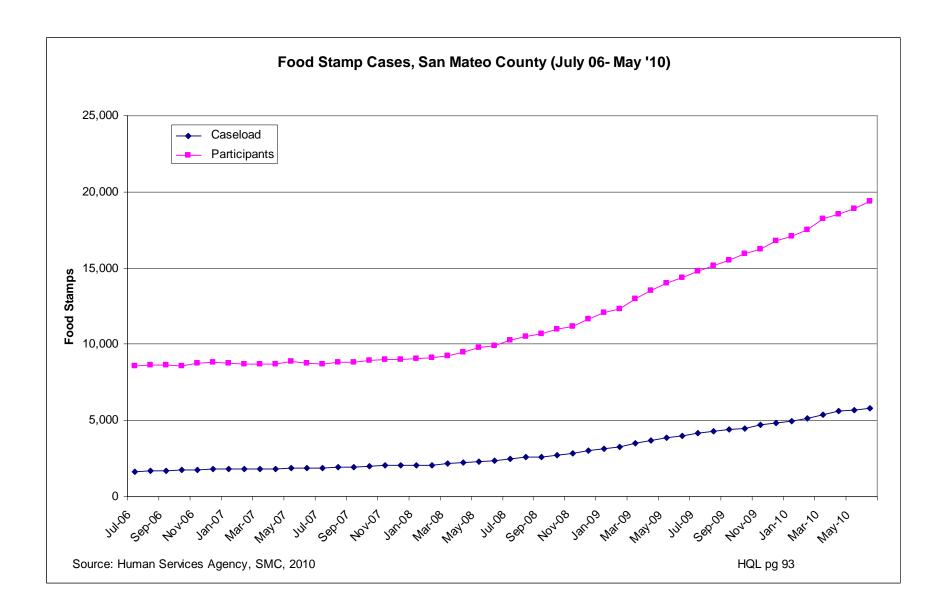
Percent of 3rd Graders Reading At or Above the 50th National Percentile Rank by District

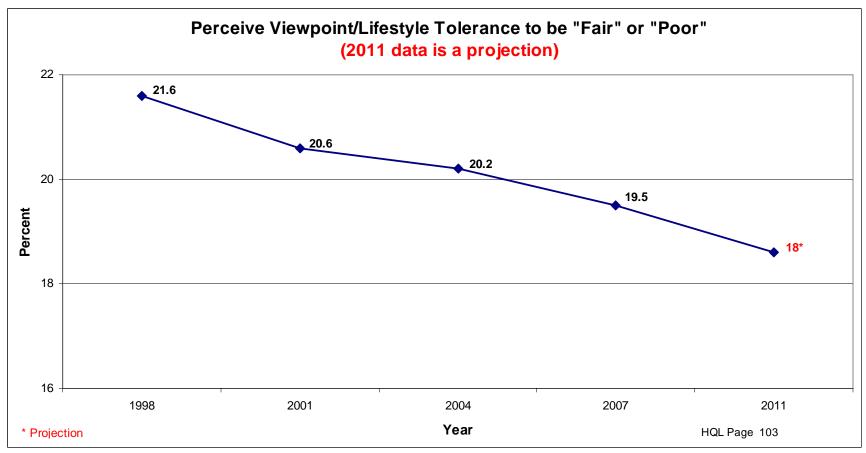
(San Mateo County 2008)



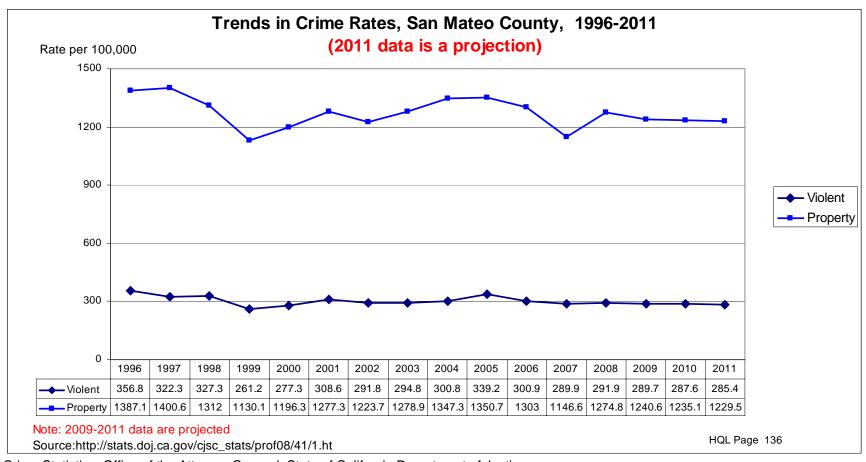
Source: California Department of Education, CAT/6 Test Scores. California Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR), 2008. California Department of Education, Educational Demographics Unit. Prepared 12/9/2010.

^{*}Charter School

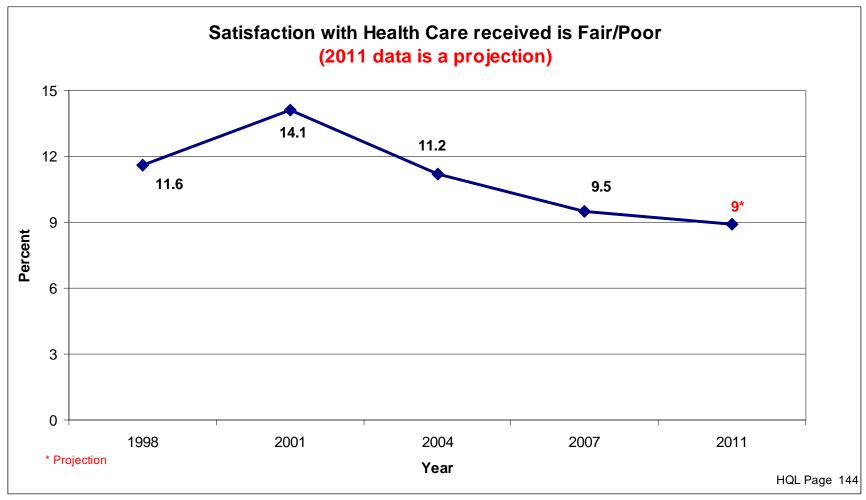




Note: Asked of all respondents; Scale: "excellent" =100, "very good" = 75, "good" = 50, "fair" =25 and "poor"=0

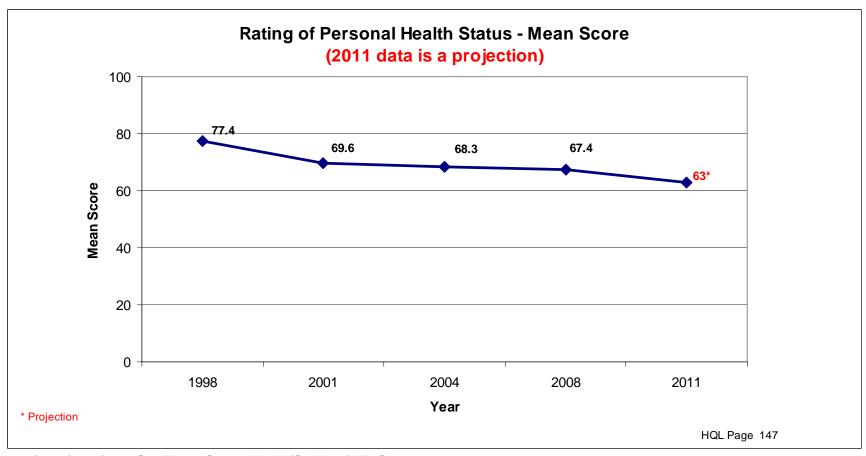


Crime Statistics: Office of the Attorney General, State of California Department of Justice



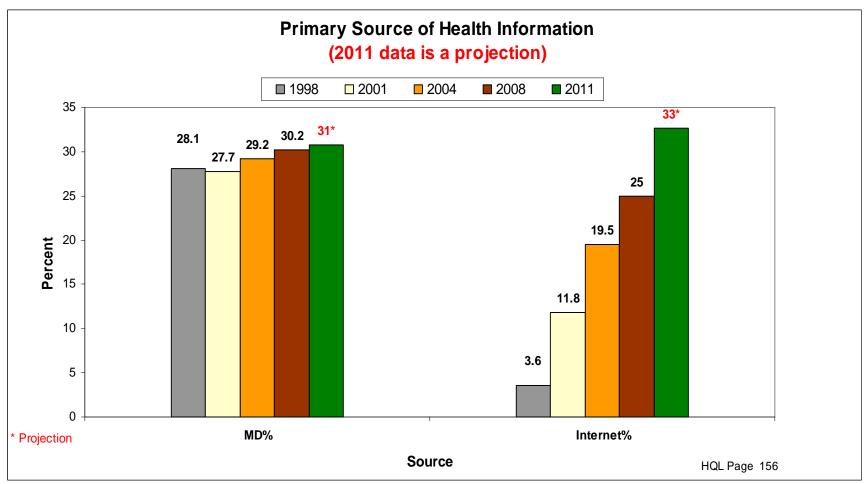
1998/2001/2004/2008 San Mateo County Health/Quality of Life Surveys.

Note: Asked of all respondents; Scale: "excellent" =100, "very good" = 75, "good" = 50, "fair" =25 and "poor"=0

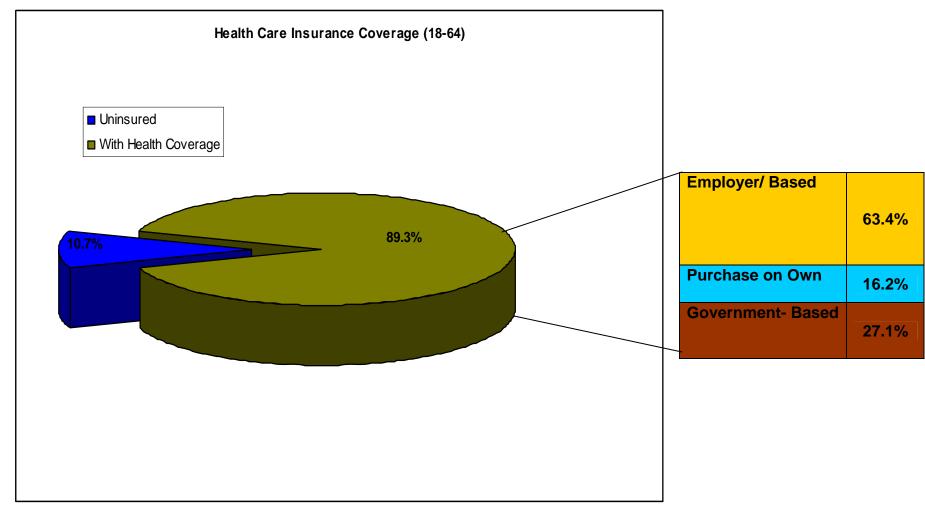


1998/2001/2004/2008 San Mateo County Health/Quality of Life Surveys.

Note: Asked of all respondents; Scale: "excellent" =100, "very good" = 75, "good" = 50, "fair" =25 and "poor"=0

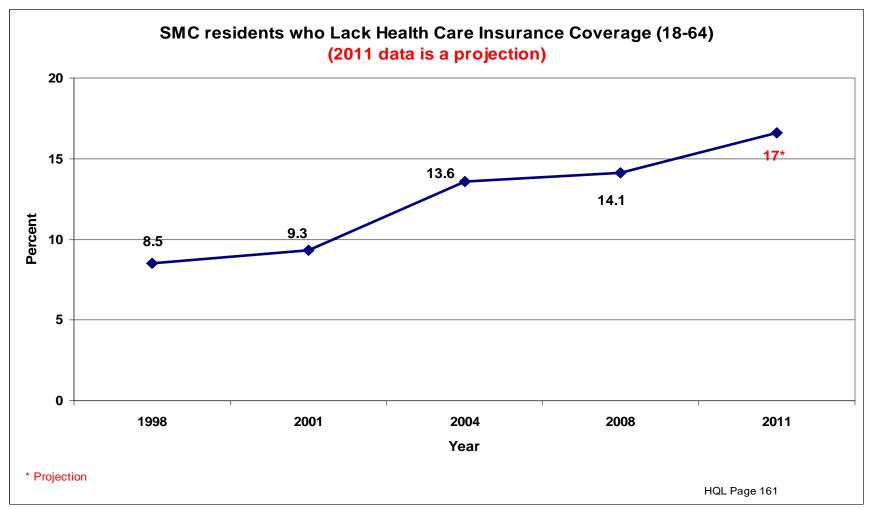


Note: Respondents asked where they get most of their health care information.

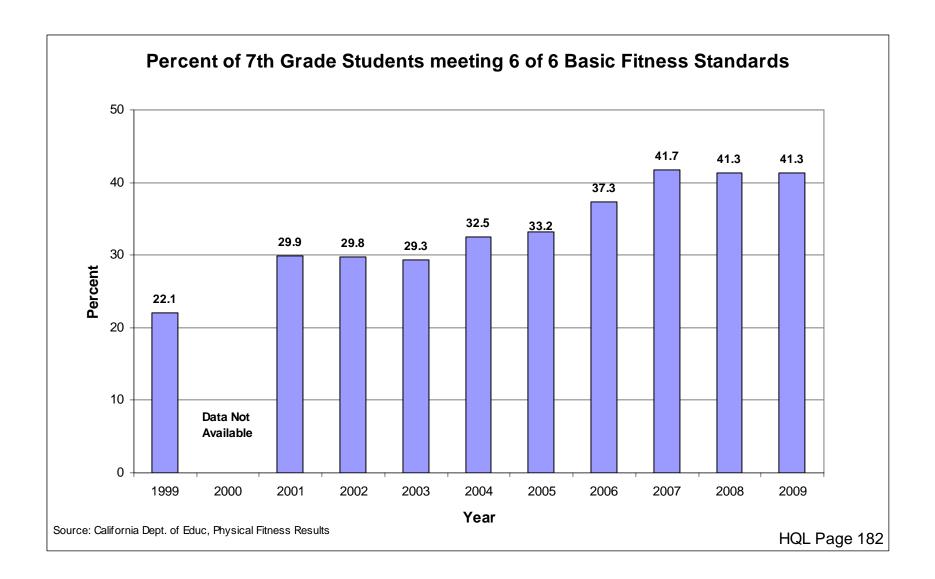


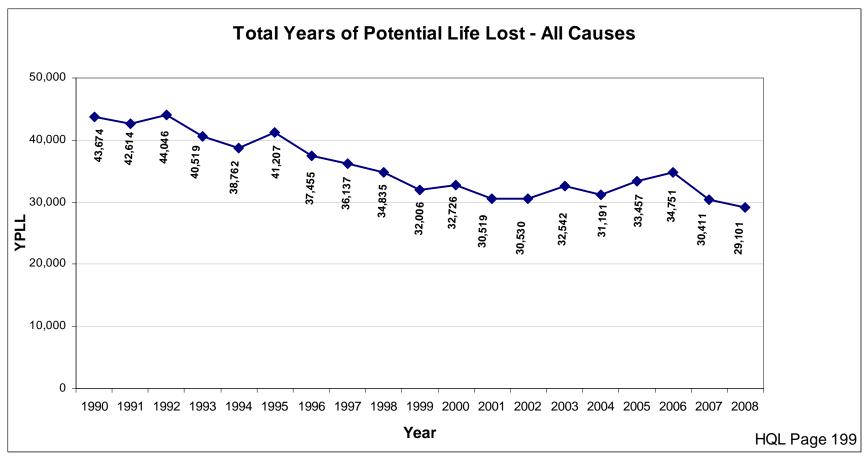
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Total Weighted San Mateo County 2009 PUMS Population



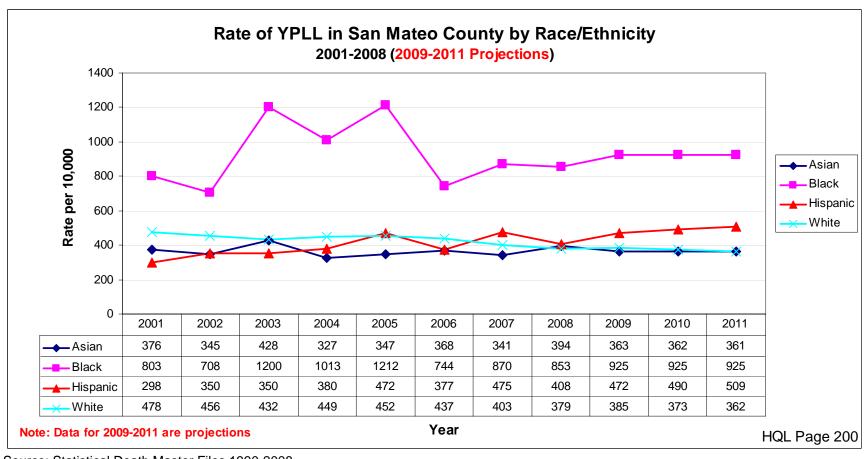
Notes: Asked of all respondents aged 18-64 who are without healthcare insurance coverage





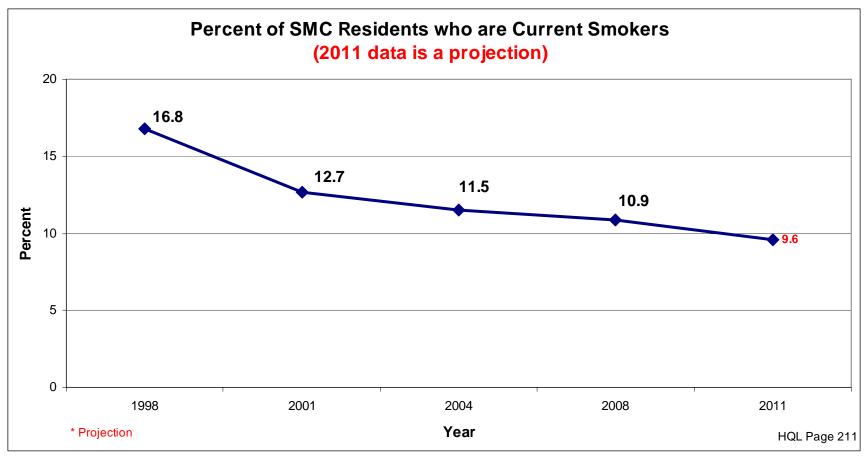
Source: Statistical Death Master Files 1990-2008

Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) was calculated for life expectancy to age 75

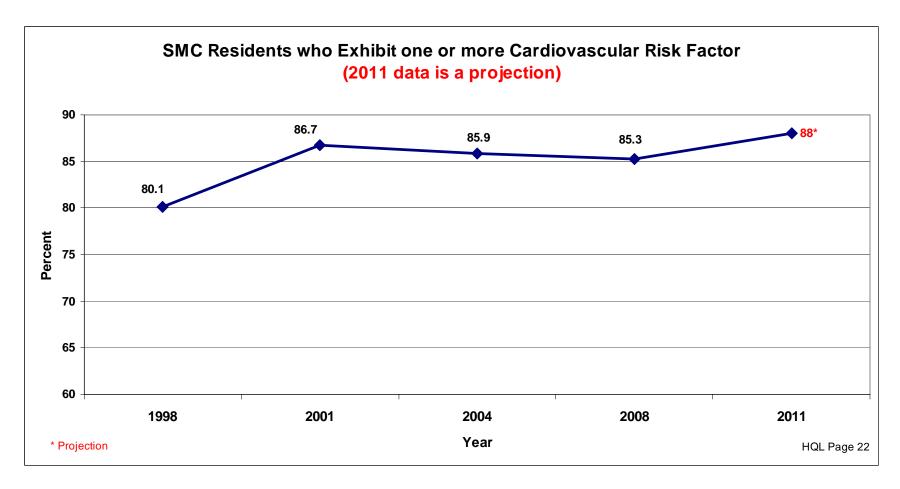


Source: Statistical Death Master Files 1990-2008

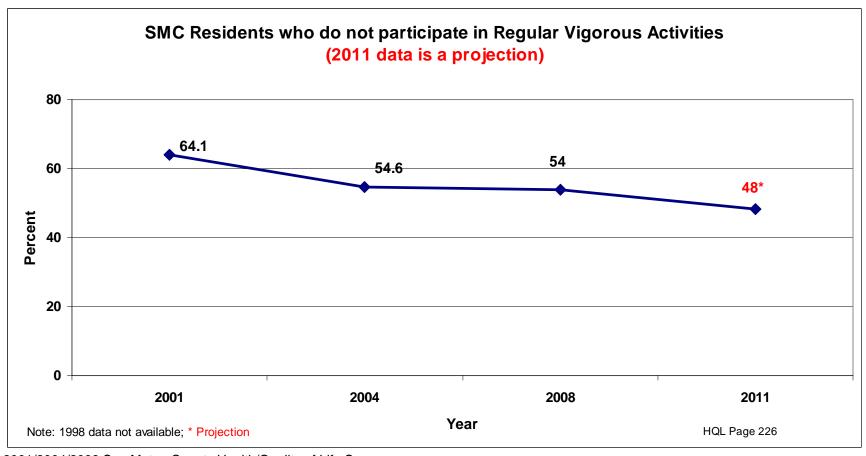
Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) was calculated for life expectancy to age 75



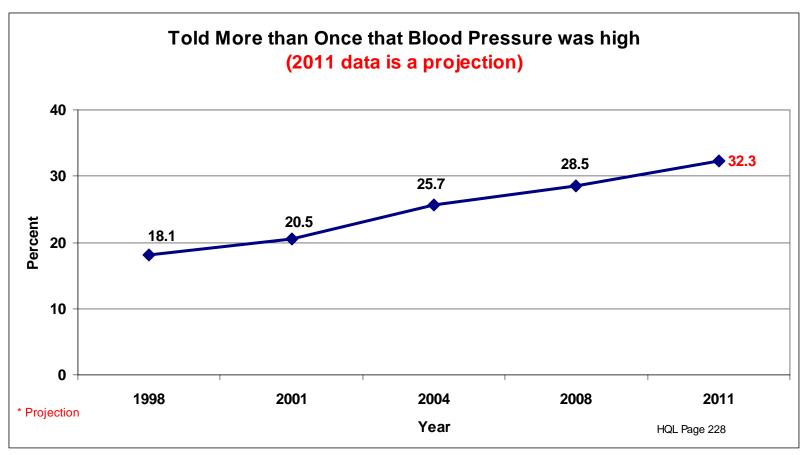
Notes: Includes regular and occasional smokers (everyday and some days), asked of all respondents Current Smoker (smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, and they currently smoke)



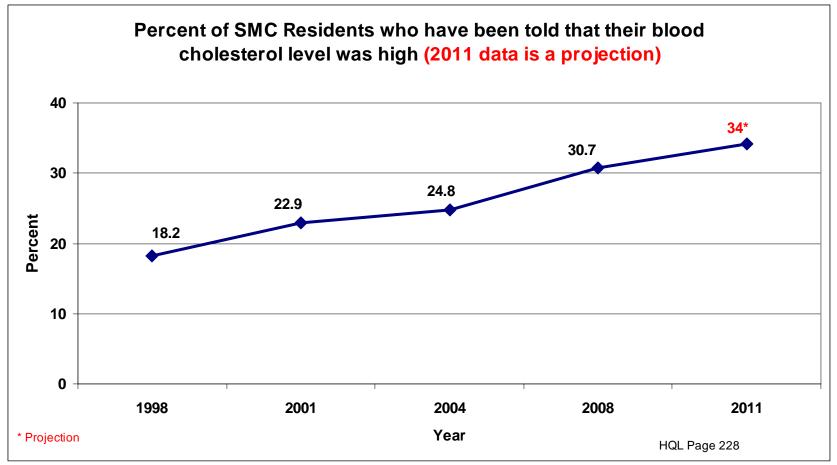
Note: Cardiovascular risk factors include smoking, physical inactivity, high blood pressure, high cholesterol and being overweight



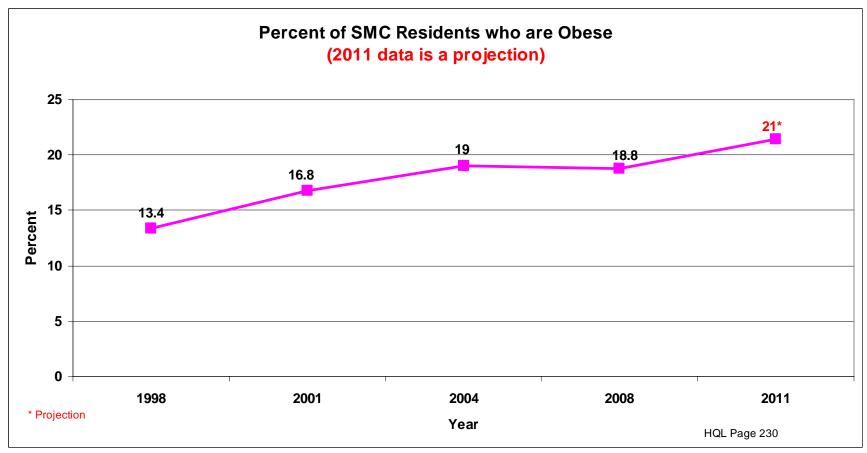
Note: Vigorous activities defined as those that cause heavy sweating or large increases in breathing or heart rate at least 3 times a week for 20 minutes on each occasion



Note: All adults reporting that they have had their blood pressure taken by a doctor, nurse or other health care professional within the past 2 years

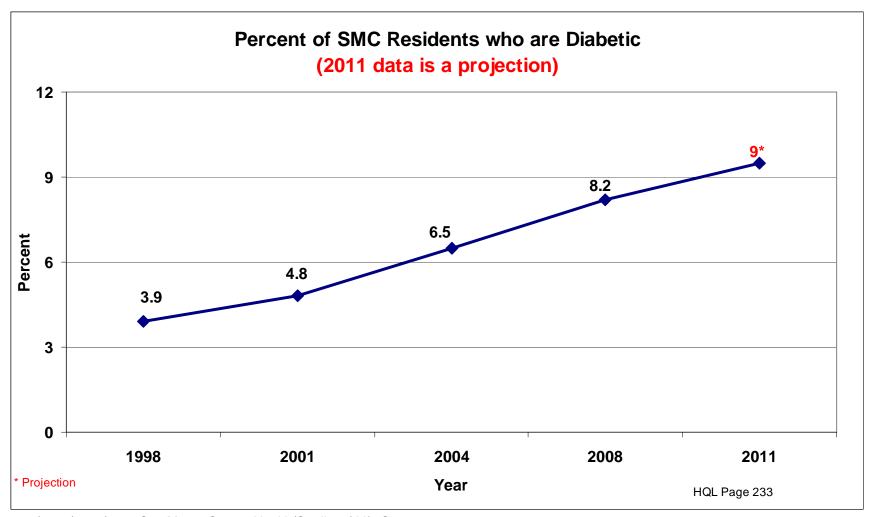


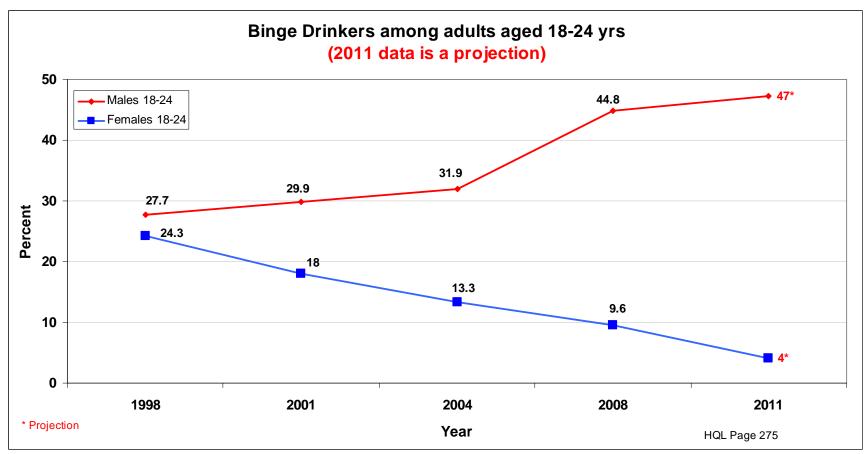
Note: Adults reporting that a doctor or other health professional has diagnosed them with high blood cholesterol



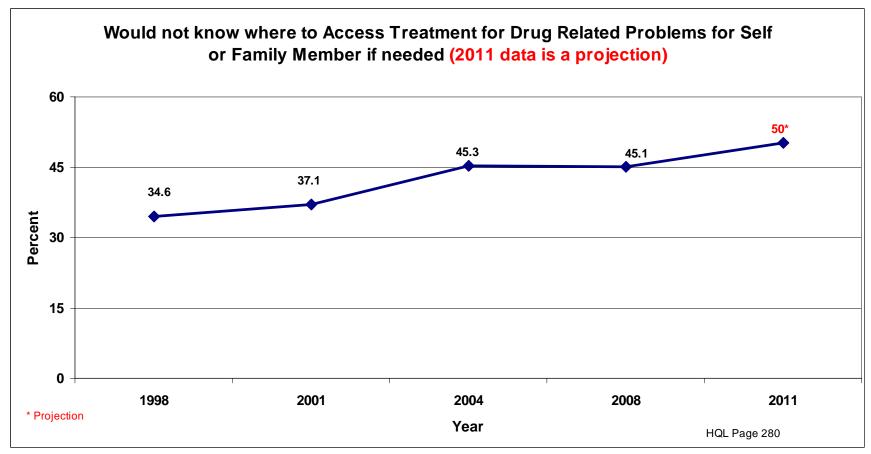
1998/2001/2004/2008 San Mateo County Health/Quality of Life Surveys.

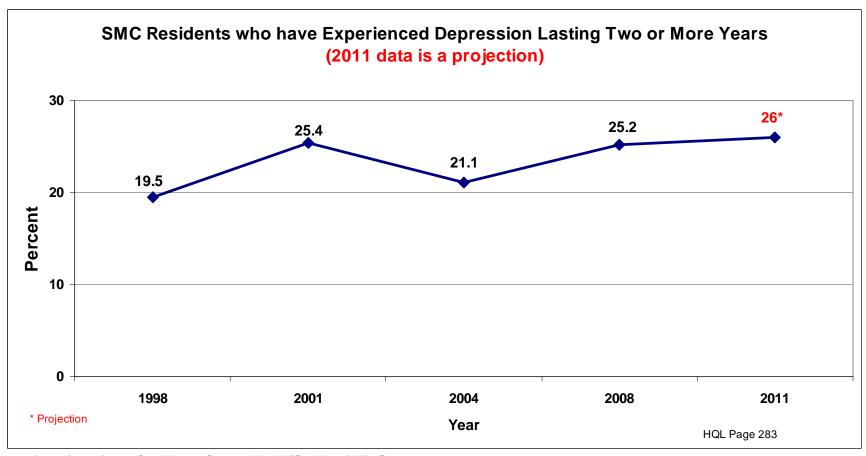
Note: Obese is defined as having a body mass index (BMI, ratio of height to weight) equal to or greater than 30





Binge drinkers are those who have had 5 alcoholic beverages on any one occasion during the past month





Note: Depression defined as surveyed adults who report an average of 2.0 days in the month preceding the interview on which they felt sad, blue or depressed.